Read by daman.

ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY

DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKET

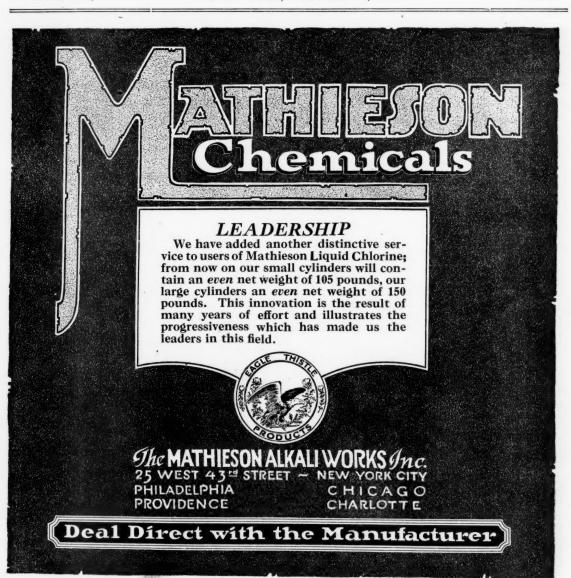
Established 1914

A Weekly Business Paper for Those Who Make, Sell, or Buy Chemicals, Dyestuffs, Drugs, Essential and Fatty Oils

VOLUME XII,

NEW YORK, JANUARY 24, 1923

No. 4



In This Issue Salesmen's Ass'n Exposition Report Essential Oil Year Hinged on Tariff

Monsanto Salicylates

UR NEW Salicylic plant is the perfection of design and construction, attained only by years design and construction, attained only by years of chemical engineering research and successful manufacture. This perfection of plant is reflected in the quality of its products.

MONSANTO'S SALICYLATES stand today unequaled in purity, whiteness and uniformity—both physically and as shown by chemical analysis.

physically and as shown by chemical analysis.

SALICYLIC ACID U. S. P. Specifications: Fine white needles. Purity—99.5% minimum (on dry basis). Ash—.1% maximum. Melting point—158*-159* C. Color with C. P. Sulfuric Acid—not more than a very light yellow tint.

SODIUM SALICYLATE U. S. P. Specifications: Pure white powder. Purity—99.5%—100.0% (on dry basis). Heavy metals—none. Sulfites or Thiosulfates—none. Aqueous solution 1:10, when freshly made, is colorless.

ASPIRIN (Acetylsalicylic Acid) Specifications: Fine white crystalline powder. Odorless. Sulfates—none. Chlorides—none. Free Salicylic Acid—practically none.

SALOI. U. S. P. (Phenyl Salicylate) Specifications: Small white crystals have aromatic odor and a characteristic taste. Phenol or Salicylic Acid—none. Sulfates or Chlorides—none. Ash—0.05% maximum. Melting point—41°-43° C.

Orders for spot lots and contracts over a period of six months are solicited. Monsanto Chemical Works St. Louis. U.S.A. CHICAGO

INCANIE CH



DEPENDABLE SUPPLIES

DOW CHEMICALS

—a dependable source of supply.

—a rigid standard of manufacture.

-particular care in shipping.

-a policy of serving all customers fairly.

These are some of the reasons why so many Pharmaceutical and Industrial concerns rely upon DOW CHEMICALS for their steady supplies. Send us your specifications.

Pharmaceutical Chemicals

Bromides

Chloroform, U.S.P. Ferric Chloride-Crystals and Solu-

tion, U.S.P.

Epsom Salt, U.S.P.

Acetyl Salicylic Acid

Salicylic Acid, U.S.P.

Salicylates, U.S.P.

Industrial Chemicals

Carbon Tetrachloride

Calcium Chloride, 73/75%—Flake,

Powder, Solid

Caustic Soda, 76%—Flake, Solid

Ferric Chloride

Ferrous Chloride

Magnesium Chloride—Flake, Solid

Epsom Salt

Sulphur Chloride

Sodium Sulphide, Crystals

Intermediates

Acetic Anhydride

Anthranilic Acid

Ethyl Bromide

Ethyl Chloride

Ethylene Chloride

Ethylene Chlorhydrin

Hexachlorethane

Monochloracetic Acid

Salicylic Acid

Trichloracetic Acid

Insecticides

Calcium Arsenate

Lead Arsenate

Lime Sulphur

"Bordow

"Dowco"

Also many other Chemicals and Magnesium Metal

DOV

MIDLAND, MICHIGAN



CHEMICAL CO

NEW YORK CITY , U.S.A

BENZIDINE BASE
ALPHA NAPHTHOL

BETA NAPHTHOL

Dyestuffs and Intermediates

manufactured by

CONSOLIDATED COLOR & CHEMICAL CO.

CENTRAL DYESTUFF & CHEMICAL CO.

WILLIAMSBURG CHEMICAL CO.

and other American manufacturers

distributed by

One-Twenty-Two Hudson Street New York City, Soaton Philadrlphia Providence San Francisco

Chicago Charlotte San Francisco

ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY

DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY

DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS, INC.

WILLIAMS HAYNES, President
IRA P. MACNAIR, Secretary F. F. BURGIN, Treasurer
Publication Office

3 PARK PLACE, NEW YORK, U. S. A. Telephone 0440 Barclay Cable Chemmarket

Home Life Bldg., Washington, D. C. 80 Fenchurch st., London, E. C. 3.

19 Rue Auber, Paris

40 Gr-Burstah, Hamburg 18 Yamashita-cho Kyobashi-Ku, Tokyo

Entered as second-class matter, Dec. 7, 1914, at the post office at New York, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879. SUBSCRIPTION RATES

United States, Cuba and Mexico \$4.00 a year; Foreign \$5.00 a year, payable in advance. Current Copies, 10 cents. Back Copies, 25 cents. A Binder for this Journal @ \$1.00 Postpaid.

Table of Contents

EDITORIALS—	
The Salesmen's Exposition Report20	1
Salicylate Prices and Phenol20	1
Arsenic Asininities20	1
Too Valuable a Market to Lose20	2
Many Men: Many Minds20	12
FEATURE TRADE ARTICLES—	
Salesmen's Association Exposition Report. Ad-	
riaan Nagelvoort Agrees to Cancel Plans for	
1923. F. J. Payne, of International Exposition	
Co., Agrees to Share Receipts20	13
Essential Oil Year Hinges on Tariff. Trade	
Spent Eight Months Anticipating and Four	
Months Recovering, While Values Remained	
Unchanged, Virtually20	5
TRADE NEWS-	
Big Export Demand for Heavy Chemicals in	
1922. Shipments of Some Materials Increased	
More Than 200 Per Cent Over 192120	7
Crisis in Arsenic Shortage Coming Early in	
1923, Says Senate Report20	8
Java Imported More Caustic Soda from the	
United States in 1922	1
French Cream of Tartar Offerings Larger With	•
Lower Price of Wine21	3
Effect of French Invasion on German Supplies	
of Reparation Dyes, and Foreign and Domes- tic Trade of American Producers21	=
Exports of Pigments, Paints and Varnishes	J
During 1922, by Months21	7
Java's Exports of Quinine Decline, but Cin-	•
chona Bark Shipments Increase21	9
MARKET REPORTS—	
Heavy Chemicals210-21	1
Fine Chemicals	
Intermediates and Dyes214-21	
The Oil Market	
Crude Drugs	
Essential Oils220-22	1
The Consuming Industries22	2
Foreign Markets	3
PRICES CURRENT22	4
IMPORTS24	7
WANTS and OFFERS25	0
BUYER'S GUIDE25	
INDEX TO ADVERTISERS25	Z



Acids

Sulphuric

MURIATIC

NITRIC

AQUA FORTIS

MIXED

FUMING SULPHURIC

Hydrofluoric

ACETIC

BATTERY

BUTYRIC

In Various Grades and Strengths.

Salts

SULPHATE ALUMINA

(For Paper Makers and Water Works)

GLAUBER'S SALT U. S. P.

Regular and Needle Crystal

EPSOM SALT

U. S. P. and Technical

General Chemical Company

40 Rector Street, New York

Baltimore Buffalo

Buffalo Chicago Cleveland Denver Easton Montreal Philadelphia Pittsburgh San Francisco Providence

Cable Address: Lycurgus, New York

10001-10001-10001-10001-10001-10001-

CHEMICALS PURE ACETONE U.S.P.

Manufactured by

The Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Company

CLEVELAND, OHIO

Factories

Marquette, Mich.

Gladstone, Mich.

Antrim, Mich.

Distributing Points

Newark

Cincinnati

Chicago

Burlington

Cleveland New York Brooklyn

St. Louis

Minneapolis

Boston

Detroit

London

YESTERDAY AND TODAY

IN 1793 the price of Sulphuric Acid, to the consumer, was fifty cents per pound.

Today the price to the consumer is less than one-fiftieth of the price in 1793, in tank cars—depending on the market. This reduction has been achieved through giant strides in quantity production and efficient manufacture.

It is but one indication of the progress that has been made since the original venture of John Harrison, which is today represented in du Pont acids and heavy chemicals.

Manufacturers of quality acids and chemicals for industrial uses.



Acetic Acid Nitric Acid Oleum Lactic Acid Barium Nitrate Dipping Acid Aqua Fortis Electrolyte Alums Salt Cake

Muriatic Acid Sulphuric Acid Mixed Acid Barium Chloride Strontium Nitrate

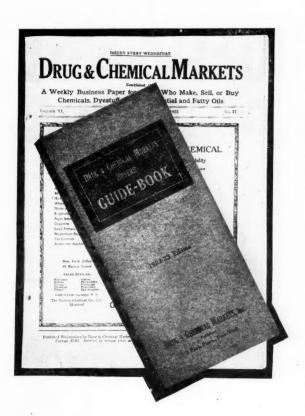
E. I. DU PONT DE NEMOURS & COMPANY, INC.

3500 Gray's Ferry Road, Philadelphia, Pa.

256 Vanderpool Street, Newark, N. J.

What's the Price?

Who Sells It?



Profitable buying depends on your correct answers

The price of over 2,300 chemicals, dyes, drugs, oils is reported promptly, expertly, without bias and with full specifications on grade, packing and quantity in each issue of DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

The 4,800 makers and first-hand dealers in all these products (not a mere list of advertisers) are to be found with address and telephone numbers, arranged by cities and under the items they sell in the GUIDE-BOOK.

The two—the weekly business paper and the annual buyers' guide—a *complete* service on your desk for a year costs four dollars.

BUFLOVAK-BUFLOKAST APPARATUS

VACUUM DRYERS

EVAPORATORS

CHEMICAL APPARATUS

DISTILLATION APPARATUS

SUGAR APPARATUS

BUFFALO FOUNDRY & MACHINE CO. 1549 FILLMORE AVE., BUFFALO, N.Y.

4 111 8

DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS

3 PARK PLACE, NEW YORK

VOLUME XII, NUMBER 4

[JANUARY 24, 1923

ARSENIC ASININITIES

It is just a year ago since an article forecasting a shortage of arsenic for 1923 was published in our columns. At the time an array of statistics was brought forward to prove (sic) that our forecast was ridiculous; but the height of absurdity has only recently been reached.

First Congress refused to place a duty on arsenic that would stimulate American production. Then Congress started an investigation of the corner in available foreign arsenic supplies.

While the president of the American Cotton Association is protesting that at 15c calcium arsenate is too costly a poison for the boll weevil, the special boll weevil expert of the same Association is promising the members 25,000 tons by July 1st at this prohibitive price.

The Department of Agriculture estimates the available supply of arsenic from foreign and domestic sources at 6,455 tons and says there is an actual demand even at present prices for about 12,000 tons.

Meanwhile, the price goes up despite futile investigations and foolish promises; and the boll weevil evil spreads.

If producers, consumers, and importers can get together, some kind of a definite arrangement satisfactory to all can be brought about. The heavy demand exists, and the problem, when all is said and done, is to satisfy it at right prices and under satisfactory conditions. Why not a producer-consumer-importer committee with real powers?

THE SALESMEN'S REPORT

After several months of sifting out the facts surrounding the Chemical Exposition and its management, a committee of the Salesmen's Association of the American Chemical Industry has rendered a report which more or less recommends the "old *show" under the Payne-Roth direction, but at the same time, calls for some drastic changes in the conduct of the Exposition each year. The report suggests definite means to revivify the Exposition, and to halt the drift away from a true chemical exposition toward an equipment show. It criticises the management of the Exposition as being inclined too much toward the technical and scientific side of the industry and of not giving sufficient attention to the industrial side, the selling, business, and executive end of the industry. The Advisory Committee also comes in for criticism on the ground that scientists have far outnumbered the business men in this body. The management has not worked

in close harmony with the industry, according to the report,—the chemical industry has lacked real representation in the Exposition—but this must be done if future Expositions are to be held and be successes.

The report of the committee is not very enthusiastic in the matter of a cooperative show. It agrees that this would give the industry full control of its own exposition, but in the very next sentence points out that the experience of the present management and its assumption of all financial risks must be considered. As far as co-operation with the industry goes, the statements of F. J. Payne, president of the company which runs the Exposition, appear to indicate some willingness on the part of the management to co-operate although these statements are very vague and hazy when they are actually analyzed. One definite thing the Exposition management has done, however, is to promise to set aside five per cent of the gross receipts, about \$5,000, of the 1923 show to be spent by the Advisory Committee on chemical educational work. The report also announces that Mr. Naglevoort, planner of an opposition co-operative show, has definitely withdrawn for 1923.

The Salesmen's Committee is to be commended for tackling a thankless job in trying to straighten out the Chemical Exposition tangle. It will get little credit no matter what the result. Going in to clean up a 'dirty industrial wash,' particularly where the 'washers' are not altogether welcome, is not a pleasant job. The recommendations of the Committee certainly point to a bigger and broader exposition, a typically representative chemical exposition, and it remains to be seen how far the management of the Exposition will go in actually co-operating and carrying out the suggestions embodied in the Salesmen's report.

SALICYLATE PRICES AND PHENOL

When phenol was selling at eight and ten cents per pound on the open market, and twelve cents for Government excess stocks, a year or two ago, manufacturers of salicylates repeatedly stated,— and all the American makers apparently agreed in their opinion on this—that they could not sell salicylic acid at eighteen and twenty cents per pound and make money. In fact, they claimed that salicylates sold at prices ruling in 1920 and 1921 only at material loss to the producers. Even when prices for salicylates began to recover from the low levels of the slump, and prices reached 25c and 26c a pound for U.S.P. acid, the American makers still were unanimous in the opinion that these figures did not as yet mean a profit, but were

actually below cost and overhead. From this it appears that with phenol at one price, salicylic acid prices must be about double the phenol figure before the producers can break even, let alone make a profit.

Recently the market for phenol went to 35c and 40c a pound for spot drums. Salicylic acid, U.S.P., sold at the time, at about 40c per pound as named by American makers, with other salicylates in proportion. With phenol at 35c, obviously 40c was too low for salicylic if its price was to be based on the open market quotation for phenol. Undoubtedly manufacturers were basing their selling price on phenol which they had bought previously at prices below 35c. Be that as it may, last week saw a weakening in the phenol market with slightly lower prices. Coincident with this phenol weakness, the price of salicylic acid was advanced to 45c per pound by producers. The advance called forth some criticism in the daily business press. Why should a derivative go up in price at the same time as the raw material declines?

The criticism of the newspapers is unjust and takes into consideration only the factors which appear on the surface. If the manufacturers went into the market daily and bought their phenol to make salicylates, then the day-by-day fluctuations of the former might have some effect, but as a matter of fact, they must of necessity and in self protection, cover on phenol far in advance. Were the market on salicylic acid to-day determined by the position of spot phenol, it might be closer to 70c than to the 45c where it stands. The fact that the market is no higher than it is, can be laid solely to the fact that American makers are to-day using phenol bought some time ago at prices well below to-day's price. Where criticism is due, let it fall, but before criticizing, a confirmation of actual facts might prevent the creation of numerous wrong and unjust impressions.

TOO VALUABLE A MARKET TO LOSE

The value of the American market to German manufacturers of chemicals may be judged by a glance over the report on Germany's foreign trade during the first nine months of 1922. The United States took more than four million kilos of caustic potash; more than three million kilos of chloride of lime; more than forty-five million kilos of potassium sulfate; more than a hundred million kilos of muriate of potash, and so on through a long list of alkali metals, acids, fertilizer salts, and other industrial chemicals, and every pharmaceutical chemical in demand anywhere in the world.

The chemical trade of Germany is recovering rapidly, and production is increasing. The story in chemicals is the same as in dyes. Protection is necessary for the American industry to prevent a gradual undermining of the domestic manufacturers by means of the peculiar sales methods employed by German producers. In spite of the enactment of the Fordney-McCumber rates, imports continue on a large scale, and competition is severe in many lines, especially in potash, making it difficult, if not impossible, for American producers

to keep their plants going. If the market in the United States is valuable to German chemical manufacturers, it should be made equally valuable to American manufacturers.

An increase in the foreign trade in chemicals during 1922 over 1921 is reported by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. This change for the better is significant in view of the fact that the aggregate exports of all classes of American merchandise continued to fall below those of 1921. The recovery in heavy chemicals is particularly noticeable in caustic soda, borax, bleach and fertilizer materials. Many of the percentage gains in quantities of industrial chemicals exported in 1922 over 1921 exceeded 200 per cent. Gains were made also in medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations, amounting to 13 per cent; explosives 90 per cent in quantity and 46 per cent in value; perfumery, cosmetics and toilet preparations, 33 per cent in value.

When the price of wine in France is very low, the growers turn to the casks, where the argol crystals form on the sides, and scrape them clean to supply the cream of tartar factories, and incidentally make a little profit to offset the losses on wine. The year 1922 saw a large grape yield and vin ordinaire, the kind you used to buy, is cheap [in France]. Hence increased quantities of argols will come into the market, probably, and the baking powder companies will find a corresponding increase in the amount of cream of tartar available.

Complaint comes from Budapest that Hungarian cantharides is being invoiced from Germany as the Russian product. Another case of camouflage?

Many Men: Many Minds

Cutting off advertising is like cutting off a foot to save shoe wear.—Financial America.

"This is a day of movement," said Premier Mussolini in a speech before members of the Chauffeurs' Union in Rome. "Every one must increase his gait, in office and in factory."

Speaking of the statement made by Dr. Miller Reese Hutchison that 25,000 tons of calcium arsenate would be available by June, R. N. Chipman, of the Insecticide and Disinfectant Manufacturers Association, said: "No consideration seems to have been given to the fact that this amount of Calcium Arsenate would be anywhere from 300 to 500 per cent more than is needed in the current year or that it will be 200 or 300 per cent more than will ever be needed."

The Badische Anilin-und Soda-Fabrik of Germany has a capacity to produce 800,000 lbs. of indigo each month. Its process starts with alcohol, which is converted into ethylene and then with ethylene chlorhydrin. This latter product is heated with aniline and the oily residue is fused with caustic potash; indigo is at once obtained from this fusion by solution in water and oxidation by air. Were Germany to be drawn into war, this plant might be converted into a mustard-gas plant in scarcely an hour's time.—Hartland Seymour in the Chemical Age [London].

Salesmen's Association Exposition Report

Adriaan Nagelyoort Agrees to Cancel Plans for 1923-F. J. Payne, President of International Exposition Co., Agrees to Share Receipts for Educational and Promotional Work

FTER three months study, your Committee is convinced that past Chemical Expositions have served the technical branches of the industry almost to the exclusion of its commercial departments; but that a single show, broadened and revised in plan, can serve both better. We believe such an exposition is possible and would be distinctly worth the effort and expense.

This report presents a plan for getting more tangible results. It records also definite accomplishments towards putting this plan into effect. The Committee agrees that in its fundamentals this plan is sound and practical; its details are purposely left flexible.

Unless the Exposition can be revivified, it offers chemical manufacturers no benefits commensurate with the cost. In such an event it may be regarded simply as a technical display for chemists and engineers, a show in which chemicals, as such, have no place. We appreciate the value of a display of the tools of industrial and scientific chemistry; but an Exposition of technical interest mainly accomplishes only a fraction of what might be done for both science and industry. Furthermore, the value of such a show to equipment makers is lessened, if the full buying power of the executive and purchasing departments is not represented. From every consideration, therefore, a real Chemical Exposition is wanted.

The drift towards an equipment show has been natural. Though the dangers of this tendency have been plain for three years past, the show management have made no successful effort to check it. Indeed, their leaning has always been in this direction. Their comanagers (the men th active contact with the industry) have been chemists whose acquaintance and sympathy have been technical rather than industrial. and operating subjects have predominated the programs, making less appeal to the public and to industrial consumers than to technical chemists. On the Advisory Committee men distinguished in scientific accomplishment have out-numbered business leaders. Finally, the Exposition has been a better natural marketplace for equipment than for chemicals, and equipment makers have been the quickest and largest buyers of booth space.

Elements Necessary to Success

These considerations are fundamental since they must be dealt with, if the Exposition is to become a real chemical industry show.

To win again the support of the industry, it must take part in the show management and exercise control especially over the allotment of space, the nature of the exhibits, the program, and the ticket distribution.

To make the Exposition a truly national chemical meeting-and-market-place, a Congress of scientific, trade and consuming associations must be held and so guarantee the attendance of many desirable visitors.

To carry on the logical purpose of educational work to the public, students and chemical consumers a constructive, consecutive program must be worked out.

Jointly these three proposals will, if properly executed, assure the future of a real Chemical Exposition. To accomplish this end the management of future

Expositions must work closely in co-operation with the industry. Policy must be guided and plans controlled by what the industry, as a whole, believes is for the common good, and this control is just and proper because the support of the industry is virtually a fran-chise creating a monopoly in chemical shows. Even a private corporation conducting the Exposition must fairly share the profits with the industry.

The attendance problem can best be solved by holding a Congress of chemical and consuming industries. common program, to avoid conflicts, can provide common entertainment features with one gigantic chemical industry banquet. The meetings of the participating associations would have to be a new and special type, devoid of routine business and paper reading, designed as get together gatherings to discuss one or two big fundamental problems of broad interest.

Whether a co-operative show or one managed by a private corporation for profit can best serve the industry, is a question your Committee has studied carefully. A co-operative show would obviously give that control we find essential to success. The present management, on the other hand, has an experienced organization and assumes all financial risks.

Adriaan Nagelvoort, who has proposed to conduct a co-operative show, has expressed himself as willing to work with the industry along the lines we have sug-

Appointment of Chemical Council Favored

To learn the measure of co-operation which the International Exposition Company would give in executing these plans, your Committee asked certain questions of their president, F. J. Payne, and have had his definite replies. These follow:

Question 1—Will the International Exposition Co. give an active part in the management of exhibits and the arrangement of program into the hands of a Chemical Council composed of representatives of all leading trade and technical associations in the chemical and chemical equipment industries?

Answer 1—We would be very glad to have your Association appoint a committee to be called a "Chemical Council" if so desired; this committee, or council, to co-operate with the present or any future Advisory Committee and the International Exposition Company, looking to the betterment of exhibits and the arrangement of program for the best interests of all concerned, it being understood that the business management is to remain in the hands of our company.

Question 2—Will your Company, again enter into a contract with the Advisory Committee, setting aside a definite percentage of the receipts of the Exposition to be used, at the direction of the proposed Chemical Council, for educational and promotional work in connection with the Chemical Congress and Exposition?

work in connection with the Chemical Congress and Exposition?

Answer 2—We will enter into an arrangement with the Advisory

Committee, agreeing to set aside a per cent of the gross receipts
to be used for educational and promotional expenses in connection with a Chemical Congress or Convention to be held
at the same period as the exposition. All expenditures to
have the approval of the Advisory Committee and we to have
the assurance of your Association and Committee that you
will use your best efforts to assist in securing exhibits and
publicity, and full co-operation of the various publications.

Question 3—If it were deemed advisable, would your Company
postpone the Show with the object of re-organizing and putting
across a great Exposition in 1924?

Answer 3—Exposition has shown us that it would be most unwise

Answer 3.—Experience has shown us that it would be most unwise to make any effort to postpone the exposition for 1923. Greater effort should be put behind the 1923 Exposition, and if we can work in full accord, as we have every reason to believe we can, there is plenty of time between now and next September to bring about the greatest Exposition of Chemical Industries ever held.

Question 4-Would your Company agree to holding the Exposition every two years?

Answer 4—This brings us to question No. 4, which interlocks with your third question so far as postponement is concerned.

Again experience shows that expositions to be successful and in order to keep up the interest must be held annually; if a year lapses, interest lags and the great foundation work is largely gone and it is almost like building a new exposition. Why lose the years of successful effort? A thought worth considering, however, is the advisability of holding the exposition every other year in some city other than New York, thus changing the personnel of the attendance to avery large degree—this would give New York a Chemical Exposition every two years.

Exposition Co. Contributes \$5,000

At the instance of your Committee the Directors of the International Exposition Company voted January 15th to turn over to the Advisory Committee five per cent of the gross receipts of the coming Ninth Chemical Exposition. This sum, which Mr. Payne estimates at not less than \$5,000, is to be spent by the Advisory Committee for the common good of the industry, on educational and other work in connection with the Ex-

The question of better representation for the executive and sales departments of the industry upon the Exposition's Advisory Committee has been taken up with their Chairman, Dr. Chas. H. Herty, who has expressed his belief that this would be a benefit to all concerned which the Advisory Committee would be glad to put into effect by increasing its number. The executive and sales experience of half a dozen or more business leaders on the Advisory Committee would, we feel, be very valuable in developing the commercial and educational features of the Exposition and in securing more vigorous co-operation between the management and the chemical manufacturers.

Dr. Herty has invited your Committee to meet with the Advisory Committee in order to confer on the new personnel of the Advisory Committee and to lay before them suggestions and offers of co-operation which we have received from many associations, firms, colleges and individuals in response to our questionnaire which was the subject of our preliminary report.

Nagelvoort Withdraws 1923 Plans

After further consultation with your Committee, Mr. Nagelvoort has agreed to withdraw definitely his tentative plans for a co-operative show in 1923. He takes the liberal view that the measure of co-operation with the industry which the International Exposition Co. offer should be tried fairly, and for the common good desires not to put the least obstacle in the way of hearty, united co-operation. We commend his attitude

and endorse the sentiments he expresses.

With hearty, united support, your Committee believes, now the path has been cleared for closer contact between the Exposition and the industry, that a real Chemical Show and a great Chemical Congress is made practical. We feel that that we have been somewhat helpful in clearing this path and that it is the privilege of the new Advisory Committee and the duty of the chemical industry to broaden it into a highroad to success. We therefore ask the Salesmen's Association to receive and support this report, and to discharge their committee.

There is no minority report.

(Signed) WILLIAMS HAYNES, Chairman GEORGE M. DUNNING J. WRENCH A. C. KALBFLEISCH WALTER GOFF JOHN W. BOYER, ex-officio.

A list of dye imports will be published monthly by the Department of Commerce, beginning with January.

PHILADELPHIA SALESMEN'S NEW COURSE

The Chemical Club of Philadelphia has arranged with Dr. Owen L. Shinn, professor of applied chemistry at the University of Pennsylvania, to give its course in "Chemistry for Chemical Salesmen." At a meeting of the Club on Jan. 15 at the Philadelphia Bourse, the plan was unanimously approved by the members. Opinions indicated that the maximum of 75 members for the first class would very shortly be exceeded, judging by the way applications were coming in to Secretary W. H. Davis, of Harshaw, Fuller & Goodwin Co.'s Philadelphia office. The prizes offered at the first meeting of the New York Section of \$25, \$15 and \$10 for the best three papers on "The Value of Chemical Training to the Salesman," to be submitted at the close of the course are also open to the Philadelphia

NEW OFFICERS OF MONSANTO

Stockholders of Monsanto Chemical Works, St. Louis, have elected the following directors to serve during 1923: John F. Queeny, Gaston DuBois, Beverly D. Harris, Edgar M. Queeny, H. O. McDonough, Joseph D. Lumaghi, Theodore Rassieur.

At the directors meeting the following officers were elected: Chairman of the Board, John F. Queeny; president, Beverly D. Harris; first vice president, Gaston DuBois; second vice president, Edgar M. Queeny; third vice president, Frank L. McCartney; treasurer, H. G. Gunther; secretary, W. R. Phemister; assistant secretary, C. A. Zacher.

Frank L. McCartney's title is now vice president in charge of sales, while Edgar M. Queeny is vice presi-

dent and assistant general manager.

Leon Forchheimer, of Nuernberg, Germany, was a visitor at San Francisco in January. He is making a tour of the United States seeking raw materials to be turned into finished products in Germany. "We are doing our best to revive our manufacturers and trade," he said, "but in spite of all we can do the political situation has been increasingly unfavorable to us, with the mark steadily dropping lower."

The manufacturers and distributors of various types of food containers, who met with Secretary Hoover in Washington, last week, went on record as being in favor of any standardization in size that could be effected. They recommended that the secretary conduct extensive surveys in order to determine types and sizes of containers which are most useful in the various industries affected.

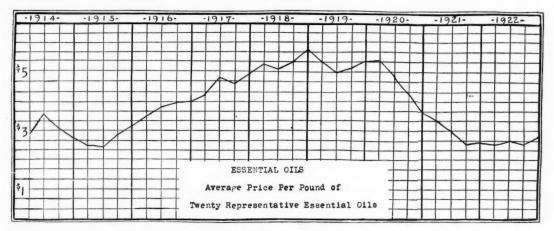
The California Graphite Co. reports the discovery of a deposit of crystalline graphite a mile long, fifty feet wide, that contains approximately 1,000,000 tons of 17-45 per cent pure material. The vein is being worked with one shift and is producing around four tons of graphite per day.

An explosion of chemicals, with which he was experimenting, severely burned James Maple, chemist with the United States Products Co., 685 Eleventh ave., New York, manufacturers of adhesives. The explosion broke every window in the four-story building.

The Joy Chemical Co., Central Falls, R. I., recently incorporated, with capital of \$12,000, will deal in finishing materials for the textile industry. Ernest E. Aspinwall, Pary H. Porter and Rodolphus W. Porter, all of Pawtucket, R. I., are the incorporators.

Essential Oil Year Hinged on Tariff

Trade Spent Eight Months of 1922 Anticipating and Four Months Recovering, While Values Remained Virtually Unchanged



The enactment of the Fordney-McCumber tariff bill was doubtless the most important event of the year in the market for essential oils and aromatic chemicals. Most of the first eight months of 1922 were consumed in anticipating that event and the rest of the year was used to recover from the shock. The higher rates on synthetic products failed to create sharply higher prices, although the list was strengthened materially. Essential oils, which carried some higher duties, were not particularly affected; those placed on the free list dropped off sharply, but recovered somewhat during the past two months.

The year opened rather quietly, business being of a routine nature approaching duliness. The general trend of values showed a falling off until March, when a slight improvement in demand caused a temporary reaction. In April sales fell off badly, however, and prices reached low levels. The new tariff bill was released from the Senate Finance Committee during the second week of that month and soon after buyers assumed an attitude of watchful waiting. The uncertainty in the trade as to when the act would pass Congress and be signed by the President, coupled with the usual summer lethargy, kept actual sales down to a minimum. Even the "seasonal items" seemed a bit dull and colorless. In the fall as sellers were anticipating a revival of consuming interest, passage of the tariff appeared imminent. Buyers of aromatic chemicals withdrew, owing to the uncertainty of the situation. Essential oils, being on the downgrade, and likely to continue in that direction, attracted little interest. The tariff bill became law Sept. 22. Sales covered routine requirements until well into October, when a slight improvement was noted. Values turned about the first of November and buyers became more active. Prices advanced steadily during the last two months of the year.

Of the essential oils sweet almond, eucalyptus and lavender are in the same relative positions which they occupied a year ago. Sandalwood and Italian orange oils are cheaper in spite of the higher duty. Anise and bergamot are lower today than in Jan., 1922, due

to the reduction in tariff rates. Although the duty was taken off cassia, citronella and Bourbon geranium, these oils command higher prices.

The following list of a few essential oils and aromatic chemicals shows their various positions Jan. 1, 1922 and 1923:

Product Jan. Oil Almond, sweet	1, 1922	Jan. 1, 1923
Oil Almond, sweet	40	
		.40
Oil Anise, technical	.571/2	.50
Oil Bergamot	5.00	3.00
Oil Cassia, U.S.P	1.65	2.15
Oil Citronella, Ceylon	.42	.57
Oil Cloves	2.30	2.00
Oil Eucalyptus	.45	.42
Oil Geranium, Bourbon	5.00	7.00
Oil Lemon, Italian	.65	.65
Oil Lavender	3.00	2.75
Oil Orange, Italian	3.00	2.30
Oil Peppermint, natural	1.70	3.00
Oil Sandalwood, E. I	7.40	7.00
Oil Wormseed	4.50	4.00
Coumarin	3.75	4.00
Methyl Salicylate	.40	.55
Vanillin	.55	.43
Average	2.40	2.45

Very little can be said regarding aromatic chemicals. Buyers held off for some time previous to the passage of the tariff and the market has been under a cloud since the bill went into effect. The American valuation clause upset the trade considerably. There was no accurate record of just what materials were manufactured in this country and it was many weeks before goods could be brought in. A fair selling price, on which to base the duty, could not be determined in many instances, as several different makers asked various figures. The importers arranged a get-together shortly after the new rates were scheduled, and partially succeeded in clearing up the matter, but considerable work remains to be done in that direction.

Added to the general confusion was the presence of

a great deal of hastily imported goods, brought in on the eve of the tariff passage, and held by outside sellers. The quality of the material was, in many instances, questionable, and the holders offered at any figure in order to effect a turnover. This exerted a certain demoralizing effect on the market and has kept prices down. When the odd lots are cleared away and a more definite idea of American values and sources can be had, prices will probably be generally higher. Consumers will be in a better position, however, as values will be steadier and quality may be higher.

The 1922 history of a few of the more important essential oils and aromatic chemicals follows:

Oil Anise—A routine market existed over the entire year. Price opened at 57½c inside for technical but was early reduced to 55c. Strength and weakness in the Orient caused figures to fluctuate between 50c and 55c although sales at 48c were reported several times.

Oil Bergamot—Opened soft and weak. Market gradually declined from \$5.00 to \$3.60 when the passage of the tariff caused a sharp falling off to \$3.00. Has made sporadic attempts to attain higher levels at various times since Sept., going to \$3.15, but \$3.00 could be done Jan. 1, 1923. Demand has been poor all year.

Oil Cassia—U.S.P. held strongly at \$1.65 in Jan. 1922. Higher shipment figures coupled with fair demand caused price to gradually increase to \$1.85 by August 16. This basis held until the tariff went through when values dropped to \$1.65. Consumers became active around the middle of November and a rising Oriental market has aided in the steady advance to \$2.15. The ban on lead free cassia for use in food products has eliminated it from the market. Technical has not been a factor, owing to restrictions on importation.

Oil Caraway—The past year saw caraway prices in a steady march to higher levels. Quoted a year ago at \$1.60, successive advances, owing to the scarcity and high cost of seed, have placed the market on U.S.P. oil at \$6.25 inside. Its use has been curtailed considerably.

Oil Citronella—Has seen considerable price activity. Offered at 42c Jan. 1, 1922. Spot shortages in February, June, August and December shot quotations up to peaks at 55c, 56c, 75c and 57c, respectively. Each time the arrival of supplies eased the market and late in October the price was down to 46½c, the lowest point of the year, barring the first few weeks. Closed strong at 57c.

Oil Cloves—Cheaper spice and falling off in demand caused values to recede from \$2.30, quoted Jan. 1, 1922, to \$1.75, quoted July 19. Spot stocks of spice became smaller at that time and the market mounted steadily to \$2.35 Sept. 13. Price fell to \$1.90 late in October and then climbed to \$2.25 within a month. Shipments of spice have come through during the past month and oil was named at \$2.00 Jan. 1 of this year, with prospects of further reductions.

Oil Eucalyptus—Opened soft at 45c inside for cases. Gradually declined, reaching 35c late in May. Continued at 35c through a dull summer. With prospects of higher rate of duty, price advanced September 13. Consuming season set in and quotations increased steadily to 42c Jan. 1.

Oil Lemon—Has had an in and out year—mostly out. Tried to pull clear of the rut several times but large quantities of oil have always smothered the market. Shippers have been unable to hold values up and consumers have been inactive. One flurry sent figures up to 90c early in March but the market rapidly eased off. Low at 60c in July. In spite of higher tariff 65c was done for some time. Stands at 70c today.

Oil Peppermint—Opened rather dull and weak at \$1.70. In June country holders strengthened and price advanced steadily to \$3.50 late in August. Lack of demand weakened market, however, and values slipped to \$2.25 by Nov. 20. Country again became bullish and the price Jan. 1, 1923, was \$3.00, with prospects of weakening in near future.

Oil Sandalwood—Quoted at \$7.40 early in year but summer dullness coupled with arrival of new crop oil forced prices down to \$6.65 in Sept. Tariff had little effect as considerable oil was available. Firmness in producing centers has recently caused sellers to increase figures to \$7.00 inside.

Oil Geranium, Bourbon—Moved between \$5.00 and \$5.75 during most of the year, keeping pace with condition of spot stocks and shipment prices. Acute scarcity of good grade oil during last month of year sent price to \$7.00 inside.

Oil Wormseed—Scarcity during the early part of the year sent price to \$4.50. Demand fell off, however, and by the latter part of May values had reached \$3.00. Approach of new crop, coupled with duliness caused reductions to \$2.15 by July 1. As crop developed country holders became bullish and spot price was advanced to \$2.40 Aug. 2. Has increased steadily since then and was held at \$4.00 Jan. 1.

Coumarin—Keen competition between importers and domestic makers for limited amount of business available caused price to sag from \$3.75 in Jan. to \$3.00 in April. Summer was rather dull until August when scarcity of goods sent price to \$3.50. Makers advanced to \$4.00 when tariff prohibited sale foreign made products. Market closed active.

Methyl Salicylate—Trading of a routine nature featured first half of year, price being reduced Jan. 25 to 35c from 40c. First of a series of advances, due to rising phenol costs, occurred July 12. Successive increases the last being due to higher cost of methanol (wood alcohol), left quotations on drums at 55c. Demand was very good during latter part of year, some makers being sold weeks ahead of production.

Phenylethylalcohol—Slid from \$7.50 in Jan. to \$4.00 in May as sellers engaged in keen competition for little business passing. Remained quiet and unchanged through the summer. Since the tariff went into effect prices have advanced steadily to an inside of \$7.00. Ranges to \$10.00 and even higher according to quality.

Vanillin—Market has seen fair routine demand all through the year, with no radical price changes of any nature. Rather keen competition brought on a few reductions and the Jan 1, 1923 quotation on 400 oz. cans was 43coz. as against 55coz. the same time last year.

As far as values are concerned the trade is in the same relative position as it was a year ago. Some items are higher, others are lower, but the general average has changed very little. The outlook, however, is greatly improved. Last January the market was in rather poor condition. Buyers were not active and prices were weakening. Towards the end of the year consuming interest picked up and gains were registered in every direction. In the place of the uncertainty of a year ago we have a firm steady market and the trade is looking forward to its first really good year since the collapse of the post war boom.

Big Export Demand for Heavy Chemicals

Caustic Soda Shipments Increased in 1922 by 238 Per Cent over 1921—Borax Exports Were 296 Per Cent Larger—Bleach 149 Per Cent—Other Industrial Chemicals in Demand Abroad are Potassium Chlorate, Acetate of Lime, Copper Sulfate, Calcium Carbide, Glycerin, Silicate of Soda, Bicarbonate of Soda—Sulfate of Ammonia Shipped in Large Quantities to Dptch East Indies and Japan—Important Sales of Cyanamid

(Special to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Washington, D. C., Jan. 24-Exports of heavy chemicals for the eleven months period, January-November, 1922, increased greatly in volume, although the total value was slightly less than exports for the same period in 1921, owing to falling prices, according to a review of the export trade prepared by Charles G. Concannon, acting chief of the Chemical Division of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. The largest increases as to quantity were in borax, 296 per cent, which rose from 3,658,059 pounds (value \$246,-658) in 1921, to 14,501,189 pounds (value \$735,612) in 1922; caustic soda, 238 per cent, from 40,460,561 pounds (\$1,627,334) to 136,900,479 pounds (\$4,934,944); chloride of lime, or bleaching powder, 149 per cent, from 14,892,143 pounds (\$409,106) to 36,972,472 pounds (\$610,684); potassium chlorate, 75 per cent, from 297,002 pounds (\$40,961) to 532,416 pounds (\$46,876); acetate of lime, 61 per cent, from 15,750,798 pounds (\$345,379) to 25,385,756 pounds (\$522,700); and copper sulfate, 54 per cent, from 3,153,278 pounds (\$198,260) to 4,858,331 pounds (\$234,772). Some of the other American heavy chemical sales abroad which have shown marked improvement during this period were calcium carbide, glycerin, soda silicate, soda bicarbonate, washing powder, and crude tar.

On the other hand, benzol decreased only 4 per cent in quantity but 19 per cent in value, from 68,277,375 pounds, valued at \$2,888,126, in 1921 to 64,630,735 pounds, valued at \$2,353,136 in 1922; formaldehide, from \$312,407 to \$195,961; sulfuric acid from 12,155,349 pounds, valued at \$306,068, to 11,938,403 pounds, valued at \$188,057; and soda ash, from 32,699,844 pounds, valued at \$615,733. Sal soda increased in quantity but fell in value.

The total value of foreign shipments of heavy chemicals for the January-November period, 1922, was \$47,-668,525, compared with \$49,625,532 in 1921.

Of a total for fertilizers and fertilizer materials of 869,129 tons valued at \$15,464,228 for the January-November, 1922, period, 136,593 tons, valued at \$8,067,562, were sulfate of ammonia. The Dutch East Indies were again the best customers in November, taking nearly one-third of the 9,230 tons exported during the month, while Japan was a close second, receiving 2,193 tons. For the first time in 1922, the sales of calcium cyanamid, or lime nitrogen, were important; during November, 2,514 tons, worth \$23,885, were sent abroad, while the total for the 11 months was only 2,536 tons, valued at \$25,212. The demand increased for superphosphates (acid phospates) and prepared fertilizer mixtures, while diminishing for phosphate

Research Work Vital in Making Fine Chemicals



New solvents for wood stains, and a wood preservative have recently been developed by chemists of the Norvell Chemical Corp. The laboratories at Perth Amboy, N. J., are thoroughly equipped for research work. The special products made by the company are formaldehyde, hexamethylenetetramine, glycerophosphates, mercurials, benzoates, silver salts, creosote, creosote carbonate, liquid guaiacol and similar industrial and medicinal chemicals. The company was incorporated only three years ago, and since that time has developed the manufacture of all these products.

A coppersmith and machine shop is an important

feature of the plant in which practically all the special apparatus and machinery for the various processes are built according to the special designs and requirements of the company. One of the advantages of the plant is its location on the northern shore of the Raritan River, where the company has its own dock. Steamers ply between New Brunswick, Perth Amboy and New York, receive goods for delivery in New York City and transport raw products which arrive by steamers from abroad. With railroad tracks laid directly through the property and a fleet of trucks running every day between New York and Perth Amboy, the distribution of the company's products is as near perfect as possible.

CRISIS IN ARSENIC SHORTAGE COMING EARLY IN 1923, SAYS REPORT TO SENATE

Domestic Producers Can Supply Annual Requirements, but Not Fast Enough to Meet Demand During First Four Months—Rumors That Large Stocks Are Held by Speculators Declared Unfounded

(Special to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Washington, D. C., Jan. 24.—"Increase in demand of calcium arsenate is mainly responsible for the present shortage of white arsenic," says the report submitted to the Senate as a result of an investigation made by B. R. Coad, of the Bureau of Entomology, Department of Agriculture, and G. F. Loughlin, of the Geological Survey, Department of the Interior. Continuing, the report says:

"Domestic production in 1922 was greater than in any preceding year except 1920, but took place mostly in the last third of the year, when there remained insufficient time to satisfy the urgent demand for calcium arsenate which extends to May or June, 1923. Imports have been very low during 1922 and not much improvement is to be expected during the first part of 1923.

"Minimum annual requirements of white arsenic amount to about 12,000 short tons, more than threefourths of which are needed during the first four months. Domestic producers can supply this quantity, but not fast enough to meet the early requirements of 1923. Every effort is being made by producers and manufacturers to meet these requirements, and considerable arsenic that would ordinarily be used for other compounds is to be diverted to calcium arsenate. Both domestic and imported white arsenic is already largely sold up to April, 1923, and the average price for the advance domestic sales is about 9 cents a pound. The very recent advances in price have evidently been due to manipulation of small lots of imported arsenic, too small to affect seriously the total quantity of arsenic available. Rumors that large stocks of white arsenic are being held by speculators are unfounded.

"Production will no doubt be adequate to meet the

"Production will no doubt be adequate to meet the requirements of 1924 and subsequent years, if the market is sufficiently stable to encourage producers. A standing committee representing producers, manufacturers, and interested bureaus of the Federal Government has been appointed to study ways and means of establishing the market.

"As regards 1924 and subsequent years, demands equal to that of 1923 can be met by domestic producers if the market for arsenic is sufficiently stable to encourage production. Instability has been characteristic of the arsenic market, particularly since 1917.

"Ability to stabilize the market must depend on ability to foresee well in advance the factors that will influence demand. Producers, manufacturers and consumers acting independently have thus far not been successful forecasters, but some improvement may result from concerted action. With this end in view a meeting is planned for February or March, when manufacture of insecticides for the 1923 season is well advanced, and again in September or October, when plans for the season of 1924 should be laid."

Charles M. Schwab will head a committee of New York business men to enlist trade support for the work of the Arbitration Society of America, and to develop city-wide activities for relieving the congestion of the calendars of the courts through a clearer understanding and a wider use of arbitration in commercial disputes.

Business Brevities

Dr. Francis Carter Wood will be the speaker at the Saturday luncheon of the Chemists' Club on Feb. 3.

Albert H. Higbie, dealer in chemicals, 46 Gold st., New York, is confined to his home by serious illness.

F. F. Griffiths & Co. have begun operating their new pumice stone mill at Hudson River and 48th st. The output for various grades will be twelve tons a day.

The Federal Trade Commission has dismissed its amended complaint in the case of Ida Davis, who is engaged in selling sponges in New York under the trade name of David Davis & Sons.

The Puget Sound Section of the American Chemical Society, Seattle, has elected officers for the ensuing year as follows: Chairman, F. G. Thompson; vice-chairman, A. G. Bissess; secretary, R. W. Ellison; treasurer, G. C. Howard, and councillor, H. K. Benson.

Among recent trade visitors at San Francisco were C. E. Fishel, of the American Cellulose Co., Inc., New York; F. D. Bristley, vice-president Royal Baking Powder Co., New York; R. K. Cobb, Utah Saldura Co., Salt Lake City, Utah, and Thomas L. Smith, vice-president Fleischmann Co., New York.

Foreign sales of explosives for the eleven months of 1922 nearly doubled, rising from 8,563,647 pounds (value \$1,979,193) in 1921 to 16,273,166 pounds (value \$2,895,449), of which amount dynamite represented an expansion of 4,278,780 pounds, total exports of dynamite for the eleven months being 11,996,785 pounds (value \$2,110,455).

The Rutledge Chemical Co., 15 Park Row, New York, purchasing agents for T. Fujisawa & Co., Osaka, Japan, have taken over the following sales agencies: Wm. J. Stange Co., Chicago, manufacturers of pure food colors; R. H. Hussey Co., Watertown, Mass., witch hazel manufacturers; Brandee Chemical Co., Brooklyn, metallic soap makers.

The production of carbon black from natural gas by the high voltage arc is the subject of a report by J. J. Jakowsky, assistant refinery engineer of the Pittsburgh Experiment Station, U. S. Bureau of Mines. The report consists of twelve pages in which the different types of electrical processes are described, with drawings of the apparatus used. A discussion of results and power factor considerations closes the report. The serial number is 2417, Bureau of Mines Reports of Investigations.

Resumption of the use of powerful chemicals in the fumigation of ships at San Francisco, which have been under ban since September, when five public service employees lost their lives, will take place early in the year, according to Dr. R. H. Creel, medical officer at Angel Island. He says that a new deadly gas, consisting of one part hydrocyanic acid and three parts cyanogen chloride, having all the effective properties of cyanide, but containing chemicals that give warning of its presence to fumigators, will be used here and at all other seaports in the future. The new exterminator is the result of a year's work on the part of the Public Health Service and the Chemical Warfare Service of the War Department. Supplies to last three months have been received.

10

QUOTATIONS ON CHEMICAL STOCKS

			_
	Asked	Bid	Asked
Air Reduction 601/4	603/4	Hercules Powder 97	100
*Allied Chem. & D. 75	753/2	Hercules Powd., pf.102	104
*Allied Ch. & D., pf.108	110	Heyden Chem 21/4	23/6
Am. Ag. Ch 301/4	3034	Hooker Electro 55	65
*Am. Ag. Ch., pf 59	601/2	Hooker Electro, pf 60	70
*Am. Cnicle 634	71/4	*Int. Agricult 71/2	81/2
*Am. Chicle, pf 23		*Int. Agricult., pf 33	34
	101/	*Int. Nickel 141/4	1434
*Am. Cot. Oil 18	181/8	*Int. Nickel, pf 74	751/2
*Am. Cot. Oil, pf 35	37	*Int. Salt .* 797/8	
*Am. Cyan 15	20	*Mathieson Alk 53	54
*Am. Cyan., pf 53	56	Merck & Co., pf 86	90
*Am. Druggist S 61/4	65%	Merrimae 83	88
Am. Glue 82	85	Mulford Co 35	40
Am. Glue, pf124	1261/2	Mutual Co150	
*Am. Linseed 31	32	*National Lead1251/2	127
*Am. Linseed, pf 53	54	*National Lead, pf.1121/2	114
*Am. Malt 12	13	N. J. Zinc	172
*Am, Zinc 151/4	16	Niag. A., pf 96	100
*Amer. Zinc, pf 50	51		75
Atlas Powder150	165	Parke, Davis & Co. 7434	
Atlas Powd., pf 851/2	90	Penn. Salt 82	84
British Am. Chem. 1		People's Gas, Chi. 911/2	92
	65	Procter & Gamble124	128
By. Prod. Co 57		Procter & Gam., pf102	106
Carborundum135	1351/2	Royal Bak. Po123	128
Carborundum, pf1151/2	116	Royal Bak. Po., pf 99	100
Casein Co 30	45	Sherwin-Williams 293/8	30
Celluloid Co 92	98	Sherwin-W., pf 93	97
Celluloid Co, pf109	110	Stand. Ch 90	100
Ches. Mfg215	225	Swan & Finch 22	24
Ches. Mfg., pf111	115	*Tenn. C. & Chem., 111/2	117/8
Com'l_Solv. A 39	44	*Tex. Gulf, Sul 611/2	613/4
Do B 26	29	Union Carbide 631/2	641/2
*Corn Products1263/4	1267/8	Union Sulphur	
*Corn Products, pf.121	1221/2	*Un. Drug 79	793/4
*Davison Chem 313/4	32	*Un. Drug, 1st pf 461/8	47
Dow Chem	200	"Un. Dyewood 42	
Dow Ch., pf	103	*Un. Dyewood, pf	941/2
Du Pont de Nem1101/2	1121/2	Un. Gas, Imp 503/4	51
*Du P't de Nem.Db. 851/8	86	Un. Gas, Imp., pf., 5534	56
Eastman Kodak 951/2	97	U. S. Gypsum 621/2	63
Eastman Kodak, pf.110		*U. S. Indus. Al 65	651/2
*Freeport, Tex., Sul. 2034	20%	*U. S. Indus. Al., pf. 97	981/4
Freept. Tex. Sul., pf. 91	93	*VaCar. Ch 24	243/4
*Grasselli128	132	*VaCar. Ch., pf 621/2	64
*Grasselli, pf100	1011/2	*V. Vivaudou 161/4	1634
			1078
"Listed on	New Y	ork Stock Exchange	

Earnings of the United States Industrial Alcohol Co. are believed to justify the resumption of dividends on the shares in the not remote future. No dividends have been paid on the common since the September quarter of 1921, when \$1 a share was paid, following the maintenance of regular quarterly dividends of \$2 a share from December, 1919, to June, 1921, inclusive. It was reported in the late fall of 1922 that the company's business was the largest in its history with the exception of that recorded at the height of the war-time prosperity. The new fuel alcohol is in demand and the Atlantic Refining Co. has signed a contract for supplies covering a long period.

Vice Chancellor Alonzo Church of Newark, N. J., has named Abram M. Reynolds of Glen Ridge custodian-receiver for the Alpha Piece Dye Works, Inc., 54 Mill st., Paterson. The application, made by the Williams Bal Co. of Newark, alleges the Alpha Company is insolvent. The Vice Chancellor ordered the Alpha Company to show cause on Jan. 30 why the receivership should not be made permanent.

The directors of American Smelting Securities Co. have declared dividends of 50 cents a share on the Class A stock and 41/2 cents a share on the Class B stock. This dividend, which covers the current month, is payable Jan. 31 to stock of record that date. These are the last dividends to be paid by the company, as it will be dissolved at the close of January.

Another petition in bankruptcy was filed last week against the Eastern Potash Corp., 342 Madison ave., New York. The petitioners are George D. Olds, Jr., for \$9,600; Robert Courtney, for \$3,000; Walter W. Burr, for \$25.

MUST NOT ATTACK COMPETITOR'S PRODUCT

(Special to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Washington, D. C., Jan. 24.-It has been decided by the Federal Trade Commission that misrepresentation of a competitor's product, as found in the case of John Bene & Sons, Inc., of Brooklyn, N. Y., is an unfair method of competition. The company is engaged in the manufacture and sale of hydrogen peroxide. The Commission found that the respondent sent to the principal offices of four organizations, conducting a large number of chain stores, a statement and a chemical analysis of a disinfectant known as "Daxol" and sold in such stores. The analysis, the Commission finds, did not truthfully describe the disinfectant and had a harmful effect on the further sale of the product.

The order specifically states that the Bene company must refrain from directly or indirectly publishing or circulating any false, deceptive or misleading statements concerning the product of a competitor, and particularly concerning the product "Daxol."

The capital stock of the Coca-Cola International Co., a recently organized company which has a majority of the capital stock of the Coca-Cola Co., as a result of exchange of stock on a share for share basis, is expected to be introduced into Wall Street in the near future. The same interests, it is understood, control the new company. International company has in its treasury 251,000 shares of the 500,000 shares of Coca-Cola stock outstanding. Dividends on Coca-Cola International, it is said, will be the same as paid by the old company.

Do you know all there is to know about tetranitromethylaniline? Or of odorometers used for determining the intensity of odors? Or of ancient rock-cutting tools? Or of the making of salt from sea water? These questions are asked by the Bureau of Mines, Washington, D. C., which announces that the "Index of Bureau of Mines Publications," has just been issued, and covers all reports published by the bureau since its organization in 1910, and answers these questions and 5,000 others.

The Granby Consolidated Mining, Smelting & Power Co. plans to assume control of the Canada Copper Corp., Ltd., by increasing its capital from 250,000 to 500,000 shares. A special stockholders' meeting will be held Feb. 8, at which the increase will be voted. About 155,000 shares will be used to purchase the Canadian

The Hercules Glue Co. has been incorporated at San Francisco with capital stock of \$50,000 by T. G. Haywood, Frank A. Brown, I. D. Byrne, Wesley W. Kergan and J. S. Lamson.

Calumet-Hecla Mining Co. has declared a dividend of \$7 a share. On Dec. 15 last a distribution of \$5 a share The dividend is payable March 15, stock was made. of record, Jan. 24.

Five thousand shares of American Coke & Chemical Co. Common Trust Certificates sold for \$100 at the Auction Salesrooms, 14 Vesey st., New York, last week.

New Incorporations

Nitro Chemical Products Co., New York, \$50,000. N. Gray, C. Leventhal, B. Sustrin; attorney, J. M. Kram. 51 Chambers st. Davys. Wilmington, \$550,000. To make chemicals and drugs. Corporation Service Co., Wilmington.

Capital Increases—Charles H. Phillips Chemical Co., Stamford, onn., \$50,000 to \$450,000.

The Heavy Chemical Market

Current Spot Quotations of Heavy Chemicals, page 224

CAUSTIC POTASH SCARCE AND HIGHER

Supplies on Spot Limited and Shipment Prices Abroad Have Been Advanced—Copper Sulfate Moving Well —Bleach Makers Sold Up—Little Change in Arsenic Situation

PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Potash, Caustic, 1/4c tb.

Potash, Caustic, 1/4c tb.

Potash, Caustic, 1/4c tb.

Potlined
Barium Carbonate, \$5.00 ton

Barium Carbonate, \$5.00 ton

Trend of the Market Today Week Month Year War Pre-Peak War \$.12 14.00 \$.09 16 50 55.00 20.00 2.25 5.55 1.50 4.50 20.00 6.00 .06 .073/4 1.75 .08 .063/4 .061/2 .87 .35½ 3.50 3.55 3.60 9.50 .10 .65 .063

Business in heavy chemicals has been quiet during the first few weeks of the new year. The expected resumption in buying has not taken place as was expected after the dull period at the close of last year and the first weeks of 1923. The market, however, remains firm and prices are holding up steadily. Domestic manufacturers have booked considerable business on contract and their plants are busy supplying this demand. Delays in shipping due to the protracted rail embargoes are at present the main difficulties they have to contend with. The crisis in Europe is having a strengthening effect upon prices with the probable curtailment in German chemical production and the consequent advances in shipping prices. Caustic potash has been advanced again on limited supplies, here, and higher shipment prices abroad. Demand for caustic potash has also been increasing. Yellow prussiate of soda is firmer. Copper sulfate has been moving well, but the greatest demand is not expected before next month. Bleach makers are well sold up and have very little to offer. Barium chloride is easier. Alums are in good demand. There is little change in the arsenic situation. Prices are firm and supplies scarce. The same is true of calcium arsenate. Acids and caustic soda are in steady demand.

Acid, Acetic—Improvement in demand has been noted during the past week. Makers are quoting 28 per cent on a basis of \$3.17½@\$3.42½ per 100lbs at works according to quantity. 56 per cent is quoted at \$6.35@ \$6.60 as to quantity. 70 per cent at \$7.94@\$8.19. 80 per cent at \$9.08@\$10.85. Glacial, \$12.05@\$12.80.

Acid Hydrofluoric—Demand has been along steady lines with makers quoting 30 per cent at 6c@7c as to quantity at works. 48 per cent named at 10c@11c. 52 per cent at 11c@12clb. 60 per cent at 13c@14clb. White acid at 25c@26clb.

Muriatic Acid—Makers have been taking contracts in good volume and the outlook for the future is encouraging. Quotations for 18 degree range from 90c@\$1.00 per 100lbs in tanks at works. 20 degree in tanks at \$1.00

@\$1.10. In carlots of carboys at \$1.10@\$1.50 as to maker. 22 degree in carlots of carboys at works. Ironfree at \$1.35 in carboys. Tanks at \$20@\$30 ton.

Acid, Nitric—In steady demand with supplies plentiful. 36 degree in carboys quoted at \$4.50@\$5.00. 38 degree named at \$5.25@\$5.75 as to quantity. 42 degree, \$5.75@\$6.50. 44 degree, \$6.50@\$7.50 as to quantity. C. P. \$13.00 per 100lbs.

Acid, Oxalic—Domestic makers are taking on business at 13clb at works. Demand has improved and better business is being done. Imported material is selling at 13½c@13½clb.

Acid, Sulfuric—Large makers report a good demand for delivery over the next six months on the basis of \$14.00@\$16.00 per ton for 66 degree as to maker at works. Drums in carlots named at \$1.00@\$1.25 at works and in less than cars at \$1.25@\$1.50. 60 degree quoted at \$9@\$11 in tanks. Oleum in tank cars at works, \$17.00@\$18.00.

Alums—Makers are in a position to supply the demand at present while demand has not been up to expectations. Ammonia in lump is named at \$3.50@\$3.65 per 100lbs at works. Ground at \$3.65@\$3.75. Powdered at \$3.90@\$4.00. Imported lump offered at \$3.20@\$3.50. Potash lump on spot is offered at \$3.00@\$3.25 by importers. Domestic at \$4.25 per 100lbs. Chrome, \$5.50@\$6.00. Soda, \$3.50@\$4.00.

Aluminum Sulfate—Makers are moving supplies in steady if not large quantities. Supplies are in better shape. Iron-free is moving on the basis of \$2.50@\$2.75 in carlots at bags. Imported named at \$2.50. Commercial in carlots of bags \$1.45@\$1.50. In barrels at \$1.60.

Ammonium Chloride—Domestic makers are quoting white granulated at 7¼c@8clb as to quantity. Imported named at 6½c@7clb. Gray at works held at 8c@8½clb as to quantity. Lump, 15clb. Demand has been quiet and along routine lines.

Arsenic—Holders of supplies are maintaining prices firm at 15½c@16clb. Demand from consumers is intermittent and with no large buying. Stocks are about in the same position which has characterized the market the past few months. Calcium arsenate is available only in limited quantities. Sales have been made at 19clb f.o.b. Southern points.

Barium Carbonate—Demand somewhat slow and supplies may be had at \$70.00@\$75.00 per ton.

Barium Chloride—Domestic makers are quoting lower prices at \$90.00@\$95.00 per ton at works. Importers are asking \$92.50@\$95.00 on spot. Buying has been slow and the market is dull.

07

Bleaching Powder—Manufacturers have very little to offer on spot and in many cases their production is sold six months in advance. Spot prices range from \$2.25@\$2.50 as to quantity and seller. Contracts named at \$1.90@\$2.00. Imported material is held at \$2.10@\$2.15.

Copper Sulfate—Movement has been improving but better buying is looked for next month. Makers are quoting \$6.00 per 100lbs for carlots, and \$6.25@\$6.50

for less than cars. Imported goods are offered at \$5.75. JAVA IMPORTING MORE CAUSTIC SODA

Copperas-Supplies are still in very limited quantity. Demand has fallen off slightly but largest maker is unable to make deliveries. Bulk is quoted at \$20@\$21 per ton at works. In bags at \$23 and in barrels at \$25@\$26

Lead Acetate-Buying has not been very active though prices are firm at the recent advance. White crystals are named at 13c@131/2clb. Broken at \$12.40. Granulated at \$12.65. Powdered at 133/4c@141/4c. Brown broken, 12clb.

Potash, Caustic-Stocks have been pretty well taken up on the increased demand and higher prices are being quoted. Spot material named at 7c@71/2clb. Shipment prices abroad are said to be 71/2 clb at present.

Potassium Prussiate-Yellow is firm at 38c@39clb. Red quoted at 85c@90clb.

Sodium Prussiate-Yellow in better demand and is firmer at 183/4c@19clb.

Soda, Caustic-Improved demand for export has been noted. Quotations range from \$3.40@\$3.55 as to brand. Ex-warehouse in less than cars at \$3.72 for standard brands. Contracts are on the old basis of \$2.50 per 100lbs, basis 60 per cent, at works.

ONLY AGENTS FOR GERMAN POTASH

According to a statement issued by H. J. Baker & Bro., New York, for the Potash Importing Corp. of America, neither the German potash syndicate nor any other German interest owns stock in the new corporation. The new import company will be all American and has been formed to take over the sale of the German syndicate's potash in the United States as a result of the decision of A. Vogel, for some years American representative of the German syndicate, to retire from business. Mr. Vogel says he notified the German company of his intention about a year ago.

The Syndicate has been contemplating a change in the marketing methods in the United States with the object of reducing distribution costs. The new Potash Importing Corp. will act as selling agents in the United States for the potash producers, according to H. J. Baker & Bro. The details of the sales contract with the Germans and the organization of the American company are not fully completed.

Senator Norris of Nebraska on Monday offered an amendment to the War Department appropriation bill calling for the appropriation of \$2,000,000 for the improvement of Nitrate Plant No. 1 at Muscle Shoals, Ala., for the completion of machinery for experimental work, for the extraction of nitrate from the air, for the purpose of lessening the cost of explosives in war, and the manufacture of fertilizer in peace times. The amendment has been referred to the Senate Committee on Appropriations.

Merchandise described on the invoice as Luxsche Gas. . reinigungsmasse (gas purifying material, bauxite, crude iron ore) was found to consist of hydrated carbonate, alumina and silica in a special report of the Appraiser It was assessed with duty at the rate of 10 per cent ad valorem under Par. 55, Act of 1913, and was claimed free of duty under par. 518 by protest of the Alpho-Lux Co., New York.

The California Salt Co.'s plant, located on the eastern shore of San Francisco Bay, south of Oakland, Cal, was destroyed by fire last week. The damage is estimated at \$300,000.

AND OTHER CHEMICALS FROM THE U. S.

Gain in Heavy Chemical Trade Reflected in Report Covering First Ten Months of 1922-Decline in Some Imports From Germany-Great Britain Shows Increases in Many Lines Over 1921.

(Special Correspondence to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Amsterdam, Jan. 12.-Imports of chemicals into Java during the first ten months of 1922 show a decided increase over imports for the corresponding period of 1920 and 1921, notwithstanding the slump in business in Dutch East Indian markets since the middle of 1921. Increasing quantities of caustic soda and other heavy chemicals are being purchased in the United States. The following tables show the countries of origin of chemical imports and amounts in kilos:

AT TIME

_	ALU.	M	
Countries from which imported	1920 kilos	1921	1922
	155,477	kilos 32,294	kilos
Holland United States	36,170	32,294	62,208
Great Britain	198,905	40,212	51,521
Germany	51,000	85,540	194,575
Belgium Hongkong	54,230 144,436	1,040	32,040
Elsewhere	113,128	164,122 19,649	55,073 47,907
			47,001
Totals		342,857 CARBIDE	443,324
CAL	kilos	kilos	kilos
Holland	88.960	90,650	
Holland United States	70,645	119,000	548,425 20,000
Great Britain	71,500	10,000	50,000
Germany		86,000	66,065
Sweden	344,160	136,218	187,250 43,260
Elsewhere	82,893	34,525	43,260
Totals	658,158	476,393	915,000
CA	AUSTIC		
	kilos	kilos	kilos
Holland United States	110,264	70,745	39,787
United States	1,528,087	55,482	837,724 889,932
Great Britain	1,202,782	248,544 250	75,564
Japan	693,964	3,224	95,165
Singapore	35,093	32,283	50,418
Singapore Elsewhere	167,479	32,256	2,321
Totals	3,737,669	412,784	1,990,811
		RBONATE	
	kilos	kilos	kilos
Holland	366,895	85,627	36,446
United States	356,309	4,102	3,908
Great Britain		790,863	921,267 58,275
Germany	****	12,615 16,292	56,302
British India	2.690	1,231	13,075
Elsewhere	18,263	92	11,235
Totals 2	453 173	910,822	1,100,508
		JLFATE	
	kilos	kilos	kilos
Holland	2,553	10,433	19,378
United States	18,123	440,000	144,030
Great Britain	93,881	145,000 11,105	57,979
Germany	40,440	11,100	37,575
Japan Elsewhere	10,000	165	7,160
	164,997	166,703	228,547
Totals	LFURIC		,,.
30.	kilos	kilos	kilos
Walland	316,106	649,308	270,344
Holland	98,919	27,500	3,382
Germany		102,440	697
Japan	569.367	142,260	53,333 8,026
Elsewhere	10,735	50,050	
Totals	1,004,127	981,558	335,782

B. H. Crocheron, director of the University of California agricultural extension division, states that some striking results have been obtained by the use of various types of fertilizers in different parts of the state and that experiments are reaching a point where they can be made of definite value to farming interests. The use of lime and sulfur is proving valuable in many places and a great increase in the use of these is predicted.

The Fine Chemical Market

Current Spot Quotations of Fine Chemicals, page 226

CARBOLIC ACID MOVES UP FIVE CENTS

Small Package Goods Regain Previous Level—Menthol Cut Sharply—Bromides Easier—Santonin Schedule Advanced Three Dollars Per Pound—Imported Citric Acid Firmer—Importers Reduce Hexamethylene and Cream Tartar

PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Acid Carbolic, 5c tb. Acid Citric, imp., 1/2c tb. Santonin, \$3 tb.

Adeps Lanae, 2c tb.
Cream Tartar, imp., ½c tb.
Hexamethylene, imp., 5c tb.

Declined
Menthol, 70c tb.
Potash Bromide, imp., 1c tb.
Sodium Bromide, 1c tb.

Tre:	nd of t	he Ma	rket			
	Today	Last Week	Last Month	Last Year	War Peak	Pre- War
Acetanilid	\$.35	\$.35	\$.35	\$.33	\$2.00	\$.20
Acid Citric, Import	.481/2	.48	.48	.43	1.25	.45
Caffeine Alkaloid	3.75	3.75	3.75	4.00	18.00	3.65
Calomel, American	1.25	1.25	1.25	.82	3 43	.90
Camphor, Jap., ref	.86	.86	.92	.92	3.55	.41
Iodine, Resublimed	4.50	4.50	4.50	3.80	5.00	3.75
Menthol	8.30	.9.00	10 00	5.25	13.50	3.00
Morphine Sulfate	5.35	5.35	5.35	4.80	12.80	4.50
Potassium Bromide, Cryst.	.26	.26	.26	.19	4.30	.80
Quinine Sulfate, Imp	.49	.49	.50	591/2	.90	.25
Sodium Salicylate	.52	.52	.47	.30	4.25	.27
Strychnine Sulfate	.84	.84	.84	1.05	2.05	.50
Average	2.24	2.30	2.38	1.88	5.92	1.56

Buyers have not as yet entered the market for appreciable quantities of any medicinal chemicals. Quietness prevails in all quarters and values possess easier tendencies generally. The trade looks for a revival of interest in the near future but does not expect a return to pre-holiday activity. The principal changes this week were to lower levels and the advances were not actuated by heavy demand. Carbolic acid regained the level which it held prior to last week's decline. Santonin was advanced by importers. Bromides weakened under the strain of inactivity and potash and sodium salts are lower. Imported hexamethylene is cheaper. Cream tartar is offered at lower figures. Quicksilver has settled down and appears stronger. Sugar milk continues scarce and firm. Jap camphor for future delivery is softer. Citric acid, imported, is higher. Adeps lanae cut in competition.

Acid Acetylsalicylic—Goods in manufacturers' hands held firmly at \$1.05lb. Small amounts of material in outside hands can be had at 90c@95c. Heavy buying continues to keep stocks from accumulating and the trade expects market to remain active well into the spring.

Acid Carbolic—Distributors of U.S.P. crystals covered last week's decline by advancing their schedule five cents per pound. Although spot and import market for large package phenol has not changed the margin of profit was evidently too small to permit last week's low prices to continue in effect. Quotations on various containers follow: 110 lb. tins, 37clb.; 25 lb. tins, 39clb.; 5 lb. tins or bottles, 41c@42clb.; 1 lb. bottles, 46clb.; 1 lb. bottles, liquid, 45clb.

Acid Citric—Lots of imported material available on spot are diminishing and holders are asking higher prices since replacement at current figures is out of question. Single kegs are commanding 49½clb. Acid in quantity offered at 48½c inside. American made product held at 50c for crystals and 51c for powder.

Acid Salicylic—Activity among consumers continues, although most of the material moving is going to contract customers. As phenol is at a standstill price of salicylic acid seems to have reached a peak. U.S.P. in makers' hands at 45c, technical at 42c. Resellers offer limited quantities of U.S.P. at 37c inside.

Adeps Lanae—Cut 2c per pound in competition, although the demand has not fallen off in the least. Hydrous can be had at 21c@22c; anhydrous at 23c@24c. Consumers continue active and market for raw material is firm. Indications point to a revision to previous levels.

Ammonium Bromide—Reported that the openly quoted price on strictly U.S.P. imported goods, 18c@ 18½clb., can be shaded in some quarters. In fair request. Domestic at 33c.

Camphor—Japanese slabs easy on spot at 86c@88clb. Considerable material held outside of regular channels and is bearing market. Future positions reported soft. Last figure cabled was 81c@82c c.i.f., February delivery. American refiners continue to name 96c nominally for bulk gum in bbls. Jap small sizes \$1.00@\$1.02; domestic \$1.01½@\$1.02.

Cream Tartar—Fairly large quantities held on spot. Market dullness caused slight reduction in importers' figures. Now 23½c@24½clb. Domestic product held openly at 26½c unchanged.

Formaldehyde—Makers holding carlots of bbls. at 16c. Less cars at works or spot 16½c. Resellers have practically nothing to offer. Consumers are not as active now as before the holidays and stocks are in better condition. Situation has cleared considerably since first of year and outlook is more promising.

Hexamethylene—Imported goods again cheaper as demand diminishes and stocks increase. Offered at 75c @80clb. and is likely to go lower as outside holders try to effect a turnover. Domestic figure continues at 95c@97clb.

Menthol—Keen competition for limited amount of business passing sent price down as low as \$8.00 during the past week. Recovered somewhat and at close cases were variously held at from \$8.30 to \$8.50 per pound. Shippers ask \$7.60 in bond for March shipment and are weak thereat.

Mercury—There were no sales reported at £10, recently quoted out of London. Factors here say that figure was close to actual costs at mines. Buyers did not enter market as they expected additional reductions and when the Spanish Government advanced its official schedule the offer at £10 was quickly withdrawn. Spot goods now stand at \$72.00@\$72.50 per flask. For shipment £10 7s 6d is named on 500 flask lots. Market appears steady and likely to continue at these figures unless a move to higher levels occurs.

(1)

Potassium Bromide—Unusually dull. Virtually no business passing. Imported material has eased off to 15½c@16clb. Domestic grade 26c unchanged.

Potassium Permanganate—Quiet and soft at 15½c@ 16clb. as to quantity.

Santonin—Advance predicted last week materialized. New level \$175.00@\$177.00lb. Powder \$176.50@\$178.50. Higher import cost responsible. Material in outside FRENCH CREAM OF TARTAR OFFERINGS hands offered slightly under these figures.

Sodium Bromide-Importers' price dropped off to 16c early in week. Rather heavy buying caused rebound to 17c@171/4clb, which is one cent lower than was previously quoted on strictly U.S.P. material.

Sugar of Milk-No change in situation. Makers quoting 21c@22c for future delivery, being unable to supply material on order. Resellers firm at 22c@23c. Supplies scarce in all quarters.

Fine Chemical Notes

The United Medicine Manufacturers of America will hold its second annual convention at the Hotel Chalfonte. Atlantic City, on April 17 to 19. Last year's meeting was in Pittsburgh.

The Mallinckrodt Chemical Works, St. Louis, announce that they are now offering arsphenamine-Mallinckrodt, a product of their own laboratories which conforms to Government specifications and standards.

Frederick K. Fernald, for the past twenty years connected with the Dr. Miles Medicine Co., Elkhart, Ind., died on Jan. 12, at a sanitarium in Macon, Mo., after an illness of approximately three years. He was sixty-six years of

Burt H. Goddin, sales manager of the Hoffmann-La Roche Chemical Works, New York, while in the middle west last week, stopped off at Indianapolis to attend the meeting of the Western Division of the American Pharmaceutical Manufacturers Association.

Exports of medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations advanced from \$11,492,619 for the eleven months of 1921 to \$12,985,782 in 1922. Foreign shipments of quinine sulfate and other salts of cinchona amounted to 332,873 ounces, worth \$207,546, and antitoxins, serums and vaccines to 620,737 ounces, worth \$365,368.

At a recent meeting of the directors following the annual stockholders meeting of the J. S. Merrell Drug Co., St. Louis. Cyrus W. Merrell was elected third vicepresident and general manager; Merrell P. Walbridge, first vice-president and treasurer; Herbert S. Merrell, Jr., second vice-president; Edward F. Schlueter, secretary, and Richard T. Dunn, sales manager.

The Hy-Gen-Ol Laboratory, Spring Valley, N. Y., has bought the Durant plant formerly owned by the Meadows Chemical Corp., and will continue the manufacture of ammonium ichthyolate. The company plans to make other synthetic organics recently developed by the research department. R. W. Greeff & Co. and R. H. Anderson, New York, are sales agents for the Hy-Gen-Ol company.

NEW CARBON PLANT AT MONROE, LA.

(1)

(Special to Drug & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

New Orleans, Jan. 24.—Organization of a subsidiary corporation of the Southern Carbon Co. of Monroe, La., has been announced, according to Reid L. Carr, of New York, secretary of the company. The corporation will build and operate its Louisiana pipe line from the Monroe gas fields to Alexandria. The work of building this line will begin March 1, Mr. Carr says. It will be completed and ready for the delivery of gas Sept. 1.

LARGER WITH LOWER PRICE OF WINE

Producers Scrape Barrels for Argols and Lees to Make Up for Loss in Sale of Vin Ordinaire-Heavy Shipments to United States for Baking Powder Com-

The principal center of the cream of tartar trade is Montpellier, France, but large shipments to the United States go to Bordeaux. At Bordeaux they catch frequent steamers for Liverpool, from which point they are shipped on passenger vessels to the United States. The following statement prepared by Wesley Frost, American Consul at Marseilles, shows French exports of tartars and tartaric acid during the first 10 months of the past three years:

French exports of tartars during January-October, 1920, 1921, and 1922

	Ja		
Articles	1920 Tons	1921 Tons	1922 Tons
Tartrates of potassium United States United Kingdom	8,441 2,414 4,673	4,641 640 1,655	7,023 1,197 3,168
Germany Italy Netherlands Other	1,354	2,346	278 482 621 1,277
Tartaric acid	633	343	422

As explained, heavy American shipments go by way of England and the French export figures are misleading in showing England as the largest taker.

France has 18 cream of tartar factories, located chiefly at Marseilles, Montpellier, Beziers, Aubais, St. Thibery, and Bordeaux. Prior to the war these factories exported something like 6,000 tons of cream of tartar per annum, but this figure has now shrunk to approximately 2,000 tons. The sales are made largely in Australia, Canada, England, and Japan.

In addition to the argol production there are available in the south of France and Algeria each year some 15,000 tons of wine lees taken from the bottom of wine casks, containing from 18 to 20 per cent of cream of tartar. About 3,000 tons of these have been worked up in France, but an additional 4,000 tons are now to be used in a factory which a large American company has just erected at Montpellier. About 2,000 tons of wine lees are also exported to Germany and the remainder discarded.

The 1922 French wine crop was very large and is resulting in low prices. Producers will make up for loss in price by scraping barrels for argols and large offerings are expected.

Of the average figure of 10,000 tons of argols and lees it is estimated that some 4,000 tons find their way to two large American firms whose importing headquarters are at New York City. Of the remaining 6,000 tons some 1,200 go to independent buyers in the United States, 2,000 tons go to England, 2,000 tons are used in France, and 800 tons go to Germany. Many of the largest American baking-powder companies do not buy cream of tartar, as they manufacture alum powders. Even the oldest American baking-powder companies are now adding tartaric acid to their formulas to replace a part of the cream of tartar formerly used. The English baking-powder companies employ a higher proportion of tartaric acid than has been used in the United States until recently.

Paul G. Kaiser of the Meteor Products Co., New York, sailed for Europe last Wednesday on the steamer Paris. He plans to stay about a month and will visit England, Germany and France.

The Intermediate and Dye Market

Current Spot Quotations of Intermediates, see Chemicals, page 224

BENZOL OFFERED FOR PROMPT DELIVERY

Toluol, Xylol and Solvent Naphtha Still In Tight Position—Crude Naphthalene Scarce and in Active Demand—Some Cresylic Acid Available—Strong Demand for Gamma Acid

PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Advanced Cresylic Acid, 10c gal. Declined No Declines

Tres	Today	Last	rket Last Month	Last Year	War Peak	Pre- War
Benzene, C.Pgal.		\$.30	\$.30	\$.29	\$1.10	8.26
Naphthalene, flakelb.	.06	.06	.06	.071/2	.16	.03
Phenoltb.	.32	.33	.35	-11	1.50	.45
Xylene, 2-deggal.	.45	.45	.45	.45		
Toluene, puregal.	.30	.30	.30	.30		
Aniline Oiltb	.16	.16	.16	.161/2	1.40	.101/2
Benzaldehydetb.	.60	.60	.60	.45		
Betanaphthol, dist, tb.	.24	.24	.24	.30	1.50	.08
Paranitroaniline	.74	.74	.73	.77	1.85	.08
Average	0.350	0.351	0.352	0.325	1.25	1.67

Marked improvement in the benzol situation is probably the most interesting feature of the market. Demand fell off somewhat at the close of 1922, and production has been gaining steadily. Benzol is now offered for prompt delivery by several factors. Toluol, xylol and solvent naphtha are still in a tight position, however, and producers are quoting prices only for future delivery. Naphthalene has been in strong demand for delivery over the first six months. Crude naphthalene is scarce and in active demand. Phenol demand is slightly easier and some factors are quoting lower prices for small quantities. In the open market offerings are heard at slightly lower figures than those which have ruled for a month or two. A little cresylic acid is reported available, but it is difficult to obtain at a reasonable price. Pyridine continues scarce. Intermediates have not been moving as well as was expected after the turn in the year. Spot business has dropped off due partly to the fact that many consumers have contracted for deliveries over periods ranging from one to three months. In a few products makers are sold up completely. Price changes are lacking in the most important products. Gamma acid is in strong demand. Paranitraniline is moving well. Aniline is fairly well sold up and makers control the situation.

Coal Tar Crudes

Benzene—Supplies are moving more abundant in makers' hands and in the open market. Production has been improving steadily and demand is slightly easier. Inquiry has been heard for export delivery. Makers continue to quote their schedule of 27c@32c per gallon for 90 per cent as to quantity and 30c@35c for C. P. Resale prices are named at 32c@33c for 90 per cent and 35½c@36½c for C. P. in drums as to quantity.

Cresylic Acid—A small quantity is reported available at \$1.35 per gallon. Imported material can be had, but the duty on this brings the price above \$1.60 even on the basis of the lowest American selling price. Domestic producers are able to quote for future deliveries only.

Naphthalene-Consumers have been active placing

contracts for deliveries over the next six months. Spot demand is also active. Crude is scarce and in strong demand. Flake is quoted at 6c@6½clb as to quantity and maker; balls at 7c@7½clb; crushed, 5clb; crude, 2½c@3clb.

Phenol—Offerings are heard in the open market at 32clb while the range seems to be 32c@35clb as to seller. The material is usually to be taken "as is." One factor is quoting lower prices for small packages, and 250lb drums at 30clb. U.S.P. generally quoted at 35c@40clb.

Toluene—Production is very slow and makers are far behind in their deliveries. Quotations are made on delays of several months before shipment at 30c@35c per gallon as to quantity.

Xylene—No supplies are available at any price, it seems, though quoted at 40c@46c for 5 degree and 45c @51c per gallon for 2 degree range.

Intermediates

Acid, Chromotropic—Makers are offering excess supplies at \$1.25lb.

Acid, Gamma—Consumers have shown an active interest and makers are busy making deliveries on contract. Quoted at \$1.75@\$1.85 according to quantity.

Acid, H—Demand continues strong and present producers are taxed to capacity in meeting orders. Prices range from 75c@85clb as to quantity.

Acid, Monosulfonic—Improved buying has been shown in this commodity with makers naming \$2.301b. in 501b tins.

Acid, Salicylic—Continued improvement has been shown in this material in spite of the recent advances in price. Technical is moving at 42clb. and U.S.P. at 45clb. Second hands are quoting technical at 38clb.

Acid, Tobias—Makers report fair activity with 250lb. barrels named at \$1.30@\$1.40.

Alpha-naphthylamine—Demand for this intermediate continues steady and many consumers are placing contracts. Ton lots are quoted at 28clb. and in smaller lots at 29clb.

Aniline Oil—Large producers continue to quote drum lots of ten or less at 16½c@17clb. Supplies are not overabundant and the situation is wholly in the maker's hands

Benzaldehyde—Prices are firm at 65c@70clb. for technical with demand along routine lines. U.S.P. quoted at \$1.40@\$1.50lb. F.F.C. named at \$1.70@\$1.80.

Benzidine—Steady with makers naming 85c@87clb. as to quantity. Demand has not been up to expectations during the past week or two but is expected to improve.

ACO

Beta-naphthol—Factors report an increasing demand from consumers both for spot business and in the placing of contracts. The dry base is quoted at 24c@26c as to quantity at works. Sublimed is moving at 55c@60clb.

Dimethylaniline—Makers continue to quote drums at 40c@41clb. as to quantity while tanks are named at 39clb. Demand along routine lines.

Dinitrotoluene—Quotations range from 19c@22clb. according to the maker and quantity.

Meta-toluenediamine—In fair demand with sellers naming 95c@\$1.00lb as to quantity.

Ortho-toluidine—Sellers are quoting 14c@16clb depending on quantity though it is possible to shade this price in some directions on a firm bid.

Para-nitraniline—Demand has been active in this commodity and prices are firm at recent higher levels. Quoted at 74c@76clb.

Para-toluidine—Quotations are at a variance depending upon the seller. Some makers are naming 78c@90clb while others are selling at \$1.00@\$1.10. Demand is quite steady.

Dyestuff Notes

The German aniline dye combine has announced that prices of all its dyestuffs are doubled, the new schedule being effective at once, according to a report from Germany.

The Beacon Color & Chemical Co., 38 India st., Boston, recently filed notice of organization. The company is headed by Edward J. Feeley and F. L. O. Leary, and will manufacture dyes and chemicals.

The dye census which is in progress by the United States Tariff Commission will probably be completed by the first of July, according to officials of the commission. The census work was begun on Jan. 1.

The Federal Trade Commission has dismissed the complaints against the New York Color and Chemical Co. and the Franklin Import and Export Co., Inc., of New York, which deals in dyestuffs and chemicals.

"Dyer's Formulas" for use in connection with 1923 Spring Season Shade Card of the Textile Color Card Association of the United States, Inc., has been issued in a pamphlet of 32 pages by the National Aniline & Chemical Co., Inc. Detailed instructions are given for obtaining the designated shades on skein silk, cotton, wool and leather; and in each case the method of preparing the dye bath with the requisite percentage is given.

The Bureau of Food and Drugs of the Department of Health, New York, in its survey of the food manufacturing industries, has found that certain sausage, frankfurter, and cake manufacturers are using coaltar dyes in their products for fraudulent purposes. When found in a food factory, these colors will be embargoed, and, unless the use of the color is discontinued, the permit under which the factory is operating will be revoked.

The monthly census of dye imports to be issued by the Tariff Commission and the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the Department of Commerce will be available after Feb. 1, according to an announcement by C. C. Concannon, acting chief of the Chemical Division. The plan is to have the information collected at the Customs Office in New York and probably compiled by the chemical division of the Tariff Commission.

1000

The protest of the Cincinnati Chemical Works for a reduction of 20 per cent in the specific duty of 2½ cents a pound on intermediates under section 501, Group 3, Title V, of the act of Sept. 8, 1916, has been sustained by the board of appraisers. Protests of American Bluefriesveem, Inc., American Dyewood Co., Frederick Henjes, Jr., and Heller & Merz Co. for a 20 per cent reduction on colors under the same act were sustained in part.

RUHR SITUATION AID TO U.S. DYE TRADE

The complete closing down of German chemical plants with the subsequent stoppage of delivery of dyes, not only in this country but all over the world, which would necessarily cut off the flow of Reparation colors, is predicted by men concerned in the importation of German dyes, following the occupation of the Ruhr district by the French. All of the great German chemical plants, with the exception of the Berlin and the Cassella, are in the occupied region, and they believe that it was no small part of the French strategy that dictated the move that has resulted in their obtaining control of the entire German chemical field, and the consequent control of the German nitrates. The French have demanded as part security for their share of the indemnity, 60 per cent of the capital stock of the German dye plants, according to reports from Germany.

The precedent for these demands was set in the Lorraine region during last summer, according to H. A. Metz, of H. A. Metz & Co., where a small German company in the French territory was unable to obtain coal upon which to operate, and the French agreed to supply them with coal, in return for control of 60 per cent of their stock.

Shipments of dyes coming into this country have been small, it is said, and importers have been unable to get their orders filled, even under the more favorable conditions of the last few months. Some German plants have been forced to import English coal for more than six months, and now with the French occupation of the Ruhr further complicating the situation, there seems to be no alternative for the German plants except to close down.

In the event that the closing of the German plants is protracted, American dyestuffs experts look to the resumption of the American export trade in this class of chemicals. China will look to the American manufacturer for synthetic indigo to replace the German product, it is said, and South America probably will be forced to buy here.

Completion of Dam No. 2 and eight complete power units at Muscle Shoals was agreed upon by the House on Jan 19, when it approved of a section of the Army bill appropriating \$6,998,000 for the work this year and authorizing the Secretary of War to contract for the expenditure of \$10,501,000 more for the hydroelectric machinery and other equipment. Virtual assurance that the House would take up Henry Ford's offer for a lease of the Muscle Shoals nitrate plant was also given by Republican leaders.

A list of non-competitive dyes for tariff purposes has not been formulated as yet, owing to the postponement of the meeting of the Advisory Committee until Friday, Jan. 26 at 2 P.M. at the Appraisers' Stores in New York. American makers, importers, and consumers will be represented at the discussion, at which time it is expected that a definite list will be formulated.

Louis Jaeck, importer and manufacturer of aniline, dyestuffs and chemicals, 257 Front st., New York, retired from business early this month. His nephew, Emile Jaeck, who has been with the company for twenty-eight years, has taken over the business and will operate under his own name.

The Raritan Aniline Works, at Piscataway, N. J., which was sold at public sale on Jan. 8, to B. Lissberger & Co., New York, is to be reopened shortly. It is understood that aniline products, as formerly, will be the output of the plant. The price paid for the plant was \$60,000.

The Oil Market

Current Spot Quotations of Oils, Tallows, Greases, page 239

COTTONSEED OIL CONTINUES STRONG

Oleo Oil Is Higher, but Lard Has Eased Off Slightly— Fatty Acids Strong Owing to Higher Cost of Production—Very Little Chinawood Oil Available— Flaxseed Advancing

PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Chinawood Oil, 13/c tb.
Coconut Oil, 4/c tb.
Cod Oil, 3c gal.
Cottonseed Oil, crude, 4/c tb.
Grease, white, 4/c tb.
Lard, Comp., 3/c tb.
Lard, Comp., 3/c tb.

DecHned
Olive Oil, denatured, 5c gal.
Tallow, City extra, 14c fb.
Turpentine, 3c gal.

Tre	nd of t			_		_
	Today	Last Week	Last Month	Last Year	War Peak	Pre- War
Cod Oil, N. Fgal.	\$ 62	\$.61	\$.60	\$.44	\$1.27	\$.365
Degras, American, bbltb.	.043/4	.0434	.041/2	.033/4	.25	.033
Lard, No. 1gal.	.973/2	.94	-88	.65	2.90	.92
Menhaden, crd. bblsgal.	.51	.50	.48	.38	1.20	.33
Neatsfoot, 20 deg. c.t.gal.		1.39	1.35	1.32	3.45	.96
Red Oil, distilled 1b.	.1134	.113/4		.071/2	.17	.07
Stearic Acid, T.Ptb.	.14	.14	-121/2	.101/2	.33	.12
Coconut, Ceylon						
Dom., bbls	.091/2	.09	.081/2	.083/4	.20	.14
Cottonseed, crude, tanks.tb.	.10	.095%		.071/8	.25	.08
Linseed, carlotsgal.	.90	.90	.90	.73	1.88	.57
Olive, denaturedgal.		1.15	1.15	1.15	4.50	1.05
Peanut, refined		.151/2			.30	.08
Soya Bean, bblstb.	.123/4	.123/4	421/2	.09	.191/2	.07
Average	0.482	0.483	0.471	0.409	1.30	0.362

The market in fixed oils continues to react upward under the influence of light offerings and the continued strength in cottonseed oil. Animal oils remained fairly steady after the advances of the preceding week. Considerable interest was shown in oleo oil and higher quotations are in effect, while tallow eased off slightly. Fatty acids were strong at the recent advance due to the higher costs of production. Very little chinawood oil is available in the market and prices continue to advance. Coconut oil is in strong demand and higher in price. Linseed oil has been quiet, but crushers are holding prices firm on the limited supplies of oil. Flaxseed has been advancing in both domestic and foreign markets. Cottonseed oil was very strong during the week and quotations are higher in all positions. Olive oil foots are in strong demand. Denatured olive oil is cheaper. Peanut oil is in scant supply and higher. Castor oil is firm at the recent advance. Fish oils are nearly exhausted and holders are asking higher prices. Turpentine declined a few cents on light demand. Rosin remained steady.

Vegetable Oils

Castor Oil—Supplies are said to be light and demand has been improving of late. Sellers are quoting No. 1 at 1234c@13clb in barrels and 14c@144clb in cases. No. 3 named at 12½clb. Blown oil is offered at 14½clb.

Chinawood Oil—The small supplies about are in firm hands are offered sparingly. Sales on spot have been heard at 17clb. Spring shipments from the Orient are said to have been bought up, while quotations for forwards are named at 1434clb. In tanks at Coast, April forward, 13½clb.

Coconut Oil—In active demand and prices are named at higher levels. Ceylon in barrels named at 9½c@ 9¾clb and in tanks at 8¾c@9clb on spot. Cochin high-

er at 10½c@10½clb. Manila in tanks at coast 7¾c@ 8clb. Edible, 10¾c@11c. 1,154 tons of oil were received in New York last week.

Corn Oil—Supplies are not plentiful and prices are firm. Crude in tanks at mills named at 9\cdot \cdot (0.10clb and in barrels on spot at 10\cdot \cdot (0.11clb). Refined on spot named at 13\cdot \cdot (1.10clb).

Cottonseed Oil—The recent strength in the cotton and the growing scarcity of seed has made the market strong. Higher quotations are in evidence for all positions and for crude oil. Prime summer yellow on spot at 11clb. Jan. 11.00@11.30. Feb. 11.10@11.25. Mar. 11.30@11.32. April 11.30@11.40. May 11.47@11.48. June 11.50@11.58. July 11.63@11.65. Aug. 11.65@11.67. Crude at mills at 10c bid.

Linseed Oil—Quiet conditions existed in the market during the week, though prices were kept firm due to the smallness of supplies. Crushers are asking 90c per gallon for raw oil on spot and for January to April forward. London oil is higher at 39s. Antwerp advanced 20f to 280f. Flaxseed advanced on scarcity of seed in crushers' hands. Winnipeg May, \$2.19½. July, \$2.1534. 1 N.W., May, \$2.18½. July, \$2.15. Duluth cash \$2.97. Jan. \$2.95. Feb. \$2.84. May, \$2.57. July, \$2.52. Buenos Aires, \$1.73½.

Olive Oil—Supplies of denatured are in considerable supply while demand has been slow. Quoted lower at \$1.10@\$1.12. Edible at \$1.80@\$2.20. Foots in good demand with prices firm at 9½c@9½clb on spot and 8½c@8¾clb for shipment.

Palm Oil—Demand has been slower but prices are firm. Lagos at 7\%c@8clb. Niger at 7\%c@7\\(2\)clb. Bonny Oil Calabar, 7\%c7\%clb.

Peanut Oil—Supplies are very scarce and the market is strong. Refined in barrels on spot at 16½c@17clb. Crude in buyers tanks at mills higher at 13c@13¼clb. Crude on spot at 14½c@14¾clb.

Perilla Oil—Shipments are quoted at 13½c@14clb. Very scarce on spot and quotations are nominal around 17clb.

Rapeseed Oil—Refined in barrels quoted at 85c@ 86clb on spot. Blown at 95c@98clb.

Soya Bean Oil—The market continues strong with crude in tanks at coast named at 9c@91/clb. On spot at 111/c@12clb. Refined named at 123/4clb New York.

Animal Oils

Grease—Choice white is higher at 10½c@10¾clb. Yellow firm at 8½c@8¼clb. Brown, 7%clb. House, 8½clb. Bone naphtha, 7½clb.

00

Lard Oil—Prices remained firm with edible quoted at 1434clb. Off prime, 14c. Extra, 13½clb. No. 1, 13c, and No. 2, 12½clb.

Neatsfoot Oil—The market remains firm at the recent quotations. 20 degree cold test named at 18½c@ 20clb. 30 degree test at 15½c@15½clb. Prime, 13¾clb.

Oleo Oil—Supplies are somewhat limited and higher prices are being named by producers. No. 1 at 134c@ 14clb. No. 2, 11½c@11¾clb. No. 3, 9½c@9¾clb.

Tallow—Quoted slightly lower on better supplies and easier demand. Edible named at 10½clb and city extra at 8¾c@9clb.

Tallow Oil—Firm at recent prices. Acidless in tanks at 11½clb. Barrels, 12¾clb.

Fish Oils

Cod Oil—Stocks are light and sellers are naming higher prices. Newfoundland in barrels named at 64c@ 65c per gallon and in tanks at 62c@63c.

Menhaden Oil—Very little remains in sellers' hands and prices are more or less nominal. Sales are reported at 53c for crude at mills. Light strained in tanks at 63c. New York barrels at 65c@67cgal. Yellow bleached 68c @70c. Blown 74c@76cgal.

Sperm Oil—In better demand and prices are firmer. 38 degree cold test held at \$1.09 and 45 degree at \$1.04 per gallon.

Whale Oil—Stronger outlook with better demand and strength of other oils. Natural winter in barrels New York at 70c@71c gallon. Bleached winter at 74c@77c gallon.

Naval Stores

Turpentine—Prices declined during the week on slow demand. Ex-yard quotations at \$1.53 per gallon. Steam distilled at \$1.46. Destructive, \$1.26. Savannah lower at \$1.46.

Rosin—Market was quiet during the week and buying was limited. Former quotations remained steady. B, \$6.15. D to I, \$6.25. K, \$6.30. M, \$6.75. N, \$7.10. WG, \$7.50. WW, \$8.00.

Oil Trade Notes

The Manning Oil Mill, Manning, S. C., producing cottonseed oil, was purchased recently by F. D. Hunter.

Lewis R. Atwood, president of the National Paint Oil and Varnish Assn., was the guest of honor at a dinner of the Philadelphia Paint, Oil and Varnish Club held at the Bourse Restaurant on Jan. 12.

Sales managers of paint and varnish manufacturers are being invited to attend a one-day conference of the Sales Managers' Council to be held in Cleveland on June 8. Discussion of paint selling problems will be the object of getting together.

The Philadelphia Oil Trades Association held its tenth annual banquet at the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel, Philadelphia, on Thursday evening, Jan. 18. About 160 attended, among whom was a delegation of thirty men from New York trades, headed by A. I. Dunn of Cook & Swan, Inc.

Toch Brothers and the Durex Chemical Corp. announce removal of their sales offices to 110 E. 42nd st., New York, with telephone numbers 6745-6-7-8 Vanderbilt. In seventy-five years Toch Brothers have moved only four times. The paint and varnish factory is located in Long Island City.

Chicago has been selected for the 1923 joint meetings of the National Paint, Oil and Varnish, Assn., the National Varnish Manufacturers' Assn., and the Paint Manufacturers' Assn. of the United States, as the result of a joint committee meeting held in Chicago on Jan. 18 and presided over by Ernest T. Trigg. The conventions will meet during the week of Oct. 22.

000

The amount of crude cottonseed oil produced from Aug. 1 to Dec. 31 amounted to 614,360,021 lbs., and the amount shipped out to 542,050,718 lbs., according to the Census Bureau. The supply on hand on Dec. 31, last, was 106,987,536 lbs. The production of refined oil from Aug. 1 to Dec. 31 was 447,222,537 lbs., and the supply on hand on that date was 145,670,996 lbs.

PAINT AND VARNISH EXPORTS GAINING

Although there is still a loss from 1921 of \$884,273 in the exports of pigments, paints and varnishes, during 1922, the percentage of decrease has dropped from approximately 18 per cent for the 10 months, January-October, to less than 8 per cent for the 11 months, January-November according to the Chemical Division of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. Since March of 1922 there has been a steady gain each month over 1921, figures for which are:

Exports of Paints	and Varni	shes.
Months	1921	1922
January\$	2,577,342	\$ 797,646
February		773,420
March	927,072	1,057,347
April	878,229	938,145
May	777,762	1,020,243
June	829,092	995,202
July	742,306	855,193
August	636,157	906,552
September	644,798	950,980
October		1,035,763
November		1,068,668

Some of the individual items of this class for the eleven months of 1922 were: Zinc oxide, 6,841,372 pounds (\$514.118); lithopone, \$2,964,431 pounds (\$156,800); bone black, 1,922,908 pounds (\$108,962); carbon and lamp black, 16,265,409 pounds (\$1,904,987); red lead and litharge, 3,173,191 pounds (\$275,367); white lead, 8,395,820 pounds (\$643,671); enamel paints, 1,309,-131 pounds (\$366,120); ready-mixed paints other than flat interior paints, 1,215,637 pounds (\$2,463,962); spirit varnishes, 39,977 gallons (\$69,493); and oil varnishes, 334,002 gallons (\$578,304).

WILL DELINT COTTONSEED CHEMICALLY

(Special to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Washington, D. C., Jan. 24.—A public-service patent has been granted at the request of the Department of Agriculture to Loren G. Polhamus, the inventor of the process of delinting cottonseed with gaseous hydrochloric acid. Chemical delinting with strong sulfuric acid also has been advised, with the probable advantage of disinfecting the seed as well as removing the fuzz, but no safe and practical process of chemically delinting large quantities of seed has been developed. The use of gaseous hydrochloric acid avoids the most serious difficulties, however, of the sulfuric acid treatment. Exposure of the dry seed to hydrochloric acid disintegrates the lint, so there is no need of the wetting, washing and drying of the seed that were the serious difficulties of the sulfuric acid treatment.

Protest of Frank J. Markwalter, New York, for a 5 per cent duty on Tetralene, a liquid detergent soap composed of soap, carbon tetrachloride, and less than 20 per cent alcohol, under Par. 66, Act of 1913, was sustained by the Board of Appraisers.

Robert B. French has been appointed Eastern sales manager for Harshaw, Fuller & Goodwin Co., Cleveland, and will have his headquarters in New York. Mr. French was formerly with Marx & Rawolle, and has had extensive experience in the glycerin business.

The plant of the American Cotton Oil Co. at Atlanta, Ga., was partially destroyed by fire on Jan. 14. The loss of \$10,000 was covered by insurance. The damaged portions will be rebuilt at once.

601

The Crude Drug Market

Current Spot Quotations of Crude Drugs, Page 241

BETTER BUYING IN SOME CRUDE DRUGS

Gives Semblance of Greater Activity to Whole Market
—Strong Undertone and Stiffly Held Prices General
—Stocks Insufficient to Cover Consumer Demands—
Dandelion and Gentian Up—Rhubarb and Tragacanth Easier

PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

	Advanced
Celery Seed, 1/2c fb.	Ginger, African, 1c lb.
Cloves, Zanzib., 1c lb.	Cochin, ½c tb.
Dandelion Root, 2c tb.	Pepper, Black, Sing., 1/2 tb.
Gambier, 1/2c lb.	White, Sing., 1/2c tb.
Gentian Root, 1/2c 1b.	Japan Wax, 1/20 fb.

Arabic Gum, Amb. Sts., ½c tb.

Caraway Seed, 1c tb.
Cumin Seed, 2c tb.

Declined
Malva Flowers, Black, 10c tb.
Rhubarb Root, 3c tb.
Tragacanth, No. 1, 5c tb.

Trend of the Market Last Last Last	Peak V	re- Var
Today Week Month Year	A 00 6	
Aconite Root, U.S.P \$.40 \$.40 \$.40 \$.22		12
Buchu Leaves, Short 1.10 1.10 1.15 1.08	4.00	.85
Cantharides, Russian 2.00 2.00 2.40 2.50	9.00	2.10
Cocculus Indicus03½ .03½ .03½ .06½		.03
Ergot, Spanish	4.50	.54
Insect Powder, pure70 .70 .70 .42	1.00	.28
Ipecac, Cartagena, pwd 2.00 2.00 1.75 1.60	4.50	1.35
Nux Vomica	.143/2	.07
Opium, gum 6.75 6.75 5.50	30.00 5	5.00
Rhubarb Root, H. D42 .45 .45 .50	1.75	.15
Tragacanth, No. 1, ribbon. 1.75 1.80 1.80 2.50	6.00	1.50
Wild Cherry Bk., thin nat09 .09 .09	.21	.07
Average 1.38 1.38 1.37 1.36	5.28 1	1.00

Broadened movements in a few crude drugs have given a semblance of greater activity to the market generally. Buying throughout the list has continued more or less cramped with the exception of the active products. A strong undertone and stiffly maintained prices, which ordinarily go hand in hand with a market characterized by plentiful orders, still are very prominent in the current situation. The general belief among dealers appears to be that spot stocks and primary market holdings combined are much smaller in their comparative ratio to potential consuming demand for botanicals than they ordinarily are at this time of the year. Gambier, gentian root, dandelion root, peppers, cloves, celery seed and Japan wax are firmer. Caraway seed, rhubarb root, tragacanth gum, cumin seed, and black malva flowers are easier.

Aloes—Curacao aloes slightly easier on spot at 6c@-6½clb for cases as to quantity. Whole Socotrine 30c. Cape whole 7c.

Aniseed—Spanish seed strong at 25clb spot with demand rather quiet owing to the high price. Small sales at 25½c and 26c. Star seed at 15clb.

Arabic Gum—While 19c spot bales appeared best for amber sorts last week, offers this week at 18½c spot are heard. Demand steady. Powdered 21c@23cbbls.

Arnica Flowers—Continue weak and under pressure of new offers on spot. Price unchanged at 12clb spot bales.

Asafetida—Soft and quiet on spot. Whole lump cases dull and easy at 32c@35elb. Powdered 59c@63c as to seller and quantity.

Balsams—Peru is the most active. After selling inside last week at \$2.25, offers again from importers are heard at \$2.10lb spot. Oregon very scarce. Little lots available \$1.75 and \$2.00 gal.

Buchu Leaves—Few developments noted this week. Nothing definite from Cape Town on shipment except reported 82c c.i.f. price. Spot firm with small lots moving at \$1.10@\$1.15lb as to seller. Less bales \$1.15@\$1.20.

Cannabis—U.S.P. spot goods still in dispute as to price. Lot offered at \$1.00 for assayed and 75c for unassayed. Other sellers firm and unchanged at \$2.00 for U.S.P., claiming cost does not warrant any price under this. True indica very dull and in small demand at \$5.75.

Cantharides—Russian easy and dull at \$2.00lb for whole cases and \$2.25 for powder. Chinese firm at \$1.10 and \$1.30.

Caraway Seed—Spot seed is easier at 29clb on larger offerings of recent imports and lessened demand. Reports of shipment figures of 30c c.i.f. from Holland are still heard.

Cardamom Seed—Decorticated unchanged at 70c@ 72clb spot. Green grinding at 75clb, Both very strong. Shipment former at 65c c.i.f.

Cascara Sagrada—Spot stocks of 1922 peel are much smaller and demand is good. Prices tend to firmer levels, 13½c@14clb spot bales now being inside, the latter for moderate quantities.

Celery Seed—Prices have reacted from the 23½c level and now stand at 24c inside for spot bags with goods afloat at 23c c.i.f.

Chamomile Flowers—Hungarians soft and quiet with prices unchanged at 18c ranging up to 20c as to seller and quality. Romans at \$1.25@\$1.30lb spot which is slightly under last week's best price.

Cloves—Spot prices are a cent higher this week at 24clb spot Zanzibar cloves in bales. Feb.-Mar. shipment is 23c and 23½c. Strong and tending upward according to the local trade.

Coriander Seed—Spot Morocco natural 12c@13c as to quality. Bleached 15c. Bombay spot offered now 11clb.

Cubeb Berries—Buying of one or two large lots has reduced spot stocks and position is firmer although 82½c@85clb is still named for XX in bags.

Cumin Seed—New goods if and when released at 30c lb. available.

Culvers Root—Still scarce at 70clb whole root spot. . Powdered and cut 65c.

Dandelion Root—Very firm and tending upward. Spot as to seller at 12c@14clb. Cost to import about 14c.

Ergot—Spanish for shipment 45c c.i.f. Russian at 40c c.i.f. Spot firmer at 60c@62clb bags. More interest shown by buyers.

Fennel Seed—French spot at 17c@17½clb as to seller. German offered at 28c, but high price is apparently little inducement to buy.

Fenugreek Seed—Much firmer and in smaller supply at 73/4c@8clb spot.

Gentian Root-Firmer and apparently inside on spot now at 9clb for whole root.

Ginger-African higher at 12c spot. Cochin lemon

and A.B.C. now inside at 13c here. Jamaica new crop grinding 27c up. Old crop at 33c to 40c as to quality.

Henna Leaves—Reported cheap lots on the spot market. Regular crude drug importers holding at 19c-@21clb bales as to seller and quantity. Tending easier.

Insect Powder—Has quieted down somewhat, but holds very strong at 70clb spot for pure powder.

Jalap Root-Whole U.S.P. at 34c spot. Powdered 35c@36clb bbls.

Japan Wax-Slightly firmer here at 15clb inside spot

Lycopodium—Continues soft, but in steady demand at 45c up to 50clb as to seller and quantity.

Malva Flowers-Black cut further to 65clb for spot goods.

Rhubarb—Dull and easier on competition at 42c@-43clb spot cases whole. Powdered unchanged at 50c@-52c

Sassafras Bark—Strong and higher. Many qualities on spot from 22c up to 30clb, all called selected.

Tragacanth—No. 1 white ribbons easier here at \$1.75 lb. spot cases.

Uva Ursi-Firmer and in better demand at 5½c@ 6clb.

Crude Drug Notes

A meeting of the Drug & Chemical Square Club was held on Tuesday evening at 41 E. 42nd st., New York. A number of new candidates from the chemical and drug trades were initiated. Thomas R. Freebody, reelected president for 1923, presided.

I. L. Lyons and Co., Ltd., wholesale drug house of New Orleans, held its fourth annual sales convention recently. Delegates to the convention were welcomed by J. W. Phillips, vice-president and addressed by L. E. Lyons secretary, I. L. Lyons, Jr., and B. R. Holmes, credit manager.

The annual dinner of the Calvert Drug Co., a cooperative buying corporation, of which a large number of the Baltimore druggists are members, took place on the evening of Jan. 18 at the Emerson Hotel. President and General Manager R. E. Lee Williamson acted as toastmaster.

Albert H. Smith has been elected president of Gilman Bros., Boston wholesale drug house. He has been acting as president since the death of the former president, John A. Gilmore. Chas. H. Tambling, was elected vice-president and treasurer; C. E. Hope, second vice-president, and E. F. Glavin, clerk.

Trade in platinum showed improvement during the year just closed when imports increased considerably. Imports of unmanufactured platinum amounted to 72,140 ounces, nearly 11,000 ounces more than during the whole of 1921. It was estimated that 200,000 ounces were available for consumption in 1922, according to James W. Hill of the Geological Survey. More than half of the imports came from the Republic of Colombia, and some from Russia through England. Prices ranged from \$87.50 to \$90 an ounce throughout most of the year, but advanced to \$108 in the fall and to \$118 toward the close of the year.

JAVA'S EXPORTS OF QUININE DECLINE BUT BARK SHIPMENTS ARE INCREASING

Holland Gets the Bulk of Cinchona Exports—Great
Britain Gets Largest Share of Quinine—Bandoeng
Quinine Works Forced to Reduce Output Owing to
Business Depression.

(Special Correspondence to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

The Hague, Holland, Jan. 12.—Shipments of quinine salts from Java for ten months of 1922 show a material decrease as compared with those for the corresponding period of the two previous years. In 1921 the Bandoeng Quinine Works (the only quinine factory of Java) was still able to dispose of its products without any difficulty and at high prices, but the trade changed considerably from the beginning of 1921, the general depression being also increasingly felt, so that much less could be exported, and the plant had to cut down its capacity. The following table shows the quinine trade with leading countries:

Countries:	1920 kilos	Ten Months 1921 kiles	1922 kilos
Holland	15,564 27,406 80,589	145,514 9,532 12,633	10,999
Italy Greece	15,961 12,890	37,440 12,545 8,258	30,067 6,082
Egypt British India Hongkong	37,167 19,248 2,543	28,739 1,565	24,929 1,143
China Iapan Other destinations	8,102 14,960 19,023	596 459 4,374	6,092 10,391 8,774
Totals	253,453	261,635	99,859

Exports of cinchona bark, on the other hand, were active during the past year. In 1921 shipments totalled 4,601,000 kilos, against 4,526,000 in 1920, but during ten months of 1922 5,593,000 kilos were exported. As in previous years, Holland was the principal country of destination. whereas smaller quantities found their way to Great Britain, British India and Japan, as shown in the following table:

Countries: 1920 kilos	Ten Months 1921 kilos	1922 kilos
Holland 2,745,000 Great Britain 504,000 British India 41,000 Japan 41,000 Other destinations 21,000	2,875,000 518,000 340,000 580,000 17,000	4,257,000 234,000 447,000 653,000 2,000
Totals 3,711,000	4,330,000	5,593,000

The domestic production of bauxite in 1922 was at least twice as large as in 1921 and may reach a total of 300,000 long tons, according to James M. Hill, of the United States Geological Survey. During the first six months of 1922 the imports of bauxite averaged about 1,500 long tons per month, but since June they have been more than 3,000 tons a month. Domestic operations in Arkansas and eastern fields were larger, though car shortage in the fall limited to some extent the production in Arkansas.

G. N. Lewis, dean of the College of Chemistry, and J. H. Hildebrand, professor of chemistry, University of California, received the Distinguished Service Medal from the United States War Department at San Francisco Presidio, Jan. 12. Prof. Lewis was Lieut.-Col. in the Chemical Warfare Service. Prof. Hildebrand was also a Lieut.-Col. in the Chemical Warfare Service, and was commandant of the Chemical War Service Experimental Field of the A. E. F.

Approximately 20,000,000 brass vanity cases, for face powders, rouge and other cosmetics, were manufactured in the United States last year. Only half that number were distributed in 1921.

The Essential Oil Market

Current Spot Quotations of Essential Oils,

CITRONELLA & CLOVES ATTRACT BUYERS

Center of Interest in Quiet Market—Citronella Higher
—Resale Cloves Only to be Had—Sandalwood Firmer—Lemon and Bergamot Weak—Technical Anise
Easier—Sharp Break in Menthol

PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Oil Citronella, Ceylon, 1c tb. Oil Sandalwood, U.S.P., 10c tb.
Oil Lemongrass, 5c tb. Methyl Salicylate, Resale, 5c tb

Oil Anise, Tech., 2c tb. Oil Limes, Dist., 2c tb. Menthol, 75c tb.

Tre	nd of t	he Ma	rket			
	Today	Last Week	Last Month	Last Year	War Peak	Pre- War
Oil Bergamottb.	\$2.75	\$2.75	\$3.00	\$5.00	\$7.00	\$5.00
Oil Citronella, Ceylon	.60	.59	.55	.42	.92	.60
Oil Cloves	2.00	2.00	2.25	2.25	3.70	1.40
Oil Lemon	.65	.65	.70	.65	1.70	2.00
Oil Peppermint, Nat	2.90	2.90	3.00	1.70.	9.00	2.25
Oil Sandalwood, E. I	7.10	7.00	7.00	7.25	13.00	5.25
Oil Sassafras, Artif	.42	.42	.42	.50	1.00	.26
Benzaldehyde, U.S.P	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.25	5.15	1.50
Coumarin	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.75	31.00	3.10
Methyl Salicylate, Cans	.62	.62	.57	.40	1.00	.90
Vanillin	.45	.45	.45	.55	.95	.29
Average	2.08	2.08	2.10	2.18	6.83	2.05

While generally quiet conditions are reported in the essential oil business, one or two houses indicate that the past week has brought to them a material increase in orders. Actual changes have been confined to a few leading items, the list as a whole remaining more or less dormant. Price movements are mixed, some items continuing to display weakness while others mark time with values unchanged. Oils of cloves and citronella have played the leading roles during the week with both working toward higher prices and displaying notable activity. Peppermint has become very quiet with the country position not quite so strong. Bergamot, lemon and orange oils are still very weak. Anise is easier. Sandalwood is climbing and is in a very strong position.

Essential Oils

Oil Anise—Larger offers of technical on spot have brought out a 48c price as against 50c last week. U.S.P. lead free goods still held at 55c inside, however. Demand slow.

Oil Bergamot—Imports of 280 cases last week, coming to a market already very weak and sagging, did not help matters on spot. Prices are still named at \$2.75@ \$3.00 lb, for standard brands, but weak at that level. Demand is very slow.

Oil Camphor—Dull and quiet, Imports last week of about 100 drums at New York. Prices unchanged at 14½c@15c lb. for spot white in drums or cases.

Oil Caraway—Not quite so strong. Demand has been confined to small lots for some time. Spot U.S.P. at \$6.00@\$6.25 lb. A thousand bags of seed in at New York last week from Rotterdam.

Oil Cassia—U.S.P. cassia maintains a strong position unchanged on spot. Holders ask \$2.10@\$2.15 lb. and sales are being made at these figures daily. Imports last week at New York 100 cases of technical from Hongkong.

Oil Citronella-Active and continues very strong. Prices continue to creep upward on spot. Sales of page 245; Aromatic Chemicals, page 246

drums reported at 60c lb. with holders asking 61c in some instances and up to 62c lb. for cases. Shippers are still very bullish and moving up prices at every opportunity. Cables late last week and early this week named from 62c up to 65c c.i.f. for Ceylon for Jan.-Feb. shipment. Citronella seems to have reached this level a little too rapidly and a reaction during the next month would not be surprising. Shippers have been riding the market hard for six weeks or so, and have been successful in driving up prices. A factor here, however, who is not short, stated early this week that the price was very likely to break in the near future. Java oil also strong on spot at 85c. Said to be scarce in first hands.

Oil Cloves—Looks to higher prices judging by spice position. Spot goods at 23c last week have become 24c. London persistently trying to buy back clove contracts from America. Spot oil is all in hands of resellers as distillers are contracted to limit. If one is a regular old customer, it was reported, \$1.90 might be done on spot, although definite instances where \$2.15 was paid late last week are known. Distillers stopped selling futures this week owing to their inability to handle further business for some time. Small lots are commanding up to \$2.25 here.

Oil Eucalyptus—Consumers buying steadily and prices on U.S.P. oil are firm at 42½c@45clb., for spot drums or cases.

Oil Geranium—Good quality Bourbon oil selling freely on spot at \$5.50lb. Ranges to \$6.00 as to quality. Shipment market has developed little of interest since its decline of a week ago. Turkish is held nominally at \$4.50. African oil commanding \$8.50.

Oil Hemlock—Spot stocks are still small and only limited offerings are heard from the country. Spot holders asking \$1.45lb.

Oil Lemon—Has long been a weak spot in the market and shows no signs of improving in the near future. Imports at New York last week totaled 450 cases. Shippers seem unable to hold their end up and large amount of material in this market continues to exert a depressing effect. Can be had at 65c@70clb. in a large way, ranging to 70c@80c for smaller lots as to brand.

Oil Lemongrass—Firmer position abroad reflected in slight advance in spot prices. Now quoted at 80c @85c.

Oil Limes—Distilled oil available under previous level at 48c@50clb. Expressed material continues at \$1.65@\$1.75lb. Market rather quiet.

Oil Mustard—Has jumped to \$3.00@\$3.25lb. in sympathy with reduction in spot stocks. Both domestic and imported goods are named at those figures, with little to be had in any quarter.

Oil Orange—Quiet and uninteresting. Italian sweet oil offered at \$2.40@\$2.50 and West Indian at \$2.20@\$2.35. Sicilian market continues soft. American product unchanged at \$2.65@\$2.70. Imports from Messina last week totaled 171 cases.

Oil Peppermint—Virtually at a standstill. City sellers have kept out of country market and consumers have practically withdrawn. Price is \$2.90@\$3.00 for natural

and $\$3.15 \otimes \3.25 for redistilled on spot. Predictions for lower prices.

Oil Rosemary—In active demand. Prices firmer in all directions. U.S.P. oil in drums at 42½c. Tins 45c@ 48c. Technical goods quoted at 40c@45c in drums or tins.

Oil Sandalwood—Has advanced to \$7.10@\$7.25 spot. Firmness abroad. Material in this market is in strong hands.

Oil Wormseed—Can be had at \$3.85@\$4.00. Spot stocks continue limited and are closely held. Country market comparatively quiet.

Aromatic Chemicals

Eucalyptol-Strong and in steady demand at 80c lb. spot U.S.P. in cans.

Menthol—Sharp break in price on spot late last week. Spot lots sold down to \$8.20 in a limited way, and sales of round quantities at \$8.00 were reported. Buying has been limited. Shipment heard at \$7.50 c.i.f. with little interest at present.

Methyl Salicylate—Resellers have advanced their prices to 55c lb. inside for cans on spot as against 50c last week. Makers ask 60c for drums and 62c for cases.

Terpineol—Very strong at current prices. Drums from makers 50c, cans 55c up as to quality. Imported 70c on spot.

SICILIAN LEMON OIL LOWER

(Special Correspondence to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Catania, Sicily, Jan. 14.—Little business was possible in essential oils in December owing to fluctuations in foreign exchange, and to the holidays. The following table shows the price changes:

Lire	Lire	Lire
Lemon juice 6.25	5.75-6.25	5.75-6.25
Sweet orange22.50	19.00	22.50
Bitter orange23.00	20.00	21.00
Mandarine40-45	40-45	40-45
Rergamot oil40	35	37

The price of lemon juice (old product) declined from lire 6.50 to lire 5.75, and the product of the new harvest from lire 7.00 to lire 6.25, then remaining unchanged until the end of the month.

Exports of perfumery, cosmetics and other toilet preparations for the eleven months, January-November, 1922, rose in value from \$4,326,285 in 1921 to \$5,733,823. During the eleven months of 1922 there were exported 3,616,338 pounds of dentifrices valued at \$2,169,625, 1,883,559 pounds of creams, rouges and other cosmetics valued at \$869,736, and 3,412,286 pounds of talcum and other toilet powders valued at \$1,294,790.

The 1923 Year Book and Diary published by the "Perfumery and Essential Oil Record," of London, has been issued and contains much valuable statistical data, crop information, application, analyses, and other material on essential oils.

The Perfumery, Soap and Allied Industries of New York will hold a special meeting at Murray's, 42nd st., west of Seventh ave., on Friday, Jan. 26. William H. Green will preside. Dinner will be served at 6:45.

Julian W. Lyon, president of Julian W. Lyon & Co., New York, has sailed on a two months trip to England, France and Holland.

EFFECT OF EXCHANGE ON ITALIAN OILS

Milan, Jan. 12.—The decline in essential oils on the Milan market during December is shown in the following table:

Dec. 7 Lire	Dec. 15 Lire	Dec. 29 Lire
Sweet orange . 97.50-102.50 Bitter orange . 99.00-100.00		85.00- 90.00 82.50- 87.50
Bergamot oil150.00-155.00	142-146	132.50-137.50
Lemon juice 27.00- 30.00 Mandarine185.00-190.00		26.00- 29.00 185.00-195.00

The changes were brought by fluctuations in the value of the lira, that brought the United States dollar from lire 19.20 to lire 18.80, and then to lire 19.90; and the English pound sterling from lire 90 to lire 88, and then to lire 92.50. The prices of other essential oils remained firm.

THE RIGHT SORT OF SALESMAN

Twelve characteristics of the "Right Sort of Salesman" which recently were written for "Publishers' Weekly" by Alfred J LaBelle, are just as applicable to the chemical and drug salesman of today as to the seller of any other product. The rules for the "right sort" follow: The right sort of salesman is one who takes an interest in customers and treats them as they themselves would like to be treated if they were purchasing in another store.

Who will handle customers so that they feel satisfied with the goods they purchase and the service they receive.

3. Who will study each customer with a view to additional sales then, or at some future time.

4. Whose work is founded on knowledge of the goods sold.

5. Who gives satisfactory service so that the customer returns. Returning customers are necessary to a successful business. One can begin with a single customer and build a business founded on service.

6. Who believes in brains rather than standardization—you cannot standardize to meet every requirement. There is the same difference as between learning by rote and learning so that you know the meaning. Standardization fits you for one business. Brains fit you for any business.

7. Who enters wholeheartedly into co-operation with employers to represent goods so that the general business may be profitable, in fact, become real co-workers. The best type not merely works for an employer, he works with him. This can be conscientiously done, because the average bookstore's general policy provides that only meritorious books and merchandise shall be especially featured and no circular matter sent out on books not considered worth while.

8. Who realizes bad grammar is a hindrance to good salesmanship.

9. Who realizes personal appearance makes a difference.

Who realizes physical health makes a difference.
 Who realizes moral character makes a difference.

12. Who realizes dignity, if not overdone, helps.

A good cooking syrup can be made from sweet corn stalks that can be put on the market and meet competition with molasses, and the average corn cannery has available material for making 30,000 to 80,000 gallons of this syrup per year, Dr. J. J. Willaman of the Minnesota Section of the American Chemical Society reported at the recent convention of the Minnesota Canners' Association in Minneapolis.

Clin

(a)

The Consuming Industries

Trade Tips for Sellers

The Kennedy Paper Co., Shelbyville, Ind., is erecting a \$30,000 plant addition, in order to provide for

The Bastrop Pulp & Paper Co., Bastrop, La., plans to install additional machinery which will increase the daily output of its plant 50 tons.

The Model Tire Co., Pottstown, Pa., has broken ground for the erection of a one-story addition to its plant. George H. Starkweather heads the company.

The George C. Whitney Co., Worcester, Mass., makers of paper products, are constructing a 6-story addition to their plant. The cost is estimated at

The Holyoke Gummed Products Co., 9 Suffolk st., South Hadley, Mass., is erecting a \$40,000 one-story addition to its plant in order to increase production of gummed papers.

The General Tire & Rubber Co., East Akron, O., will place three new units in operation early next month. The present output, placed at 2,500 tires per day, will be doubled by the addition.

A new cotton mill will be erected at Bladenboro, N. C. J. L. Bridger, who is interested in the enterprise, has purchased machinery. This brings the number of local mills up to three.

A new filtration plant is being built at the Galax, Va., municipal water works. It will have a capacity of 500,000 gallons. The Carolina Engineering Co., Wilmington, N. C., has charge of construction.

Paper mills at Windsor Locks, Conn., have adopted a capacity schedule. The mills are working day and night on 8-hour shifts. The American Writing Paper Co., C. H. Dexter & Sons, and the Windsor Locks Paper Mills, Inc., are the companies affected.

The Ragan Spinning Co., capitalized at \$500,000, which is building a plant at Gastonia, N. C., is the one hundred and third cotton mill to locate in Gaston County. It is expected that the mill will be producing by September of this year.

Rogersville, Tenn., was selected as a location for the Taubel-Scott-Kitzmiller Co.'s new hosiery mill, which will open in the near future. The Business Men's League, of which T. J. Price is chairman, induced the concern to build at Rogersville.

The Nekoosa-Edwards Paper Co., Port Edwards, Ontario, plans to erect a new paper mill on a local site. The concern operates mills at Port Edwards and Nekoosa. When the new plant is finished the production of the combined mills will be more than 200 tons of paper per day.

The Trenton Textile Mills, Inc., Trenton, Tenn., recently organized with capital of \$125,000, will take over the Lovera Cotton Mills. Extensive improvements are under way. The officers are Sol Shatz, Kenton, president, I. F. Phillips, Trenton, manager, and Fred Owen, Milan, secretary-treasurer.

Numerous American manufacturers, who are extensive users of rubber, are considering plans whereby they can develop their own sources of supply in South America. The restrictions placed on production in the Far East by the British Government, together with the export tax, which adds \$100,000,000 yearly to the cost in American markets, are prompting this action.

New Consuming Companies

Franks Chemical Co., Brooklyn, \$50,000. To make soaps, etc. A. M. Rosenthal, J. M. Franks, P. M. Lah; attorneys, Davis, Siegel & Nathan, 34th st. & Broadway.

Dutchess Co., Chemical Co., Dover, Del., \$600,000. To make cleaning materials. H. C. Schuckhaus, Jersey City, M. A. Kerin, New York; A. H. Wylie, Washington, D. C.; Capital Trust Co. of Delaware.

Georgia Chemical Products Co., Marietta, Ga., \$5,000. Paul Camp, Marietta.

Ackerman Color Co., New York City, \$100,000. To make paints and dyes. M. M. Willens, E. S. Goddin, S. L. Nuhaus; attorney, S. E. Harwitz, 250 5th ave.

Enterprise Chemical Co., Huntington, W. Va., \$100,000. A. J. King, G. D. Miller, J. L. Wilson, Huntington.

Charex Chemical Co, Rochester, N. Y., \$25,000. H. I. Williamson; attorney, C. E. Bostwick, Rochester.

Leighton Chemical Co., Colchester, Del., \$150,000. To make wood alcohol. F. Leighton, E. L. White, E. N. Cary; attorney, A. G. Paterson, Walton, Del.

City Chemical Co., 67 Van Winckle ave., Jersey City, N. J., \$125,000. Max, Henry and Jerome Wolpert.

Smith & Wesson, Inc., Springfield, Mass., \$2,500,000. To make chemicals, fertilizers and firearms. J. S. Eastman, Methuen, Mass.; C. A. Coolidge, Jr., Boston; A. G. Catheron, Beverly, Mass. General Supply & Chemical Co., Trenton, N. J., \$100,000. To make dyes, chemicals, etc. B. A. Leyson, H. M. Tobin, 28 Woolverton st., Trenton.

Essex Analytical Laboratories, Inc., 810 Broad st., Newark, 100,000. To make chemicals. Corporation Trust Co., 37 Wall st., \$100,000. To New York.

Girard & Co., Inc., 288 Johnson ave., Newark, \$200,000. To make hemicals and drugs. Corporation Trust Co., 37 Wall st., New

Albert H. Beck Co., Philadelphia, \$50,000. To make glass prod-cts. R. M. Beck, 3935 N. 7th st, Philadelphia.

Raydnt Corp., Pittsburgh, \$25,000. To make varnishes and olishes. Capital Trust Co. of Delaware, Dover. L. J. Tillery Oil Co., Beaumont, Tex., \$85,000. To make petroleum products. L. J. Tillery, J. D. Campbell, C. G. Hooks, Beaumont.

American Vito Food Corp., Wilmington, \$500,000. Colonial

Advance Candy Co., New York, \$30,000. C. L. and D. J. L. Josephson; attorneys, Horwitz, Rosston & Hort, 115 Broadway. D'Heraud of Paris, New York, \$20,000. To make perfumes. L. and P. Blume, M. L. Cohen; attorney, S. M. Newman, 63 Park Row

Strunk & Son, Inc., 354 Washington st., Newark, \$125,000. To make candy and ice cream.

Bard & Margelies, Inc., Brooklyn, \$200,000. To make candy.
J. Bard, 1153 East 22nd st., Brooklyn.
Amarex Corp., New York, \$20,000. To make chemical products.
F. Ferranti, O. Rodinella; attorneys, Holmes, Rogers & Carpenter,
20 Broad st., New York.

Semple Manufacturing Co., Trenton, N. J., \$100,000. To the tubes. C. H. Semple, W. B. John, J. W. Miller.

Penninsula Rubber Co., Boston, \$90,000. To make rubber goods. ndrew P. and Lawrence F. Keegan, 505 West 6th st., Boston. Joseph A. Magillo, Inc., New York, \$10,000. To make chemical pecialties. J. A. Magillo, S. S. Beimstein; attorney, J. A.

Joseph A. Magillo, Inc., New York, \$10,000. To make chemical specialties. J. A. Magillo, S. S. Beimstein; attorney, J. A. O'Rourke, 299 Broadway.
California Products Co., Houston, Tex., \$25,000. To make extracts, etc. G. A. MacFarland, A. D. Baker, O. E. Gilleland, Houston. Sanford Mfg. Co., 846 West Congress st., Chicago, \$220,000. To make inks, paste, sealing wax, and kindred specialties. W. K. Ottis, R. P. Kelley, W. C. Boyden, Jr.
Smith-Alsop South Bend Paint Co., South Bend, Ind., \$25,000. To make paints, varnishes, etc. E. A. White, G. W. Frederick, F. E. Dix. South Bend.
Keystone Carbon Co., Huntington, W. Va., \$2,000,000. To make

Keystone Carbon Co., Huntington. W. Va., \$2,000,000. To make arbon and oil products. T. W. Scott, H. Blaidell, H. T. Lovett, carbon and Huntington

The Foreign Markets

Imports of Drugs and Chemicals, page 247

FOREIGN EXCHANGE Par C	urren
Great Britain (pound sterling)\$4.886	\$4.662
France (franc)	.066
Italy (lira)	.048
Germany (mark) per hundred23,80	.005
Czechoslovakia (crown) per hundred20.30	2.800
Poland (mark) per hundred23.80	.003
Japan (yen)	.486
Spain (peseta)	.156
Holland (guilder)	.395
Belgium (franc)	.060
Switzerland (franc)	.187
Sweden (crown)	.268
Denmark (crown)	.193
Argentina (peso)	.373
Brazil (milreis)	.115
China (Silver dollar-Hongkong)	.533
(Tael-Shanghai, silver) 1.082	.731
(Tael—Peking, silver) 1.156	.770

HELIUM AT 10 CENTS PER FOOT

Liquefaction of helium, obtained from the natural gases of Canada, has been accomplished in the laboratory of Toronto University by Professor John C. McLennan. The feat, it is declared, has never been performed outside of Holland where helium was liquefied for the first time in 1908 by Professor Kammerlingh Onnes. The Canadian experiments show that helium can be produced at less than 10 cents per cubic foot, whereas the original Holland experiments cost \$1,500 per cubic foot. Helium is obtained now in large quanties from natural gases and petroleum refineries. It is non-inflammable and non-explosive, and possesses 92 per cent of the lifting power of hydrogen, making it suitable for filling air ship envelopes.

WHERE VENICE TURPENTINE IS MADE

Venice turpentine is produced in the Province of Venetia Tridentine, formerly Austrian Tyrol territory, in the northern part of Italy. In this region the species of the pine known as larch is found in abundance on the slopes of the Appenines, and the distillation of turpentine from the wood of this tree forms an important industry, according to Vice Consul Deming, of Venice, Italy. Venice or Tyrol larch turpentine is sold by weight; No. 5 grade brings wholesale about 15 cents a pound. A list of producers of Venice turpentine may be had upon application to the district and co-operative offices of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce or to the Chemical Division of the Bureau at Washington; refer to file No. 76910.

HOW ARGOLS ARE PRECIPITATED

It is estimated that southern France and North Africa produce on an average 10,000 tons of argols per annum, writes Consul Frost, of Marseilles. Argols are the crystals which form on the sides of wine casks, the precipitation being about 1 millimeter (less than four one-hundredths of an inch) per annum. These crystals contain 75 per cent of cream of tartar. Sometimes the scraping of the casks is deferred until two or three years' precipitation has accumulated. The higher the alcoholic content of wine the lower is the precipitation of argols, so that the ordinary red wines with 9 degrees of alcohol give more tartar than the high-grade wines with 12 to 20 degrees of alcohol.

SALICYLATES HIGHER IN LONDON

Advance Announced in Oil of Cloves—Firmer Prices for Prussiate of Soda, Shellac, Orange and Lemon Oils and Potassium Permanganate—Japanese Mint Oil, Thymol, Menthol and Oxalic Acid Are Lower

(Special Cable to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

London, Jan. 24.—Trading in drugs and chemicals has been quiet during the week, with few price changes. Oil of cloves has been advanced. The salicylates are higher.

Prices are firmer for prussiate of soda, shellac, orange oil and potassium permanganate.

Lower prices are announced on oxalic acid, Japanese mint oil, thymol and menthol.

London, Jan. 13 (By Mail)—Stock-taking is the order of the day and so soon as more attention is paid to products required for replenishment there will be an increased demand. Quotations are practically at a standstill. The next Drug Auctions on Jan. 25 may bring out some features of interest. Large arrivals from Japan and China are reported, but there is no market in these lines.

Opium from Smyrna is lower, although stocks are reduced, but manufacturers of morphine have advanced their quotations for salts by 3d per oz., muriate powder being quoted at 8s 9d per oz. Definite orders would be accepted at 2d to 3d per oz less. Codeine is unchanged at 14s for pure and 10s 6d for salts.

Hexamine is firmer at 3s per 1b.

Benzoic acid has been a bone of contention between manufacturers and the Board of Trade. Home producers were induced to go into the manufacture of benzoate of soda on the promise of Government support by allowing the acid to come in free and unrestricted as raw material. The position has been lately reversed by an import duty, or withdrawal of licenses for benzoic acid, and the free import allowed for the benzoate of soda. Both products are only nominal at 1s 10d to 2s per 1b.

Strychnine has been reduced by makers owing to the lower value of nux vomica. Prices are: Pure Cryst B.P. 4s 4d per oz; powder 4s 3d per oz; hydrochlorate 3s 7d

Salicylates are firm; soda salicylate 1s 10d per 1b; crystals 2s per 1b; acid 1s 4d per 1b.

It is reported that there is every probability of a metallurgical plant being established in Istria, Italy, where large bauxite deposits occur. A comprehensive report on the deposits giving analyses of the ores has been made by Consul Haven of Trieste, Italy, and will be sent to interested American firms upon application to the Iron and Steel Division, Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Washington.

The North Atlantic Salt and Chemical Co., Ltd., has been incorporated in Canada with \$499,000 capital and head office at Moncton, N. B., for the development of salt, lime, limestone and gypsum in New Brunswick. The incorporators are Matthew Cabot Lodge and Ivan C. Rand, of Moncton, and George J. Ross, of Sydney, N. S.

Prices Current of Fine and Heavy Chemicals, Drugs, Essential Oils, Dyestuffs and Oils

CLASSIFICATION-Prices quoted herein listed in the following groups: Chemicals, including heavy and technical chemicals, fine and medicinal chemicals, aromatic chemicals and isolates, crudes and intermediates from coal-tar, various fine alkaloids, and miscellaneous products; Crude Drugs, Essential Oils, including oleoresins; Fatty Oils, including Animal, Vegetable and Fish Oils, Greases, Fats, and Tallow; Tanning and Dye Extracts, including miscellaneous natural tanning woods, extracts, etc. All groups are arranged in straight alphabetical order.

Packages-Prices are for large quantities in original packages of the customary trading units of weight or measure. A container given in connection with a price does not necessarily mean that this is the quantity on which the price is based. Containers named are the original packages most commonly sold in this market.

QUOTATIONS-Chemical prices quoted herein are those of American manufacturers unless otherwise specified. Quotations on imported chemicals are so designated. Where resale or "second hand" stock of any chemical product are sufficient to be considered a factor in determining the market, prices for goods in this class will be quoted in addition to makers' prices available, and indicated as such. Chemical prices quoted

herein are for goods spot New York or Metropolitan District, f. o. b. or ex-store, for immediate shipment, unless otherwise specified. Numerous domestic-made heavy or industrial chemical products are sold principally on a basis of f. o. b. works, and are thus quoted in the list herein, each instance of a "works" price, however, being specified as such.

Fatty Oils prices quoted herein are for goods spot New York unless otherwise noted; f. o. b. mills and Coast prices being designated as such. Crude Drugs and Essential Oils are quoted f. o. b. New York (Manhattan with limitations) for immediate shipment, Tanning and Dye Extracts are quoted spot New York un-

less otherwise noted.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES-All quotations are made on a basis of avoirdupois pounds and ounces, and American gallons. The following equivalents are given for the reference of exporters, importers, and foreign

- 1 Imperial Gallon (British)-1.20 American Gallons 1 American Gallon - .833 Imperial Gallon
- American Gallon -3.79 Liters
- 1 Liter - .264 American Gallon
- American Gallon (Water-8.35 Pounds Pound (Avoirdupois) -. 454 Kilograms
- -2.20 Pounds 1 Kilogram
- Style and Arrangement Copyright by DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS, 1922

Chemicals

ACETANILID, tech. 150 m bbls m	.27	: .28	ACID. Carbolio-(Continued)	*		Acid, hydrofluoric—(continued)		
100 lb kgslb	.28	: .30	Crude, 25% 50 gal bblsgal	.27	: .30	60% 100 b cby. wks b	:	.14
USP 200 m bbls		: .38	10%, 50 gal. bblsgal	.22	: .23	60% 300 D dr., wis D	:	.13
Second Hands	.34	: .35	Chloracetic.			White Acid, 100 lb chy. wks. lb	1	.26
Acetic Anhydride, 85% 480 m drs. m		: .36	mono 100 m bbls. wks m		: .30	White Acid, 10 chys. wks. Ib	:	.25
85%, 107 lb cbyslb		: .37	Di. 150 m ebys wks m			Hydrofluceiliele, 35% 450 m bbls.		
90% cbys		: .381/4	Tri. 425 lb bbls, wks lb		2.45	wks	.10 :	.12
Acatone, CP 700 lb drs. c/l wks lb		: .21	Chlorosulfonie, 1500 b drs.			Hypophosphorous, USP 30% 5	.40 .	
700 lb drs. lc/l wkslb		: .21%	wks	.15	: .16	gal. demis	:	.95
350 lb drs. lc/1 wks		: ,211/4	Chromie, USP 200 b drums Ib		: .40	USP, 10% 5 gal. demis ID	:	.35
Second Hands, spot ID		: .21	85% Pure, 200 D drums D			LACTIC, 22% dark 500 m bbls, m	.0416:	
Acetone Oils, light, bblsgal	.85	: .88	Chromotropic, 300 lb bbls lb		1,25	22% light, bbls Ib	.0514:	.05
Heavy, bblsgal	.90	: .93	Chrysophanic, see Chrysarobin			44% dark, bbls	.094:	
Acetophenone, CP 1 m bot m	4.00	: 4.25	Cinnamic, 5Th cans	2.75	: 3.00	44% light, bbls		.10
Acetphenetidin, 150 m bbls m	1.85	: 1.95	CITRIC, USP crust 230 D bbls. D			66% bbla	.10%:	.13
Acetyl Chloride, 100 h cbys h	.35	: .36	Powd., USP 200 m bbls. m			80% imported, bbls	.1436	.15
ACID, 1, 2, 4, 250 b bbls b		: .80	Imported, cryst. 112 lb kegs. lb	.4816		USP IX 100 m cbys m	.60 :	.70
Acetic, 28%, 400 h bbls. e/l			Single kegs			USP VIII 100 D cbys D	:	.55
wks100 m		: 3.17%	Cleves, 250 b bbls b		: 1.25	Laurent's, 250 lb bbls lb		
28%, le/l wks100 m		: 3.42%	Cresylic, 95% dark dr. resalegal	***	. 1.20		.80 :	.85
56%, c/l wks100 lb		: 6.35	97-99% straw, drs. wksgal			Metanilie, 250 lb bbls lb	:	1.00
56%, le/l wks100 m		: 6.60	97-99% straw, drs. Imp. gal		1.25	Mixed, sulfurie-nitrie		
70%, bbls, c/l wks100 m	***	: 7.94	97-99% decolor, drs. wks. gal			Drums, wks N Unit	.07%:	.08
70%, le/l wks100 lb		: 8.19		•••		Drums, wks	.01 :	.01%
80% coml. bbls. c/l wks.100 lb	***	: 9.08	Diethylbarbiturie, 10 lb lots,	0 50	: 10.50	Tank cars, wksN Unit	.0734:	.08
80% coml. le/l wks100 fb		: 9.33	Formic, 75% tech. 100 lb cbys. lb		: .18	Tank cars wks S Unit	.009 :	.01
80% pure bbls. c/l wks.100 lb		: 10.30	90%, 75 m ebys. incl m		: .18	Molybdie, 85% pure 1 h bot. h	1.75 :	1.85
80%, pure le/1 wks100 fb		: 10.85	Gallie, USP 150 m bbls m		.75	85% pure, 100 lb kegs lb	:	
Glacial, bbls. c/l wks100 fb	***		Gamma, 225 D bbls, wis D		1.85	Monosulfonie P, Delta. 50 B		
Glacial, le/l wks100 fb	***	: 12.30	Hols., ton lots wks		1.75	tins		
Glacial, USP cby wks100 h		: 12.80 : 1.05	Glycerophosphoric, 25% 1 D b. D		: 1.70		••• :	2.30
Acetylsalicylic, 220 m bbls m	.90	: .95	H. 350 m bbls. single m		: .80	MURIATIC, 20° cbys. le/1		
Second Hands			Bbls. ton lots wks		: .75	wks	1.25 :	
Anthranilic, ton lots drs ID		1.15	Hydriodic, 10% USP 510 bot. 10	.65	: .70	Cbys. e/l wks100 fb	1.10 :	
95-98%, 100 b drs b		: 1.30	Hydrobromie, 48% coml. 155 m			Tank cars, wks100 lb	1.00 :	1.10
99-100%, 100,b drs b Benzolc, tech. 100 bbls b		: .65	cbys, wks ID	.35	: .40	18°, 140 m cbys.		
Tech, ton lots bbls			48% coml. 10 cbys. wks ID		: .40	e/1 wks100 lb	1.00 :	1.10
USP. 100 lb bbls	.72		40% USP 155 fb cbys. wks. fb	.45	: .46	Tank cars, wks100 lb	.90 :	1.00
Boric, crys, powd. 250 lb bbls. lb	.113		10%, USP 100 lb cbys. wks. lb		: .13	33°, 140 B cbys.		
Kegs, 100 m	.12		Hydrochlorie, see also Acid Muris	atte		c/1 wks100 m	1.75 :	2.00
Broenner's, 250 m bbls m		: 1.55	CP, USP, 110 lb cbyslb	.08	: .09	Iron, free, 20° chys.		
Butyrie, 60% pure 5 lb bot lb		: .60	HYDROFLUORIC, 30%400 B		1		:	
Campboric, USP VIII 1 m bot. m		: 5.60	wks		: .07	Tank cars, wksnet ton		25.00
Carbolic, USP crys. see also Phenol			30% bbls. c/l wksID		: .06	Murlatic, CP & USP, see Acid Hye	irochlorie	
110 m tins		: .37	30% 100 lb cbys. wks lb		: .07	Naphthionic, tech, 250 m bbls, m	.60 :	.62
25 m tims		: .39	48% single 100 b chy, which		: .11	Refined, single bbls		
5 m time or bot	.41	: .42	48% 10 ctys. wim b	• • •	10	Nevile & Winther's, 250 b	• • • •	.65
1 m bot		: .48	52% 100 b chy. wks b			bbls	1.15 .	1.20
Liquid, USP 1 m bot m		: .45	52% 10 cbys. wks B	***	: .11	1 000	1.10 .	2120

The Greatest Heat Eliminator per given Power Expenditure

Anhydrous Ammonia

Is the most economical refrigerant in use because it gives the greatest heat elimination for a given expenditure of power—use it in your plant.

COOPER'S has served refrigeration needs over Fifty Years. It is 99.9% Pure—Dry.

MANUFACTURERS Since

CHAS. COOPER & CO.

WORKS Newark N. J.

1857

194 Worth Street, New York

There can be no higher degree of purity than that which is presented to you under the label of



STRYCHNINE ALKALOID

AND ITS SALTS

N. Y.Q. Samples and Prices sent on request.

The New York Quinine & Chemical Works, Inc.

152-154 William St., New York

Saint Louis Depot: 18 South Broadway



Quinine Sulphate and Minor Salts of Quinine

Codeine Morphine Sulphate
Diacetylmorphine

Caffeine Acid Acetylsalicylic
Acetphenetidin

Guaiacol Guaiacol Carbonate
Terpin Hydrate

Creosote Carbonate

Powers-Weightman-Rosengarten Co.

Manufacturing Chemists

New York

PHILADELPHIA

St. Louis

PHOSPHORIC ACID—All Grades

TRI-BASIC-CALCIUM PHOSPHATE—Pure and Technical BAKING POWDER CHEMICALS

WILCKES-MARTIN-WILCKES Co.

135 WILLIAM STREET

NEW YORK CITY

Chemicals

ACID, NITRIC, 36° 135 Tb			Acid Sulfurie			ALCOHOL—(continued)
eby. wks100 lb	4.75	: 5.00	Tank cars, wksnet ton	9.00	: 11.00	Butyl, 50 gal. drums 10 .20 : .20
Cbys. c/l wks100 lb	4.50	: 4.75	C. P. 175 m cbys100 m	.08		Cinnamic, liquid, 1 h bot h 15.00 : 16.00
38° single chys. wks100 fb	5.50	: 5.75	Oleum, 20 p.c. 1500 m drums,			Erystallizable
Cbys., c/l wks100 lb 42° Single cbys, wks100 lb	6.00	: 6.50	le/1 wks 100 m	1.25	: 1.50	Isobutyl, crude 50 gal. drums.gal : 4.44
Cbys., c/l wks100 lb	5.75	: 6.00	Drums, c/l wks100 lb		1.25	Refined, 10 fb can b : .7
44° Single chys. wks100 m	6.75	: 7,50	Tank Cars, wksnet ton	17.00	: 18.00	Isopropyl, crude 50 gal. drs. gal : 2.2
Cbys. c/l wks100 lb	6.50	: 7.00	Contract cars, wkston	17.00	: 18.00	Refined, 50 gal. drsgal 4.00 : 4.50
C. P. cbys. single wks100 lb	***	: 13.00	Oleum, 40° drs le/l wks. net ton		35.00	Ref'd, 91%, drsgal : 3.56
Oxalic, 325 fb bbls. wks fb	.13	: .131/2	Oleum, 60° drs, lc/l wks net			Methyl, see Alcohol, Wood
Bbls., NY	.131/4		ton		65.00	Phenylethyl, see Phenylethylalcohol
Kegs. 100 lb	.131/		Sulfurous, USP 6% 100 D cbys. ID	.05	.06	Propyl, nml. erd 50 gal. drms.gal : 4.40
	-		4% 100 m cbys	.04		Refined, 10 lb can lb : .7
Phenylacetic, 1 lb bot lb	2.50	: 8.00	USP, 5 gal. demis Ib	.06		Denatured No. 1 Complete Denat 199 Basel
Phosphoric, 50% tech. 100 b	00		Tannic, tech. 300 lb bbls lb	.40	.50	No. 1 Complete Denat. 188 Proof 50 gal. bbls. inclgal .45 : .45
ebys ID	.08	: .09	USP, powd. 200 lb bbls lb	.70	.75	50 gal. drums, extragal .40 : .42
USP, 85% syrupy, 70 D		. 10	USP, fluffy, 50 m bbls m	.75	.80	No. 1 Special Denat, 190 Proof
demis		: .16	Tartarie USP cryst 300 m bbls. m			50 gal. bbls, inclgal .41 ; .43
Phthalic, see Phthalic Anhydride			USP, powd, 300 lb bbls. lb			50 gal. drums, extragal .36 : .38
Picramic, 300 lb bbls			Imp. USP, 240 to bbls To	.3014		No. 5 Complete Denat. 188 Proof
Pierie, 300 lb bbls		: .30	Powd. 240 m bblsm	.30 1/4		50 gal. bbls. inclgal .40 : .42
Bbls. car lots wks		: .20	Tobias, 250 lb bbls	1.30 :		50 gal. drums, extragal .35 : .31 No. 6 Complete Denat. 188 Proof
Pyrogallic, crys. 5 lb cans lb		: 1.20	Tungstic, 100 b kegs b			50 gal. bbls. inclgal ,39 : .41
Resublimed, 5 lb cans lb	1.55	: 1.60				50 gal. drums, extragal .34 : .36
Tech. powd. 200 lb bblslb		: .80	Aconitine Alk, cryst. 1 oz. vlsoz		30.00	In addition to the regular author-
Salicylic, tech. 125 to bbls to		: .42	Amorphous, 1 oz. vlsoz		20.00	ized formulae for completely dena-
USP, 100 m bbls			Adeps Lanae, hydrous 350 fb bbls fb Anhydrous, 350 fb bbls fb	.21 :		
Second Hands	.36	: .38	Albumen, Egg, edible			tured alcohol, some 75 formulae for
Sulfanilic, 250 h bbls	.17	: .20	Technical, see Dyers Sundries	1	.80	specially denatured alcohol are au-
SULFURIC, 66° 175 D chys.						thorized for special uses. Owing to
lc/l wks100 m	1.25	: 1.50	ALCOHOL, USP 190 pf. 50 gal.		4 70	the limitations of their uses however,
Chys., c/l wks100 lb		: 1.25		• • • •	4.70	prices are quoted by the alcohol
1500 lb Drums, lc/l			Second Hands, bbls. USP 190		4.00	producers only to holders of per-
wks		: 1.10	pf gal		4.60	mits allowing the use of spe-
Drums. c/l wks100 lb		: 1.00	Export, USP 190 pfgal Cologne Spirit, 50 gal. bbls.gal	.37 :		cially denatured formulae in products
				:	1.10	authorized by the Dept. of Internal
Tank cars, wksnet ton	14.00	: 16.00	WOOD, see Methanol			
60° 1500 lb Drums,	70		Alcohols, also in 50 gal.			Revenue. For prices on specially
le/1 wks100 lb	.70		drums, extra and returnable.			denatured alcohols not listed above.
Drums, e/l wks100 D	.60	: .80	Amyl, see Oil Fusel			consult any of the alcohol producers.



Snow Cap Brand 5% Tomahawk Brand 35%

LITHOPONE

Manufactured by

- THE -

Grasselli Chemical Co.

NEW YORK CLEVELAND

CHICAGO

Albany, N. Y. (Rensselser) Riverside Ave.

The Grasselli Chemical Co., Ltd. TORONTO MONTREAL



Butanol



Pure Normal Butyl Alcohol dissolves many important raw materials.

Its boiling point, 117° C., is 17° above that of water and 39° above that of ethyl alcohol.

At 22° C. one part of Butanol is miscible with 12 parts of water.

The flash point of Butanol is 38° C., that of ethyl alcohol being approximately 11° C.

It is non-hydrous and relatively nonhygroscopic.

It does not corrode metals.

Commercial Solvents Corporation

Eastern Sales and Export 17 E. 42nd Street **NEW YORK**

General Office and Plant TERRE HAUTE. INDIANA

個 1

Cable address "Comsolvent" New York

London Office 10a FEATHERSTONE BLDGS. HIGH HOLBORN, W. C. 1 Cable address "Comsolvent" London

-383

Chemicals

Aloin, USP 100 b cases b	.85	:	.90	ALUMINUM SULFATE—(Continued)				AMMONIUM CHLORIDE—(Continued)			
Alpha-Naphthol, tech. 300 lb bbls. lb		:	1.05	Cont. bgs. c/l wks. E.100 lb Bags, c/l wks. W100 lb		:	1.40	Imp., wh. 600 m casks spot. m Gray, 600 m casks spot. m	.065		.07
Ton lots, bbls. wks		:	1.00	Bbls., c/l wks. East. 100 fb		:	1.60	Lump, 500 lb casks spotlb		_	.15
Refined, 300 lb bbls		:	1.10	Bulk, c/l cont. wks. E.100 D		:	1.35	Ichthyolate, as to brand Ib	.75	:	4.00
Alpha-Naphthylamine, 350 m bbls. m		:	.29	Amidol, (see Diaminophenol)				Iodide, USP 25 b jarsb		:	4.85
Ton lots, bbls. wks		:	.28	Amidopyrine, 10 lb boxeslb	4.50	:	4.75 5.16	Lactate, 500 m bbls	.15	:	.16
ALUM, Ammonia, lump 400 m bbls.				Aminoazobenzene, 110 lb kgslb		:	1.15	Nitrate, tech. crys. 225 lb bbls. lb		:	
wks100 m	3.50	:	3.65	AMMONIA anhyd. 100 D cyl. D		:	.30	CP gran, 100 lb kegslb	.20	:	.21
Imp., 500 lb casks 100 lb	3.25	:	3.50	Water, 26° 800 D drs. wks D		:	.0736	Oxalate, pure, 100 h kegsh	.50	:	.57
Ground, 400 lb bbls. wks. 100 lb	3.65	:	3.75	Drs. c/l wks	.07	:	.0734	Persulfate, 112 lb caseslb	.55	:	.60
Powd., 380 lb bbls, wks. 100 lb	3.90	:	4.00	Imp., 800 lb drs incl spot. lb		:	.06	Phosphate, dibasic 200 b bbls. b	.54	:	.60
Chrome, 500 lb cks wks.100 lb	5.00	:	6.00	26°, 100 fb cbys. lc/l wks. fb		:	.091/2	Tech., powd. 325 lb bblslb	.15	:	.17
				Cbys., c/l wks			.091/4	Salicylate, USP 100 m kegsm	.68	:	.70
Potash, lump 400 lb bbls.			4.50	20°, 800 m drs. lc/l wks. m		:	.06	Sulfate, bulk c/l wks100 b	***	:	3.20
wks 100 lb Bbls. e/l wks 100 lb		:	4.25	Cbys., le/l wks		:	.073/2	200 lb single bgs c/l wks.100 lb 200 lb double bags f.a.a.100 lb	***	:	3.30
Cont. bbls c/l wks100 lb	•••	:	4.25	18°, 800 lb drs. lc/l wkslb			.051/2	Sulfocyanide, tech. 100 lb kgs. lb	***	:	3.55
Imp. 650 lb cases sp.100 lb	3.00	:	3.25	Cbys., lc/l wks		:	.071/2	CP, 25 lb jarslb	.60		.65
Ground. 400 to bbls. wks. 100 to	4.35	:	4.60	16°, 800 m drs. lc/l wks. m		:	.04				
Imp. 650 lb casks100 lb	3.25	:	3.50	Cbys., le/l wks		:	.05	Amyl Acetate, tech. 50 gal. drs.gal Pure, 5 gal. cansgal	2.50	:	2.65
Powd., 380 lb bbls, wks. 100 lb	4.50	:	4.75	Ammonium Acetate, 100 lb kegs. lb	.35	:	.36	Alcohol, see Fusel Oil	6.00	:	7.00
Chrome, 700 lb cks wks. 100 lb	5.50	:	6.00	Benzoate, USP 1 lb bot lb	.85	:	.90	Butyrate, 1 b bot	2.00		2.10
Soda, grd, 400 m bbls. wks.100 m		:	4.00	Bifluoride, 300 lb bbls lb	.22	:	.23	Formate, 1 D bot D	1.75	-	2.00
Bbls. c/l wks100 lb	• • •	-	3.50	100 lb kegs	.23	:	.24	Salicylate, 100 m cbysm	1.30		1.50
				Bromide, 50 lb boxes lb		:	.33	Anethol, 27b bot	1.60	:	2.00
	23.00			Imported, 112 b boxesb	.18	:	.181/2	ANILINE OIL, 900 m drs. 5dr.sp. To			
Chloride, anhyd. 275 D drs. D	.20		.22	Carb., tech. 560 lb caskslb		:	.09 1/4	Aniline Salt, 200 lb bbls	.24	:	.17
30% sol. 120 m chys m	.03	13:	.04	Powd., tech. 385 lb bbls. lb	• • •	:	.10%	Anisic Aldehyde, 1 lb bot lb	4.00	-	
Hydrate, light 90 lb bbls lb	.17	:	.18	USP, lump, 100 h kegsh	• • •		.091/4	Anthracene, 40-45% 600 m casks	2.00	•	4.00
SULFATE, Iron-free bags c/l				Powd., 100 lb kegs lb		:	.10	wks	.12	:	.17
wks	2.50	:	2.65	Chloride, Domestie			0.0	80-85%, 600 lb casks wkslb	.75	:	1.00
Imported, spot100 lb	2.50	:	2.60	White gran. 250 lb bbls.NY. lb			.08	Anthraquinone, subl 125 m bbls. m	1.30	:	1.35
Comm'l., 1/2 % iron, bgs. c/1				Bbls., c/l wks	.08		.071/4	30% paste 350 lb bbls lb	.75	:	.80
wksEast 100 lb				Bbls, c/l wks	.08		.08 1/4	Antimony metal, slabs ton lots100 h Needle Powd., 100 h cases h	.06	:	6.75



Aconitine and Salts
Amidopyrine
Antipyrine
Apomorphine Hydrochloride
Arecoline Hydrobromide
Atropine and Salts
Berberine and Salts
Brucine and Salts
Coaffeine and Salts
Codeine and Salts
Codeine and Salts
Colchicine Alkaloid, U. S. P.
Colchicine Salicylate
Creosote, U. S. P.
Creosote Carbonate
Cumarin
Diacetylmorphine
—Alkaloid and Hydrochloride
Digitalin Pure
Duboisine Sulphate
Emetine and Salts
Eserine and Salts
Eserine and Salts
Eserine and Salts

We are the headquarters for

SANTONIN

Crystals - U.S.P. - Powder

Guaiaco Carbonate
Homatropine and Salts
Hydrastine and Salts
Hydrastine and Salts
Hydrastinine Hydrochloride
Hyoscine Hydrobromide
Hyoscyamine and Salts
Morphine and Salts
Phenolphthalein
Pilocarpine and Salts
Potassium Guaiacol
Sulphonate "Alta" Brand
Salicin
Saponin Purified
Scarlet Red Medicinal
Genuine "Biebrich"
Silver Proteinate
Sodium Cacodylate
Sparteine Sulphate
Strophanthin
Strychnine and Salts
Theobromine and Salts
Veratrine and Salts
Veratrine and Salts

THE HOFFMANN-LAROCHE · CHEMICAL·WORKS WEW.

Chemicals

ANTIMONY CHLORIDE, anhyd 10	@ 00			Bay R
drs			.35	Dens
50 lb crocks	.45	3		
Oxide, 500 lb bbls	.12	14	.13	Dens
Salt, dom. 500 lb bblslb		72	.24	Dem
Imp., c.i.f. NY	.18	:	.19	Dom
Sulfide, golden 500 lb bbls lb		:	.19	Dom
336 lb kegslb		:	.17	Benzald
Crimson, 500 lb bbls lb		:	.38	Benzalo
336 lb kegs			.36	TIOD
336 fb kegs				USP,
Tartrolactate, 500 m bbls m		-	.45	FFC,
Antipyrine, USP, 100 lb cases lb	2.30		-	BENZEN
Apomorphine Hydchlide, 1/2 oz. vls.oz.	***		16.65	11
Arecoline Hybromide, 1 oz. vialoz		-	12.00	CP 2
Argols, red powd. 350 h bbish	.07			11
Arsenic, metal 220 lb kegs lb	.23	:	.24	
Red, 224 lb kegs caseslb	.133	4:	.131/2	Benzidir
White, 550 lb bbls. c/l NY lb	.155	4:	.16	10 b
Aspirin, see Acid Acetylsalicylic				Benzidir
Atropine Alk, USP 1 oz vial oz		:	10.50	
Sulfate, 5 oz. in 1 oz. vialsoz			4.50	Benzol,
Single ounceoz		:	4.60	
SARIUM BINOXIDE, see Barlum di	oxide			Benzona
Carbonate, precip. 800 lb bbls.				Benzoyl
wkston			85.00	Benzyl .
Imports, bbls. spotton			70.00	Alcoho
Precip., 200 h bgs, wkston				Benzos
Chloride, 800 lb bbls. wkston				3
200 b bgs. wkston				Chlorie
Import, bbls. spotton				1
Dioxide, 780 lb drs	.18	:		Red
Import, 500 m drs	.14	:	.16	
Hydrate, 500 lb bbls	.05	:	.06	Forma
Iodide, 5 m bot m		:	5.10	Berberine
Nitrate, TOOD casks	.09%	:	.10	Sulfate
Import, casks			.08	ETA-NA
Sulfocyanide 400 m bbls m				Top le
Barytes, floated 850 m bhiston				Sublim

		4		
	Bay Rum, Porto Rican, genuine	,		
	Denat. salicy acid or tartar emet			
	45 gal. bblsgal			8.3
	Denat. quinine sulf. 45 gal.			
	bblsgal	3.40	:	3.5
	Domestic synthetic, 50 gal.			
	bblsgal	1.25	-	1.3
	Benzaldehyde, tech. 945 lb drs. wks lb			
	USP, 25 lb canslb			
	FFC, 25 lb cans			
		1.70	•	1.80
	BENZENE, 90% 8000 gal, tanks			
	110 gal. drs. wksgal.	•••		
	CP Tanks, wksgal.			
	110 gal. drs. wksgal	***		
		.35	*	.36
	Benzidine Base, dry 250 m bbls. m		:	.87
	10 bbl. lots		:	.86
	Benzidine Sulfate, paste 350 b			
		.70	:	.72
İ	Benzol, see Benzene			
1	Benzonaphthol, 5 h boxesh	2.00	:	2.10
ı	Benzoyl Chloride, 500 lb drs b			1.00
١	Benzyl Acetate, 100 lb cbyslb	1.40	:	1.50
ı	Alcohol, 5 lb bot	1.25	:	1.50
Į	Benzoate, 5 lb bot	1.90		
l	Medicinal FFC	2.10	-	
	Chloride, 95% tech. 925 b drs. b	.20		
I	Redistil, 100 lb cbys			
ı	Formate, 17b bot			
I	Berberine Hydehlide, 1 lb botlb			
ı		* * *		
ŀ	Sulfate, acid or neut. 17b bot. To		: :	22.00
l	ETA-NAPHTHOL, 350 m bbls.wks. m			
	Ton lots, wks	0.0.0		
	Sublimed	.55	:	.60
			_	-

	Beta-Naphthylamine, tech. 200 D. bbls.	0.8		1.04
	Sublimed, 200 m bblsm	.00		1.50
	Biehloride Mercury, see Mercury Bie		,	1.00
	BISMUTH metal, 150 D cases D		,	2.75
	Second Hands ID	2.60	:	
	Ammon. Citrate, USP 5 lb bxs. lb		:	
	Betanaphtholate, 5 m brs m			
	Citrate, USP 5 lb bxs lb		:	
	Nitrate, 25 lb jars			
- 1	Oxychleride, 250 bbls Ib		:	
1	Phenoisulfonate, 5 m cans m		:	
- 1	Salicylate, 250 bbls Ib		:	1.85
-	Subbenzoate, 5 lb boxes lb		:	3.08
-	Subcarbonate, USP 250 bbls Ib	***	:	3.00
2	X-Ray diag. 1 lb bot lb	***	:	3.35
-	Subgallate, USP 175 bbls ID		:	2.51
-	Sublodide. 5 D lots D		:	4.43
-	Subnitrate, USP 250 bbls Ib	***	:	
-1	Second Hands, bbls. or less. To Cones. 1 To bot To	2.45	:	
1	Subsalicylate, USP 175 bbls. Ib	***		2.78
1	Tannate 1 lb bot	•••		2.50
1	Bismuth Preparations quoted above on basis 25 m lots.		٠	2.00
1	Smaller lots at an advance.			
1	Blane Fixe, dry 400 lb bbls. wks.ton			
ı	Imported, bblston			
ı	Paste, 650 lb bblston		:	40.00
1	BLEACHING POWDER, 700 m drs.	0.17		0.05
ı	Drums lc/l ex-warehouse100 lb	2.15	:	2.25
L	Contract, c/l wks100 fb	1.90		
1	F. a. s. e/1100 ID		:	2.00
1	Imported, spot100 b	2.10	:	2.15
	Blue Ointment, see Mercury			
-	Mass, see Mercury			
1	Black, 200 b bbls		:	.08
1	Black, 200 m bbls	.06	:	.08



Borax, USP cryst. 400 lb bblslb Powdered, USP, 300 lb bblslb	.05%	: .06	Flake 330 h drs. c/l drs. fob			Carbon Tetrachloride, 1400 lb drs.		.10%
Kegs, USP, 100-150 lb lb	.06				80.50	Drums, c/l NY	.09	
Bordeaux Mixture, powd. bbls Ib	.13		Imp., solid 600 m drs. spot.ton		20.50	700 lb drs. single NY	:	
Paste, bbls	.08		Anhyd., 350 lb drs. fob NY. lb		.13	Carmine, No 40 5 lb boxeslb	4.50	4.60
Borneol, 1 lb bot		: 3.50	Glycerophosphate, 250 lb bbls lb	1.55	1.60	Casein, edib. 100 m keg m Technical, 200 m bbls m	.45	.50
Bromide, see potass. bromide, etc.			Hydrate, (see Lime)		4.00	Castoreum, 1D boxes		.30
Bromine, bot. in 60 lb cs. wks lb		: .29	Iodide, 5 lb botlb	:		Castor Oil, USP 50 gal. bbl	4.00	4.50
Bromobenzene, 600 lb drums lb	.40	: .42	Lactate, tech. 500 m bblsm	*** 1		Cases, 80 m 2 tins		.13
Bromoform, USP 5 lb bot 50 lb cs. lb		: 1.30	Nitrate, 220 lb bbls. c/l NY.ton		40.00	Tech., see Fixed Oils		.13
Bromstyrol, 25 lb kegslb	4.00	: 4.25	Phosphate, precip. 350 lb bbls. lb	.10	.12	Caustic Potash, see potash, caustic		
Brucine Sulfate, 100 ozs03		: .20	Phosphate, precip. tribasic 350	10		Soda, see soda, caustic		
Butter of Antimony, see Antimony Chl	loride		ID bbls	.12		Cerium Oxalate, USP 100 h kgs. h	.48	.53
CADMIUM, metal 100 lb bxs lb	1.15	: 1.25	Phosphate, mono	.06%		Chalk, drop 175 lb bbls	:	.031/4
Bromide, 50 D cases jars Ib		: 1.10	Sulfocarbolate, 100 lb kegslb	.61	.63	Precip. light 175 h bbls h	.041/4:	
Iodide, 10 lb botlb			CAMPHOR, Amer. ref. 250 lb			Precip. heavy 560 lb csks lb Bulkton	5.00	
Sulfide, cs		: 1.60	bbls		.96	Precip. English, 7 lb bagslb	.0814	
CAFFEINE ALK: USP 5TD cans TD	3.75	: 4.25	2½ lb slabs, 100 lb cs lb		.97%	Charcoal, Bone, see bone black		
		: 3.75	1 lb cakes, 100 lb cs lb		.971/2	Wood, powd. 100 lb bbllb	.04	.05
Second Hands	7.12	: 7.32	1 oz. tab., 1 lb ctns.			Willow, powd. 100 lb bbllb	.06	
Hydrochloride, 1 b bot b			100 fb cs fb	• • • •	1.01 1/4	China Clay, imp		22.50
Sulfate, 1 lb bot	0.00		100 fb cs,		1.02	Chloral Hydrate, USP 100 h drs. h	.75	
Citrated, 25 lb canslb	3.00		Jap. ref. 2½ lb slabs, 100 lb			25 lb jars	.76	
Hydrobromide, 1 b bot b	• • •	1 1.10	cs	.86	.88	Chinoidin, 170 lb cases	.65	
CALCIUM Acetate, 150 lb bgs, c/l		: 3.50	1 oz. tab., 100 m cs. 1 m			Chlorhydrin, Ethylene anhyd, 600 m		
Arsenate, 100 m bbls. c/l wks. m	.16		tins	:	1.00	drs	.75	.85
Bbls. le/l wks	.18	: .20	1/2 oz. tab. 100 lb cs. 1 lb			40% soln. 100 h ebysh	.25	.30
Bromide. 100 to cs fb		: .45	tinaIb		1.02	CHLORINE, Liquid 2000 b cyl.	0==4	
Calcium Carbide, 220 lb dr c/lwks lb		: .04	Chinese ref. 2½ lb slabs 100 lb	.86		c/l wks	.0514	
Drums le/l wks		: .05	Crude, 100 lb cs	.70		100 lb cyl. c/l	.0074	
Carbonate, tech. 100 lb bags			Camphor, Monobrom, 100 b es Ib	1.90	1.95	100 lb eyl le/l wks	.06%	
e/1100 D	1.00	: 1.10	Caramel, 50 gal, bblsgal	.5736	.62	Chlorobenzene, mono. 1000 h drs.		
USP, precip. 175 lb bbls lb		: .04	Carbazol, 250 lb bbls	.75		The of what	.10	: .11
Chloride, solid, 650 lb drs. e/l			Carbon Bisulfide, 500 fb dr., le/lNY fb			Drs. c/l wks		.09
f o b MYton		: 24.50	e/1 drums, NY			CHLOROFORM, USP 50 th drs Th		: .35
Gran., 350 lb drs. e/l f o b			Carbon Black, 12 1 10 bags, 150-			Second Hands, 650 lb drslb	.32	.34
NYton		: 30.50	225 lb cases lb	.18	: .35	Technical, 650 m drums	.33	: .35

QUININE

Sulphate and Minor Salts

Unexcelled in Uniformity of Quality Brilliant Crystallization and Purity of Color

Cinchonine, Cinchonidine Ouinidine

and their Salts

EMETINE YOHIMBINE CAFFEINE OUINIC ACID

Manufactured by

N. V. Amsterdamsche Chininefabriek

N. V. Bandoengsche Kininefabriek

N. V. Nederlandsche Kininefabriek

Represented by

R. W. GREEFF & CO., Inc.

78 FRONT ST., Cor. Old Slip, NEW YORK CITY

Liquid Chlorine

A SINGLE PURPOSE-SERVICE

There are those among the consumers of Liquid Chlorine who insist upon buying only from the producer whose organization and facilities are equal to any reasonable demands made of them, and once having found such a source of supply are loyal to it.

It is to that element of discerning buyers that we have always catered.

That they have not erred in their judgment, and that the E. B. G. reputation for Better Service has been sustained for 14 years is evidenced by the number and character of our customers.

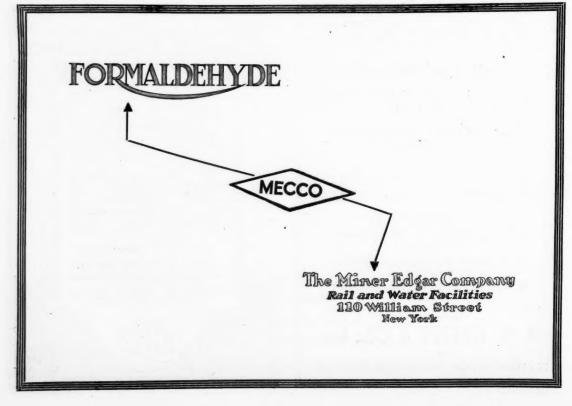
Are you yet one of them?

Electro Bleaching Gas Co.

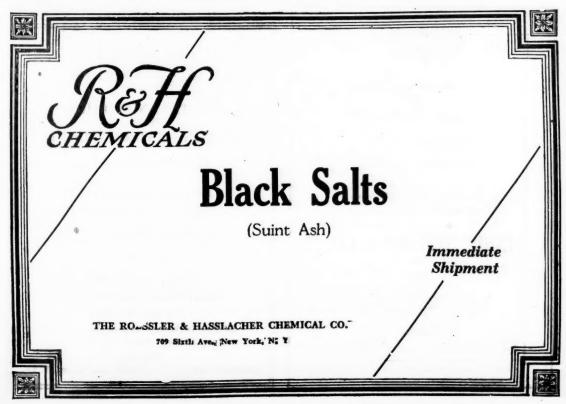
Pioneer Manufacturers of Liquid Chlorine
Plant NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y.
Main office 18 E. 41st Street, New York
Chicago office 11 So. La Salle St.



Chromium Acetate, 20° soin. 400 h			COD LIVER OIL, Norwegian, 30 gal. Cyanamide, bulk c/l wks, Amm.unit		:	3.25
Fluoride, Powd. 400 lb bbls lb	.08	: .10	Newfoundland, 30 gal. bbls. bbl DIAMINOPHENOL, 100 ID kegs. ID		:	3.75
Soln. 400 ID bbls ID	***	50		4.50	:	4.75
Sulfate, 400 lb bbls	.07	: .09	Colchicine alk., USP 1 oz vial	.06	:	.07
Chrysarobin, USP 5 lb canslb	2.10	: 2.25	Collection, USP 30 lb drums lb .22 : .23 Diethylaniline, 850 lb drs lb	.60	:	.65
Cinchonidin alk., pwd. 100 oz. tinsoz			Flexible, USP 30 m drums m .27 : .28 Diethyl Phthalate, 25 m cans m	.85	:	.90
Crystalor. Sulfate, 100 oz. tinsor.	.49		COPPER, metal electrolytic e/l Diethyl Sulfate tech. 50gal.drs ib	.20	:	.25
Cinchonine, alk., pwd. 100 cs. tinsos			NY	.40	:	.50
Crystal			Lake, c/l NY100 lb 14.75 : 15.00 Digitalin, Pure, 1 oz. vialos	7.75	:	8.25
Sulfate, 100 os. tins		: .25	Dimethylaniline, 840 lb drs. wks. Ib	.40	:	.41
Cinnamic Alcohol, see Alcohol Cinnar	nie		Dimethylsulfate, 110 m dra in		:	.50
Cincamic Aldehyde, 110 bot 10	3.75	: 4.00	Dinitropenzene 400 m bbls m	.19	:	.21
Citral, 25 lb cans	2.80	: 3.25	Oxide, 1000 lb bbls lb .1514: .16 Dinitrochlorobenzene, 400 lb bbls. lb	.19	:	.20
Citrine Ointment, see Mercury			Sub-Acetate, verd, 440 m bbls. m .35 : .37 Dinitronaphthalene, 350 m bbls. m	.30	:	.32
Citronellal, 11b bot	2.00	: 2.25	SULFATE, crys. 450 D bbls. le/1 Dinitrophenol, 350 D bbls D	.33	:	.35
Citronellol, 1 h bot	8.00	: 12.00	spot	.19	:	.21
Cobalt metal, 100 h kegs h	3.00	: 3.25	Carlots, bbls, spot100 lb 6.00 : 6.25 Dienin, see Morphine, Ethyl			
Cobalt Oxide, 500 m bbls m		: 2.10	Imp. 550 m csks 100 m 5.75 : 5.80 Diphenylamine, 250 m bbls m	50		.52
10 lb tins 200 lb caseslb		: 2,35	Powdered, 350 m bbls. le/l Diphenyloxide, 500 m drums m	.85	:	.90
COCAINE alk., USP, 1 oz. vialoz Hydrochloride, USP-1 oz. vials,		: 11.00	Spot	2.20	:	2,30
25 onsor		: 7.07	Copperas, bulk c/l wkston 20.00 : 21.00 Duboisine Sulfate, 1 oz. vialoz		:	60.00
In 1/8 oz. vialsoz		: 7.50	EAPTH Distance on Kieselmihr			
In crystals, granular, powder,			Fracting alk 15 or vis		:	1.65
or flaky crystals as desired.			Powdered, bbls100 lb 3.45 : 3.75 Hydchlide, USP 1 oz. vialoz			19.00
Cocoa Butter, bulk, 200 m bales. m	.31		Corn Syrup, 42 deg. 50 gal. 15 gr. vials	.75	:	.80
Fingers, cakes, etc. 12 m brs m	.36	: .37	bbls			
CODEIN alk., 5 cm. cans 10 cm. lotsoz.		: 7.30	43 deg. 50 gal. bbls100 m 2.82 : 3.07 NY100 m	• • •	-	2.25
Hydrobromide, 10 ozsos		: 5.85	Corrocive Sublimate, see Mercury Bichleride Bbls. c/l NY100 lb		-	2.10
Hydrochloride, 10 ozses	***	: 6.55	Cotton Soluble, 100 m bbls. wet, m .40 : .42 100 m bg3, c/l NY100 m			1.85
Nitrate. 10 cgs	•••		Coumarin, 25 lb tins, lb 4.00 : 4.25 Imp., 220 lb bgs, c/l	1 10	:	1.25
Phosphate, 10 ozs	•••		CREAM TARTAR, USP 300 D USP, 300 D bbls, 10 bbls, 100 D	1.10 2.75		2.90
Salicylate, 10 om	•••	: 5.50 : 5.50	bbls	2.25		2.50
Sulfate, 10 ozs		: 5.85	Imp. powd. USP, 224 bbls. 10 .23 1/2: .24 1/2 Imported, 300 lb bbls. 100 lb	2.25		2.50
Small Sizes, 1/6 on. vials, 50e			Crecoote, USP, 42 m cbys m .40 : .45 Ergotin, Bonjean, 1 m jars m	9.50		10.00
1/4 oz. 25c extra, singles 7c			Creesote Oil, 50 gal, drsgal .20 : .22 Eserine alk., 1 oz. vialoz			30.00
per ox.—25 oz. lots, 10c oz. oz. than above. Less than 10 ozs. 1			Carbonate, 1 D bot. 25 D D 1.60 : 1.70 Salicylate, USP 1 oz. vialoz			
	U-0 1000		Cresol. USP. 400 m bbls m .25 : .27 Sulfate, USP VIII, 1 on vial.os		- 4	00 00



ETHER, USP 55 m drumsm	.13	: .15	Fluorspar, 95% 220 lb bgs. e			GLYCERIN, C. P. 550 m drums. m		: .181/2
Anaesthesia, 55 lb drums lb		: .16	dockto	• • • •	: 25.00	Cans, 50 lb		: .20
USP, 1880 55 lb drums lb		: .38	96% bgsto		: 33.50	Dynamite, 1000 lb drs lb		: .161/2
Washed, 55 lb drums lb		: .30	98% bgsto		: 35.00	Saponification, tanks Ib	.12	: .121/4
Motor, 1 lb cans	.26	: .27	FORMALDEHYDE, USP 400 ID bble	L.		Soap, Lye, tanks	.10	%: .11
Ether, Nitrous, 1 lb bot lb	.92	: .95	e/1 wks		: .16	Goa Powder, see chrysarobin		
Ethyl Benzyl Aniline, 300 lb drs. lb		: 1.30	Carboys, 100 lb lc/l wks Il		: .16%	Graphite, crude 220 lb bagston	15.00	: 35.00
Ethyl Acetate, 99% 50 gal, drs.gal		: 1.05	Bbls. 400 lb lc/l wks lb		: .1634	Flake, 500 m bbls	.06	: .10
85-90% Ester, 50 gal. drs.gal		: .85	Fuller's Earth, 200 D bgs. e/			Ground, lump, bbls	.04	: .05
Carlots, drumsgal		: .82	minesto	15.00	: 17.00	Guaiscol liquid, USP 25 lb cans. lb	2.50	: 2.60
Tank Carsgal		: .70 : 3.50	Imported, 230 lb bags NYton	35.00	: 40.00	Benzoate, 1 h bot		: 18.00
Benzoate, 5 lb bot	1.85	: 2.00	Fusel Oil, refined, 100 gal drm.ga	3.00	: 3.50	Carbonate, 5 lb boxes	4.25	: 4.50
			Crude, 100 gal drmga		: 2.00	HAARLEM OIL, Dom. 6 gr. cs.gross		: 3.50
Bromide 115 b drs		: .40	G. SALT, paste 350 m bbls. basis			Imported, 5 gr. casesgross	5,25	: 5.30
Butyrate, 5 lb botlb	2.00	: 2.25	100%b	.60	: .65	Heliotropic, 10 lb botlb	2.50	: 2.75
Methyl Ketone, 50 gal. drums. Ib	.19	: .20	Gelatin, USP silver bbl. 100 lb cs. lb	.85	: .90	Hexamethylenetetramine, USP	2.00	
Morphine, see Merphine, Ethyl			Gold Label, 100 m cases m		:	100 D drums	.95	: .97%
Chloride, 15 lb cyllb		: .50	Technical, 100 Ro cs In	.60	: .65	Imported ID	.75	: .80
Cinnamate, 1 D bot D Formate, 5 D bot D	1.00	: 5.50	Geraniol, 50 lb cans	2.75	: 3.50	Rubber Makers, Impalp. Pd.		
Valerate, 5 lb bot	4.50	: 4.75	Geranyl Acetate, 1 D bot D	5.75	: 6.00	drs,		: .95
Ethylene Bromide, 600 lb drs lb		: .60	GLAUBER'S SALT, tech. 200 D bas	3		Homatropine Hydrobrom. USP 1 oz.		: 18.00
Glycol	.65	: 1.00	c/l wks100 lb	1.10	: 1.25	Five ozs., 1 oz. vialsoz		: 17.00
Chlorhydrin, anhyd, 50 gal drs. Ib	.75	: .85	350 lb bbls. e/l wks100 lb	1.25	: 1.40	Hydrastine Alk., USP, 1 oz. vial. oz		: 20.00
40% Solution, 50 gal. bbls. lb Dichloride, 50 gal. drs lb	.25	: .30	Bbls. le/l wks100 fb	1.50	: 1.75	Hydralide, USP, 1 oz: vialoz		: 20.00
Eucalyptol, 25 lb cans	.80	: .85	Imported, bbls. spot	1.00	: 1,10	Sulfate, 1 oz. vial		: 22.00
Eugenel, 25 lb cans	3.25	: 3.50	USP, 300 lb bbls, Imp. sp100 lb		: 1.25	Hydrastinine Hydchlide, USP 15 gr.	•••	. 22.00
Feldspar, bulkton		: 25.00	USP, 300 m bbls, dem. sp.100 m		: 1.75	vialsvial		: 2.40
FERRIC CHLORIDE, tech. crys.	20:00	. 20:00	USP, 300 lb bbls. c/l wks.100 lb		: 1.40	Hydrazobenzene, 100 b kegs b		: 1.35
475 lb bbls		: .10	Glucose, (Grape Sugar) dry, 100					
Imported		: .07	bags, c/l NY100 lb	3.09	: 3.19	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, 25vol.400 lb		: .10
USP, crys. 100 m kegs m		: .10	Syrup, Drs. & bbls, c/l NY100 b	2.77	: 3.02	USP Soln, 375 to bblsto	.05	: .05%
Imported	***	: .09	le/1 NY100 m		: 3.12		7.50	: 7.75
48°, 140 m ebys		: .08	GLUE, pure white, bbls Th	.30	: .35	USP bot. 4 oz. casesgross		11.25
USP Sol'n 125 lb cbys lb		: ,06	Medium white, bbls	.25	: .30	Bot. 16 oz. casesgross	18.50	: 18.75
Ferrous Chloride, erys. tech.			French, bbls	.18	: .25	Hydroquinone, 100 h kegs h	1.05	: 1.20
475 m bbls	.06	: .06	High Grade, bbls	.35	: .40	Hyescipe Hydrobrom. USP 1 es.		
Ferrous Sulfide, 1000 m bbls.100 m	2.50	: 3.00	Bone, regular, bbls	.10	: 12	vialor		: 21.00
Flake White, see lead, white			Fish, bblsgal	1.50	: 1.75	Five ozs., 1 oz. vialsoz	***	: 20.50



Hyoscamine Alk. Cryst., 1 os. vial.os Alkaloid, Amorphous, 1 oz. vial.os Hydrobromide, USP 1 os. vial.os		: 35,00	LANGLIN, see Adeps Lanae		Litharge, see lead cride		
Hydrobromide, USP 1 os. vialoz					Inches ge, see lead daile		
			LEAD, metal, c/l NY100 m	7.90 : 8.00	Lithium Carb. USP 100 lb kgs lb	1.50 :	1.60
	***		Acetate, white crystals 500 m		Bromide, 100 b cs		1.80
Sulfate, 1 oz. vialog	***	: 35.00	bbls. wks	: .13	Citrate, USP 100 lb kegs lb	1.60 :	1.70
INDOL, C. P. 1 cs. botoz	8.50	: 9.00	100 to 250 lb kgs. wks. lb White, broken, bbls, wks 100 lb	: 131/2	Lithopone, 400 lb bbls. lc/l wks. lb	.061/4:	.07
Iodides, see Potass. Iodide, etc.			White, gran., bbls. wks. 100 lb	: 12.40	Bbls. c/l wks	.06 :	.06
IODINE, crude, 200 m kegs m	3.90	: 3.95	White, powd., bbls. wks Th	: .13%	Imported, bbls	.05%:	.05
Resublimed, 10 D jars D		: 4,50	Kegs, wks 1b	: .141/4	Litmus Cubes		1.00
Tincture, USP 50 gal. bblsgal	4.35	: 4.40	Brown, broken, bbls. wksIb USP, 100 lb kegsIb	: .12	MAGNESITE, crudeton	: 1	5.00
Carboysgal	4.50	: 4.60	Arsenate, 100 m bbls. lc/l wks. m	.16 : .18 .25 : .26	Calcined, 500 lb bblston	: 5	5.00
Iodoform, powd. 10 h both		: 5.75	Bbls. e/l wks		Magnesium mtl., sticks 100 m cs. m	1.40 : 1	1.50
Crystals, 10 lb bot		: 6.75	Paste, 600 lb bbls lb	: .13	Carb. tech. 70 lb bags NY lb	.08 :	.083
Ionone, (violet) 1 h bot h	5.50	: 8.00	lodide, USP VIII 5 m bot m	3.00 : 3.20	75 m bbls. NY	.09 :	.093
Iridium, metal 10oz lotsoz		:250.00	Nitrate, 500 lb bbls, wkslb	: .22	USP, 60 lb bbls	.10 :	.11
Iron, metal by hydrogen 1 lb bot. To	.65		Oxide, lithge, 500 lb bbls100 lb	10.15 : 10.40	028	.19 :	.23
IRON & AMM. CITRATE, USP 25 D			Oxide, red 500 lb bbls, wks lb	10.65 : 10.90	Chloride, fused 575 lb drs. c/l		
Cans		: .84	100 lb kegs wks	: .13%	wis top	: 35	2.00
Green scales, 25 D cans D		: .84	Peroxide, 100 lb drs	: .26	Flaked, 350 m drs. wkston	: 34	
Cacodylate, 10 lb botlb		: 9.25	White, basic carb, 500 lb bhla.	.09 : .0914	Imp., fused 900 m bbls. NY.ton	26.00 : 28	8.00
			Bbls. c/l wks100 lb	: 9.00	Fluosilicate, crystal s400 b bbls.		
Citrate, USP VIII 25 h cans h		99	100 lb kegs wks	: .13%	wks		.15
Chloride, see ferrie or ferrous			White, sulfate 500 h bbls. wks. h	.081/2: .081/4	30% solp, 500 lb bbls, wks. lb		.074
Hypophosphite, 5 lb cans lb	1.50	: 1.60	Bbls. c/l wkg100 lb	: 8.50	Soln, bbls. c/l wksfb	:	.06
Syrup, USP VIII		: .30	100 fb kegs wks	: .13%	Glycerophosphate, 5 lb tins lb	: :	3.35
Iodide, 1 lb bot	***	: 4.00	Licorice Ext. Mass, cases Ib	: .26	Hypophosphite, 5 lb cans lb	: 1	1.15
Syrup, USP 5 lb botlb	.33	: .34	Compound powder, bbls Ib Powdered Ib	.11 : .13	Oxide, USP light 100 b bbls b	:	.45
Nitrate, kegs	.09	: .10	Sticks, 1 oz. 100 m casesm	.45 : .50	USP, heavy 250 m bbls m	:	.50
Com'l, bbls,100 b		: 3.25	LIME (Salts, ses Calcium Salts)		Peroxide, 5 lb cans	: 1	2.15
Oxalate, scales 25 lb cans lb		: .82	Live, 325 lb bbls. ton lots, wks. lb	: .011/2	Perborate, 1 lb tins	: 1	2.25
4 Ammon. Ozalate, 25 h brsh	.45	-	Single bbl. wks	: .01%	Salicylate, 100 m kegs m	.67 :	.70
& Potassium Oralate, 25 lb brs. lb	.47	: .48	Hydrated, 1677b bbl, ton lots,	: .01%	Sulfate, see Epsom Salts		
& Sodium Oxalate, 25 lb bxs lb	.40	: .42	wks	: .01%	Manganese Chloride, 600 D csk.		
Phosphate, USP 25 lb cans lb		: .89	Oyster Shell, 150 h bbl, single. h	: .03	NY	.0916:	.10
Pyrophosphate, USP 25 lb			125 m bag	: .03	Borate, 200 lb bbls		.18
cans	.90	: .97	Sulfur, dry 200 lb drs. NY lb	.11 : .12	100 m kegs		19
so-Eugenol, 1 m botm	4.25	: 4.50	Drs. e/l NY	: .10%	Dioxide, 80-84% 900 D bbls.		
		: 3.35			NYton	80.00 : 85	5.00
		: 3.50	Linalcol, 5 lb bot	4.75 : 5.00 9.50 : 11.00	85-90%, 900 lb bbls, NY.ton		
KIESELGUHR, 90 m bags NYton 6		: 70.00	Behzoate, 1 lb bot lb		Hydrated, precip. 100 lb kgs. lb		.35

1816



1923

"Over a Century of Service and Progress"

COPPER SULPHATE ARSENIC ACID FORMIC ACID

Manufacturers, Importers, Exporters of Industrial Chemicals

INNIS, SPEIDEN & CO.

INCORPORATED

46 CLIFF ST., NEW YORK CITY

Chicago Philadelphia Claveland
Boston Gloversville, N. Y.

Niagara Palls, N. Y. Jersey City, N. J.

Murphysboro, Ill. Owego, N. Y.



ACETIC ANHYDRIDE 92-95%

ALUMINA HYDRATE LIGHT

ACID PHOSPHORIC 50%

CARBON DISULPHIDE CARBON TETRACHLORIDE

SODIUM PHOSPHATE Monobasic — Dibasic — Tribasic

THE WARNER CHEMICAL COMPANY

Manufacturers

52 Vanderbilt Avenue, New York Telephone Murray Hill 0262

Plants

Carteret, N. J.

South Charleston, W. Va.

Marganese	: .2 5: .0 6: .0 6: .0 6: .0 6: .0 1: .0 2: .0 2: .0 3: .0
Surfate, 600	: .2 6: .0 6: .0 6: .0 6: .0 6: .0 6: .0 6: .0
Pure, 50 gal. drms. ext gal 1.30 : 1.32 1.35 1.30 1.32 MAPHTHALENE, Flake, 175 lb bla. wis lb condition force, bulk NY undt : 30 Methyl Acetone, 100 gal. drms. ext. gal 35 1.40 Marble Flour, bulk ton 10.00 : 12.00 Marble Flour, bulk ton 10.00 : 12.00 Chloride, 90 lb eyl lb 50 Ess cases, 5 lb tins lb 8.60 Salicylate, USP, 50 lb cases lb 50 Crude, imp., bgs lb 10 Crude, imp., bgs lb 10 Crude, imp., bgs lb 175 Methylene Blue, tech 100 lb kgs lb 50 Crude, imp., bgs lb 175 Methylene Blue, tech 100 lb kgs lb 50 Crude, imp., bgs lb 175 Methylene Blue, tech 100 lb kgs lb 50 Crude, imp., bgs lb 175 Methylene Blue, tech 100 lb kgs lb 50 Salicylate, USP, medicinal 5 lb cans lb 50 Crude, imp., bgs 10 Crude lbgs bb 50 Crude, imp., bgs 10 Crude lbgs bb 50 Crude, imp., bgs 10 Crude lbgs	6: .00 6: .00 6: .00 2: .00 2: .00 2: .00
Acctone free, 50 gal, drms. ext.gal 1.35 1.40	: .0 6: .0 6: .0 : .0 : .0 : .0
Ore, bulk NY	: .0 6: .0 6: .0 : .0 : .0 : .0
Sulfate, 600 D casks NY D 10 11 Marble Flour, bulk ton 10.00 12.00 See also Calcium Carbonate ton 10.00 12.00 See also Calcium Carbonate ton 10.00 12.00 See also Calcium Carbonate ton 10.00 12.00 Less cases, 5 D tins D See See .	6: .0 6: .0 : .0 : .0 6: .0 6: .0
Marble Flour, bulk	: .0 : .0 : .0 : .0 : 2.0
Chloride, 90	: .0 : .0 4: .0 : 2.0
MERUTHOL, USP, 60 lb cases	: .0 : 2.0
Less Flasks, 51b jugs b	: 2.0
MERCURY, metal, 75 lb flask. flask 72.00 : 72.50 500 lb drums	: .3
Second Hands, cases	: .3
Bichloride, cryst. 25 m bxs. m 1.17 USP, medicinal 5 m cans 2.25 : 2.60 Shot. 100 m keps	
Gran. powd., 200 m kegs. m : 1.02 Michler's Ketone, 225 m bbls. m : 3.75 Salt sincle 400 m bbls. NY m	
Michler's Ketone, 225 b bls. b : 3.75	
Blue Mass, 25 D boxesD : .62 Milk Sugar, see sugar of milk Oxide. 100 D kegs NY D .40	: .4
Powdered, 25 lb boxes lb: .64 Mineral Oil, see oil mineral Nitre Cake, bulk wiss ton 6.50	: 8.00
Sine Unitment, USP 20 in cans Monochloroherstere see chloroherstere 500 in bbls	; 9.7
Monoethylanfline, 900 m drs m 1.00 : 1.05 Nitrobensene, crude 1000 m drs.	
33 1/3 % Margare D. er MORPHINE Sulfate, USP 5 on tins	
Calored 50 Tb by Tb 195 10 oz	
Citring Cintment 25 D tare D . 50 Accesse, 5 Cz. tins 10 Cz. lots.02 . : 5.55 Nitronaphthalene, 550 lb 501s. ib .20	: .21
Nitrotoluene, mixed 1000 ib oct.	
Red HSP 98 h fam h . 2 08	: .18
Vellow HSP VIII 25 b tare b . 3 26 Hydenide, 5 or. uni 10 cm. Oil Fusel, see Fusel Oil	
Red Precip. USP 25 lb bxslb : 1.38 Diacetyl Alk. 16 cm via 10 Oil Mineral, wh. 50 gal. Dols.gal 1.00	: 1.2
Powder, USP 25 lb bxslb: 1.48 ozoz: 8.95 oil Mirbane, see nitrobenzene	
White Precip. USP 25 lb bxs. lb: 1.49 Hydchlide, 1/2 oz. vis. 10 oz. oz: 8.10 Opium, see crude drugs	
Powder, USP 25 lb brs lb : 1.54 Ethyl Hydehlide, 1/4 os. vis. 10 With chalk USP 25 lb brs lb : 62 oz 9.45 Orange Mineral, 800 lb casks NY. lb	: .13
With chalk, USP 25 lb bxs. lb . : .62 Small Sizes: ½ oz. vials, 50c extra; 500 lb bbls. NY	: .1
Meta-Nitroaniline, 300 lb bbls lb : .80 Sinan Sizes, 78 U. Jans, 500 c caus, 34,8 25c extra, single ox. Vs., 7c ex-	: 2.5
Meta-Nitro-para-Touldine, 300 lb tra, over price for 5 oz. tins. 25 oz. Ortho-Anisidine, 100 lb drs lb 2.00	: 3.1
bbls	
Meta-Phenylenediamine, 300 D 15c oz. higher than above schedule.	: .1
bbls B 1.00 : 1.10 Muck Ambrette 1 D cars D 15 00 16 00 Ortho-Nitrochlorobenzene, 1200 B	-
Meta-Toluylenediamine, 300 lb Ketone, 1 lb cans	: .8
bbls	: .8!

Baker's

Dependable CHEMICALS

A FEW OF BAKER'S THAT ARE IN CONSTANT DEMAND

Acid Phosphoric, anhydride Ammonium Molybdate, cryst. Ammonium Persulphate, 98% Calcium Chloride, anhydrous, granular *Copper Chloride, cupric* Nickel Formate Potassium Binoxalate Potassium Thiocyanate Sodium Oxalate Tin Crystals

Acid Molybdic

* Copper Chloride, Cupric, is an unusually high quality product for technical use; very free from cuprous and makes a clear solution. Give it an exacting trial.

OFTEN EQUAL TO C. P.—"BAKER'S DE-PENDABLE" CHEMICALS FOR INDUS-TRIAL USE.

The quality of Baker's Dependable Chemicals is like the roots of a great tree. It does the same service for every industry where chemicals are used, as the roots perform for the tree.

For years this Baker "root"—Baker Quality—has contributed strength and confidence to thousands of plants where growth and progress are steady and sure.

WHAT CHEMICALS DO YOU USE?

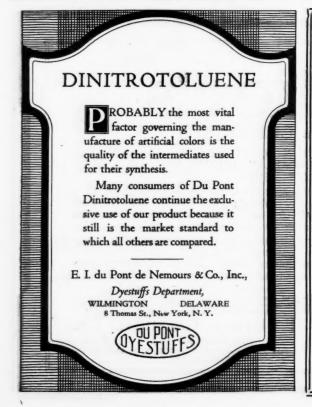
Send us your name on your firm's stationery, to go on the mailing list for the Monthly Price List of Industrial Chemicals. Does your chemist know about "Baker's Analyzed" Chemicals?

J. T. BAKER CHEMICAL CO.

PHILLIPSBURG, N. J.

New York Representative: H. B. PRIOR, 17 E. 42nd St.
Vanderbilt 0490

Ortho-Nitrotoluene, 1000 b drs.	.10		.13	Para-Phenylenediamine, 350 D	1 20		Phosphorus, red 110 lb cs. wks. lb Imported, 112 lb cases lb	.35		.50
Ortho-Toluidine, 350 lb bbls lb	.14	-	.16	bbls	1.50	1.55	Phosphorus Sesquisulfide, 105 lb cs.			
Orgall, USP 5 h both		:	3.00	bbls	.40	.41	wks		:	.371/
PALLADIUM, metal 10 cm. lots on	51 00		53.00	Para-Toluene-Sulfonchloride, 410 B			Phosphorus, yellow 110 lb cs. wks. lb	.32		.35
Pancreatin, USP 5 b bot D	1,25		1.40	bbls. wks	.11	.13	Imported, 112 lb cases lb Phosphorus Trichloride, 175 lb cyl	.25	:	.21 75
Papain, 17b bot	2.15	-	2.25	Para-Toluidine, 350 lb bbls. wks. lb	1.00	1.15	wks	.30	:	.35
Paraffin, ref'd. 200 D cs. slabs				PARIS GREEN			Phthalic Anhydride, 175 b bbls. b	.35	:	.40
120-125 Deg. M. P	.033	. 31	.0314	Arsenic Basis, 500 m kegs Ib	.23	.26	Pilocarpine Hydchlide, USP 25 oz.			0.00
125-130 Deg. M. P	.04		.0416	Kegs, 100 lb s		.28	lots, 1 oz. vialsoz		:	8.00
130-135 Deg. M. P	.04	-	.04%	Kits, 56, 28, 14 lbslb		.29	Single ounces		:	8.25
135-140 Deg. M. P	.05		.06%	Packages, 5 and 2 lb s	.30	.32	Alkaloid, 15 gr. vlsea		:	.75
	.00		.0076	Packages, 1 10, 1/2, 1/4 10 10	.32	.36	Piperazine Hydrate, 1 b bot b			16.00
Para-Aminoacetanilid, 100 D	1.25		1 98	Paris White, see whiting, French				30.00	-	33.00
Para-Aminophenol, 100 lb kegs. lb			1.25	Pepsin, USP 5 lb bot	2.25	2.50	Plaster Paris, tech. 250 h bbls.bbl			3.30
Hydrochloride, 100 b kegsb	1.20		1.25	PETROLATUM, green 300 lb bbls. lb	.021/4		True Dental, 300 bblsbbl Platinum, metal soft 10 oz. lotsoz	•••		10.00
Para-Anisidine, 100 lb kgslb Technical, kegslb	3.00 1.65	:	3.25 1.75	Dark Amber 300 lb bbls lb	.031/4		Podophyllin, 5 th bot	5.75	-	6.00
Para-Dichlorobenzene. 270 h bbls.	1.00		4.10	Cream White, USP 300 lb bbls, lb	.07		POTASH, CAUSTIC, solid 88-92%			
wis	.17	:	.20	Lily White, USP, 300 lb bbls, lb	.09		700 ID drs. WKS ID	• • • •	:	.08
Paraldehyde, 100 gal drs ID			.35	Snow White, USP 300 h bbls, h	.121/2		Imp., 88-92% 700 is drs. N1. is		:	.0734
Paraformaldehyde, USP 100 b cs. b	.523	-	.55	PHENOL, see also acid carbolic	124/2		USP, by alcohol 5 lb canslb	.46	:	.48
Para Nitroacetanilid, 300 D			*	Open market, 950 lb drs lb	.32	.34	PRIASSIUM Acetate, USP 100 D	.00	•	.00
bbls ID	.55	:	.60	240 lb des drs	.32		kegs	.28	:	.29
PARA-NITROANILINE, 300 D bbls.				Natural 240 lb des drs. wkslb			Ricarbonate, crys. 220 lb bbls. lb	.071/	:	.08
wks	.74	:	.76	Imported, 336 fb des. drs fb	.35	.40	Bichromate, crys. 900 m casks			
Para-Nitrochlorobensene, 1200 lb drs.				Phenolphthalein, USP 100 h drs. h		1.50	wks	.10	:	.10%
wks Ib	.26	:	.28	5 m cans, 100 m lots m		1.60	Powd., 900 D casks wks D	.13	:	.13%
Para-Nitro-ortho-Toluidine, 300 B	2.75			Phenylacetaldehyde, C.P., 1 lb bot. lb		14.00	Binoxolate, 300 lb bbls lb	.34		.38
Para-Nitrophenol, 185 m bblsm	.72	:	.75	Phenylacetic Acid, 17b bot D		8.00	Bisulfate, C.P. 5 m cans m		:	.80
Para-Nitrosodimethylaniline. 120 h	.12	•	.10	Phenyl-Alpha-Naphthylamine 100 B	3.00	4.00	100 lb kegs		:	.22
bbls			1.14	kegs			Bromate, 100 D cs		:	.45
Para-Nitrotoluene, 350 lb bbls lb		:		Phenylethylalcohol, 1 h bot h	7.00		BROMIDE, USP cryst. 450 B			.26
Para-oxy-Bennaldehyde, 100 D				Imported		12.50	Granular, 300 m bblsm		:	.26
kegs	1.50	:	1.60	Phosgene, cylinders, wks	.60		Cases, 100 m	***		.27
Para-Phenetidin, 500 h drs h	1.25		1 40	Phosphorus Oxychloride, 175 m cyl. h	.30	.32	Imported, USP, 220 lb cs lb	.15%	4 .	.16



THE Juden BRAND

PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE Pure Needle Crystals

MADE BY AIR OXIDATION PROCESS

HIGHEST DEGREE OF PURITY
NO VARIATION IN QUALITY

The Selden Co.

PITTSBURGH, PENN., U. S. A.

Specifications on Request

OTASSIUM-(Continued)			POTASSIUM-(Continued)			QUININE—(continued)
800 lb cks lb	.05%:	.06	Sulfate, 200 lb bags, NY.K ₂ 0 unit USP, VIII, 100 lb kegslb	.18	.95 .20	Hydchlide & Urea, USPos :
80-85%, hydrated, 800 D.			Sulfocyanide, OP 25 lb jarslb	:	.70	Lactate
cks	.07%:	.08	Tartrate, neutral, 100 P kegs. Ib Titanium Oxalate, 200 Ib bbls.	:	.53	Phenolsulfonate
90-95% casks	.08%:	.07	freight allowed	:	.35	Phosphate
96-98% casks	.07 :	.071/4	Pumice Stone, lump, 250 b bbls, b	.041/4:	.06	Salicylate, USP
99% casks	.08 :	.081/2	Lump, bags	.031/2:	.05	Tannate, USP
USP, 100 lb kegs	.10 :	.11	Powdered, 350 to bbls	.021/4:	.03	Tartrate
Chlorate, crys. 112 b kgs wks. b Imp. 112 b kegs NY b	.0814:	.08%	Pyridine, 50 gal. drumsgal	2.75 :	3.00	Valerate : .:
Powd., 112 h kegs wksh	.081/4:	.08%	QUICKSILVER, see Mercury			Small Sizes: los vials or cans,
Imp. kegs NY Ib	.0714:	.07%	Quinidine Alk., 100oz tinsoz Sulfate, 100oz tinsoz	.70 :	.75	50os. lots, 5e os extra; 5os cans,
Pyrotechnic, fine powd. NY Ib	.08 :	.09	QUININE SULFATE, USP,		,00	50on lots 3e on extra; 25on cans
USP, fine crys. 110 h kegs			American, 100oz tinsoz	:	.50	50oz lots, 2e os extra; single 1cs
NY ID	.08 :	.09	log tins, 100oz lotsoz	:	.57	vials or cans, 5e extra. All minor
Citrate, USP 10 D cans D	.63 :	.66	Dutch, 100oz tins	:	.50	quinine salts sold and quoted basis
Hycerophosphate, 75% Soln. 25 ID	1.65 :	1.70	Java, 100oz tinsoz	:	.50	100oz lots in 100oz cans. Sulfate
Guaiacol Sulfonate, 5 lb cans,			Japanese, 100oz tinsoz	:	.49	and bisulfate sold basis 100cs
10 lb	1.50 :	1.75	QUININE ALK., USP, 100oz tinsoz	:	.67	lots in 100cs cans. Smaller orders
Hypophosphite, 10 lb eans lb	:	.85	Acetate	:	.88	or containers extra as above
Iodide, USP, 100 b casesb Second Hands, casesb	3.60 :	3.65 3.55	Arsenate	:	.88	schodule.
tactophosphate, 4oz botoz	:	.90	Bisulfate, USP	:	.50	R SALT, 250 lb bbls. wkslb .55 :
Metabisulfite, 300 lb bblslb	.15	.23	Citrate	:	.62	Red Lead, see lead oxide Red Precipitate, see mercury.
Murlate, 80%, 200 D bags, NY			Dihydchlide., USPoz	:	.66	Resorcin, see resorcinol,
K ₂ 0 unit	:	.70	Dihybromide	••• :	.66	Resorcinol tech. 100 h kegs h 1.50 : 1.
litrate, see Saltpetre			Diearbonate, 10oz tinsoz	:	2.50	USP, 25 lb cans lb 2.00 : 2.
Oxalate, neutral, 100 lb kegs ID	.40 :	.45	Ethyl Carbonate, 16 oz tinsoz	:	.95	
Perchlorate, 112 lb kegs lb	.09 :	.10	Ferrocyanideoz	:	.88	Rochelle Salt, USP, 225 m bblsm : .
ermangan, USP crys,112 h drs. h	.15%:	.16	Formateoz	:	.85	Imp. USP, 300 m bbls m .19 :
USP small ery.112 lb drms lb	.15%:	.16	Glycerophosphateoz	:	.88	Rosewater, triple, 5gal. demisgal 1.15 : 1.
isslate, red, 100 lb bblslb	::: :	.90	Hydriodide	:	.88	Rotten Stone, lump imp., bblsb .07 : . Lump selected, bblsb .09 : .
Prussiate, yellow, 500 lb casks. lb	.38 :	.39	Hydrochloride, USPoz	:	.62	Powdered, bbls 1b .02 : .
Salicylate, 25 lb cans	.70 :	.72	Hydrochlorsulfateoz.	:	.66	Domestic, bags, mineston 24.00 : 30.



LES USINES





Diacetylmorphine Ethylmorphine Codeine Cocaine

J. E. DOCKENDORFF & CO.

Sole Agents and Representatives 20 BROAD ST., NEW YORK

Tel. Rector 4333-4

Cable "Dockendorf,"





SACCHARIN, USP, 1 m cans, 25 m			Soap, Castile, 40 m bxs	.20	:	.25	SODIUM ACETATE, crys 450 h bbls			
Soluble, USP, 1 lb cans, 25 lb . lb		: 2.00 : 2.00	Powd. USP, 250 lb bblslb		:	.29	wks		:	.07%
Safrol. 60 m cans	-	: .60	Green, USP, 150 lb kegslb		:	.071/2	Ton lots, bbls. wks lb Imp. 500 lb casks lb	• • • •		.07
Sal Ammoniae, see Ammon. Chloride	.00		Prices on soda alkalles are percentages and not N. Y. & L.		on	MECREI	Aluminum Sulfate, see alum soda.		•	
Salicin, USP, 1 h cartons, 25 h . h	5.00	: 5.25		sear.			Benzoate, USP, 250 m bblzm	.65	:	.70
Salel, USP, 100 lb drumslb Second Hands		: 1.00	Sonapstone, see Talc, crude SODA ASH, 58% light bes NY				Bicarbonate, 400 m bbls100 m Bbls e/l wks100 m	•••	:	2.15 1.75
Salt, Common, see sodium chloride. Salt Cake, c/l f.o.b. wkston	98 00	. 20.00	flat, ex-warehouse100 lb Contract, Basis 48% bags c/1	• • •	:	2.01	112 lb kegs100 lb	***		2.00 2.40
SALTPETRE, Double Refined	20.00	. 50.00	wks100 m	• • •	:	1.20	Bichromate, 600 D casks wksD Casks, c/l wksD	.07%		.08
c/l wks			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1.25	:	1.30	Bisulfite, dry powder, 500 lb bbls, wks	.04	:	.04%
Large Crystals, 350-400 lb bbls., c/l whs lb Small Crystals, 350-400 lb bbls.	• • •		Soda Ash, 58% dense, bags ex- warehouse, NY100 lb Contract, Basis 48% bags c/1	•••	:	2.07	wks	1.15		1.80
e/l wks	.061/4	: .08	wks	•••	:	1.25	Cases, 100 lblb Imp. USP, 112 lb cslb	.17	:	.25 .26 .17½
Santonin USP, 170 bot To 1	75.00	:177.00	e/1 wks100 m	1.30		1.35	Cacodylate, USP, 5 lb bot, 25 lblb	6.00	: (6.25
Powd. 1 lb bot		:178.50 : 1.56 : .65	1	3.50	•	3.60	Carbonate, sal soda, 350 lb bbls le/l wks100 lb	1.30		1.35
Scopolamine, see hyoscine.	.00		76% solid drs. ex-warehouse NY100 lb		:	3.72	Ten lots, wks100 lb USP monohyd, 100 lb keg. lb	***		1.25
Seidlitz Mixture, 225 m bbls m	.17	: .18	Contract basis 60% c/1 was		:	2.50	Pure photographic, 100 lb keg	.08	:	.09
SILICA Crude, bulk, mineston	10.00	: 12.00	Pmpt and spot, Basis 60% c/l wks100 lb	2.571/2			Chlorate, 112 lb kegs, wkslb Imported, 112 lb kegslb	.061/	:	.06%
Refined, floated, bagston Air floated, bagston		: 30.00 : 50.00	Contract 60% low grade c/l wks flat100 lb		:	2.65	Chloride, tech 200 lb bags.ton	$12.00 \\ .05$: 1	5.0 0
Extra, floated, bagston	55.00	: 65.00	Ground & flake, 76% pmpt and				Citrate, USP, IX, 100 lb kegs. lb USP, VIII, 100 lb kegs lb		:	.62
SILVER, metal, Americanoz Foreignoz.	• • •	: .63	spot, wks c/1 drs100 fb Contract, 76% drums, c/1 wks	***	:	3.721/2	Cyanide, 96-98%, 100 D cases		:	.23
Colloidal, 16oz botoz		: 1.60	flat		:	3.65	Ton lots, wks		:	.23
Nitrate, USP, 200oz botoz	.44	: .441/2	76% drs. ex-warehouse NY100 lb		:	4.16	73-76%, 100 fb cases, wks. fb Imp. 128%, 200 fb cases. fb	.22	:	.20 %
Nucleinate, 16oz botoz	.32		USP, stick, 10 m cans m	.19	*	.21	120%, cases	.20	:	.21
Proteinate, 16oz botoz	.34	: .39	Pure, stick, by alcohol Ib	.25	:	.27	Fluoride, 350 m bbls. NY imp. m	.091/	:	.09%



Soda Ash 58%

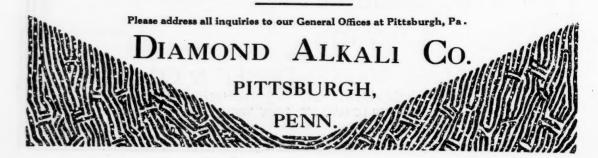
Modified Soda

Caustic Soda 76-78%

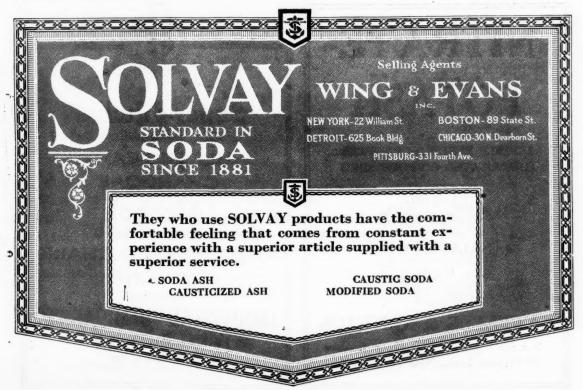
Bicarbonate of Soda, U.S.P.

Special Alkali

OUR complete plants at Painesville, Onio are directly served by three trunk line railroads. We are excellently situated to serve you to advantage.



SODIUM—(Continued)			SODIUM-(Continued)			STRONTIUM Bromide, USP, 100 lb
Glycerophos, USP, crys 25 lb			Para-Toluene Sulfonate, 175 b			Carb. 600 lb bbls. wks
cansIb	1.70 :		bbls	.08 :	.09	100 lb kegs wkslb : .0
Powder, 25 b tins b Solution, USP 25 b tins b	1.75 :		PRUSSIATE, yellow, 450 fb csks. fb	.1816:	.19	Iodide, USP, 25 lb jarslb : 3.9
Hydrosulfite, 200 b bbls, fob, wks. D	.19 :	.22				Nitrate, 600 lb bbls, wks lb .11 : .1
Hydroxide, see Soda Caustic	.10 .		Pyrophosphate, 100 lb kegslb	.18 :	.22	Imp, bbls. NY081/4: .1
Hypophosphite, USP, 25 lb cans			Salicylate, 100 lb kegs	.52 :	.54	Salicylate, USP, 100 lb kegs. lb ; .6
ID	:	.75	Second Hands, USP, kegs Ib	.45 :	.47	STRYCHNINE Alkaloid, USP, crys
HYPOSULFITE, tech. pea crys.,			Silicate, 60° 700 lb bbls. f.a.s.			100ov tins : 1.1
375 lb bbls. wks100 lb	3.50 :	3.75	NY100 ID	:	2.00	Alk, powd, USP : 1.0
Bbls. c/l wks100 lb	:	3.25	Works, 1000 lb drums100 lb	:	1.90	Acetate : 1.0
100 lb kegs wks100 lb	3.75 :	4.00	Works, tanks	:	1.75	Glycerophosphate, USPoz : 1.0
Granulated, bbls. wks100 lb	3.75 :	3.90	40° domestic, 700 b c/l f.o.b.			Hydrobromide 1.0
Bbls. c/l wks100 fb Kegs wks100 fb	4.20	3.75 4.50	wks	:	.80	Hydrochloride 1.0
Regular crystals 100 lb	2.75 :	3.00	Works, 1000 lb drums100 lb	:	.82%	Hypophoephite 2 1.1
Iodide, USP, 25 lb jars lb	:	4.00	Works, tanks100 m	:	.75	Nitrate, USP
Metanilate, 150 lb bbls lb	.80 :	.82	Spot, drums, bbls100 lb	1.25 :	1.50	Phosphate 1.0
Naphthionate, 300 lb bbls lb	:	.56	Silicofluoride, 450 lb bbls NY. lb	.07%:	.08	Sulfate, USP, crys powdcs : .8
Nitrate, crude, 95%, 200 lb bgs			Sulphate, see Glauber's Salt.			Saccharinate
c/1 NY100 fb	;	2.60	Sulfide, 60% solid, 650 m drs			Strychnine preparations quoted bases
Futures, NY100 lb	:	2.621/4		0× .	081/	100oz lots in 100oz tins. Small Sizes:
Double Refined, 400 b bbls			le/1 wks	.05 :	.051/4	1/2 oz vials, 50e extra; 1/4 oz vials, 25e
wks	.04 1/2:	.04%	Drs. c/1 wks	:	.04%	extra; single ounce vials, 7c extra. Lots
Nitrite, 500 lb bbls wks lb	.09 :	.0934	Imp, 700 lb drs NYlb	:	.04	of 25 ozs. 5e higher than above
Bbls. spot, makers	:	.091/6	60% broken, 650 lb drs wks. lb	.051/4:	.05 1/2	schedule. Lots of less than 25 ozs.
Imp. 650 lb casks lb	.0814:	.081/2	Imp, 500 lb drs NYlb	:	.041/4	
Ortho-Chloro-para-Toluene Sul-			30% crys. 400 lb bbls wks. lb	.02%:	.03	Sugar Milk, USP, 200 lb bblslb .21 : .2 Second Hands, USP, bblslb .22 : .2
fonate, 175 lb bbls wks. lb	.25 :	.27	Imp., 400 lb bblslb	:	.02 1/2	Sulfonal, see Sulfonmethane.
Oxalate, neutral, 100 lb kegs. lb	:	.47	Sulfite, crys, 400 lb bbls wks. lb	031/2:	.03%	
Perborate, 275 lb bbls lb	:	.24	Dessicated, 400 fb bblsfb	.091/2:	.10	Sulfonmethane, USP, 5 m bxs m : 4.2
Imp., 225 lb drs	.18 :	.19	Sulfocarbolate, USP, 100 lb			Sulfonethylmethane USP, bxs,5 lb lb 5.2
Peroxide, 200 lb cases lb	.25 :	.27	kegs	.41 :	.43	SULFUR, crude, bulk, c/1 NY.ton : 18.0
Phosphate, di-sodium, tech 550 lb			Sulfocyanide, 400 m bbism	.45 ;	.47	Crude, f.o.b. plantton 14.00 : 15.00 Brimstone, 250 lb bgs, c/l 100 lb 1.75 : 1.90
bbls	.031/4:	.03 %	Tungstate, crys 100 h kegs h	:	.55	Less c/1 bags NY100 lb 1.85 : 2.16
USP, gran. 275 bblslb	.07 :	.071/2	Dessicated, kegs	:	.65	Roll, 500 lb bbls c/1 NY. 100 lb : 2.1
USP, recrys 275 bblslb	.051/4:	.06	Solvent Naptha, see Naphtha,			Less c/l bags NY100 m 2.20 : 2.4
Mono-sodium 100 lb kegs lb	.25 :	.27	Spartein Sulfate, USP, 25oz bulk.oz	.60 :	.70	Flour, Heavy, 290 h bbls, 100 h 2,50 : 3.05
						Light, 100%, 260 lb bbls, 100 lb 2.60 : 3.15
Tri-sodium tech. 550 lb bbls. lb	.041/2:	.0514	Single oz. vialoz.	:	.60	Rubbermakers 100%, 246 lb bbls, NY100 lb 2.60 : 3.19
Picramate, 100 b kegs b	:	.60	Starch, rice, 140 lb bags lb	.09 :		bbls, NY



SULFUR-(continued)			Tin—(continued)			XYLENE, 2° dist range, nitration		
Commercial, 99%, 150 bgs NY100 b	1.35	: 1.65	Bichloride, 50% sola 100 lb	.10%:	.101/4	tks wksgal 110gal. drs, wksgal		.45 .51
For Dusting, 99%, 100 b		: 2.50	Crystals, 500 lb bbls. wkslb	:	.321/2	5° dist. range, 8000gal tanks wks	:	.40
Flowers, 100%, 240 lb bbls	2.00		0xide, 400 lb bbls. wkslb	:	.33	110gal, drs, wksgal	:	.46
Precipitated, 125 m bbls NYm	3.00	: 3.55	100 lb kegs wks	:	.44	Xylidine, 900 lb drs	.42	.43
Lac, 125 b bbls NYb	.15	: .18	Tetrachloride, 1000 m drs wks. Ib	.21%:	.23	YARA YARA, 1 m tins m	2.00	
Sulfur Chloride, red, 700 h drs			Tolidine, 350 b bbls	.95 ;	.97	Yohimbin Hydchlide, 1 oz. vialoz	***	: 11.50
wks	***	: .051/2	Sulfate, 350 m bbls	:	1.00	ZINC, METAL, high grade, slabs c/l NY100 lb	1	
Yellow, 700 m cbys. wksm		: .05	Toluene, 8000gal tank cars, wks.gal	:	.30	Common Slabs, c/l NY100 lb Mossy, 25 lb bxs NY lb	7.20	7.25
150 fb cbys wks		: .051/2	110gal drs wksgal	:	.35	Ammonium Chloride, soin, 400 lb		
Sulfuric Ether, see Ether.	.08	: .081/2	Toluidine, Mixed, 900 lb drs wks. lb	.30 :	.32	bbls		
Sulfuryl Chloride, 600 lb drs lb		: .70	Tribromphenol, 100 m cases m	:	1.00	Carb. tech, 150 lb kegs NY. lb USP, 100 lb kegslb	.14	.16
TALC, Italian, 220 lb bags NY. ton		: 40.00	Trional, see Sulfonethylmethane.		45	Chloride, fused, 600 lb drs wks, lb		.07
Refined, white, bagston	42.00	: 55.00	Triphenyl Phosphate, 450 m bbls. m	2.50 :	3.00	Drs. c/1 wks	:	.051/
French, 220 h bgs. NYton Refined, white, bagston		: 30.00 : 45.00	Tungsten NYW02 unit	7.00 :	8.00	Imp. drs NY	.06 :	.06 %
Dem, crude, 100 h bags NY ton		: 18.00	UREA, pharm 112 lb caseslb	:	.40	Imported, drs. NY Ib	.06 :	.06 1/
Refined, 100 m bags NY ton		: 30.00				USP, 25 lb jars lb	.42	.20
Tartar Emetic, tech. 700 m bbls. m USP, 300 m bbls	.27	: .2714	Cans. 80 ozsoz	.43 :	.45	Dust, 100 to tins wks 1b	.09 :	
Terpin Hydrate, USP, 100 h kep h	.73		Cans, 160z	:	.46	500 fb bbls, kegs, lc/l wks. fb 500 fb bbls, kegs, c/l wks. fb	.0914:	
Terpineol, CP 1000 D drums D	.50		Vermilion, Amer. 100 D kegs D	:	.35	Iodide, 5 lb botts		5.00
Cans, 50 lb lb		: .60	English, kegs	:	1.30	Nitrate, 25 m jars	:	.35
Imported, cans, 25 m m Terpenyl Acetate, 25 m cans m	1.75	: .75	Veratrine Sulfate, loz vial oz	:	2.50	Oxide, Amer. 300 m bbls, wks m	.071/2:	
Terra Alba, No. 1, 300 b bbls100 b	1.85	: 1.90	Hydrochloride, 1oz vialoz	:	2.50	Bbls c/l wksb French, 300 lb bbls wkslb	.091/4:	.07%
No. 2, bbls100 lb	1.25	: 1.35	WHITE LEAD, see lead, white.			Bbl c/l wks	.09 :	.091/
Theobromine Alk., 5 lb cans lb and Sod. Salicylate, 1 lb bot lb		: 6.00	White Precipitate, see mercury.			Bags, e/l wks	.08%:	
Thiocarbanilid, 170 lb bbls lb	.35	: 4.00	hiting, 200 lb bags, c/1 wks.ten	:	18.00	Imported, white seal, bbls Ib Green seal, bbls Ib		.12%
Thymol, USP, 10 m camp m	4.00	: 4.25	Bags, 1/el wkston		20.00	USP, 100 m bbls	.15 :	.17
Iodide, 5 lb boxeslb	6.75	: 7.00	Gilders, bagston		15.00	Stearate, USP, 60 lb bblslb	.1914:	
TIN, Metal Straits, NY100 lb American standard, NY100 lb		: 39.62 : 39.00	French, bags, NYton	:	18.00	Sulfate, 400 lb bbls, wks lb Bbls c/l wks	.031/4:	.03 1/4
99% American, NY 100 lb	***	: 38.50	English, bags, NYton		23.00	USP, 100 lb kegs	.08 :	.09
C.P. mosey, 25 lb brs NY. lb	•••	:	Witch Hazel Extract, 50gal bbls.gal	1.20 :	1.25	Sulfocarbolate, 100 h kegs. Ib	.40 :	.49

NITRATE POTASH

DOUBLE REFINED CRYSTALS GRANULATED OR POWDERED



BATTELLE & RENWICK

Estb. 1840 Incp. 1902 80 Maiden Lane, New York, N. Y.



Super-Filtchar

(Decolorizing and Deodorizing Carbon)

FULLERS EARTH CHARCOAL

Alcohol

(Ethyl and Denatured)

PRECIPITATED CHALK WHITING

INDUSTRIAL CHEMICAL CO.

200 Fifth Avenue, New York City

Tel: Gramercy 3242

Oils and Fertilizers

Oils			LINSEED, raw c/l bbls spotgal Five bbls., rawgal Boiled, 5 bbl. lotsgal		.90 .93	SOYA BEAN, crude tks. Coast Ib Crude, bulk c.i.f. NY in bond. Ib Crude, bulk c.i.f. PC in bond. Ib	.09 .07¼:	.07%
			Double boiled 5 bbl, lotsgal	:	.96	Crude, bbls. NY	.111/2:	
Castor, No. 1, 400 lb bbls lb	.12%:	.13	Raw, Jan. c/l bblsgal		.90	Refined, bbls, NY		.12%
80 lb cases	.14 :	.141/4	FebApr., c/l bblsgal		.90	Amer. pressed, crd. bbls. NY Ib	.11 :	.11%
No. 3, bbls	:	.121/2	Imported, bhls., NYgal	:	.85	Sperm, 38° c. t. blehd, bbls, NY.gal	:	1.09
Blown, 400 lb bbls	:	.141/4	Imp. shipment, duty paid bbls.gal	***	.82	45° cold test, blchd, bbls. NY.gal	:	1.04
China Wood, bbls, spot NY Ib	.161/2:	.1734		*** :		STEARIC ACID, s. p. 200 h bags. h	:	.12
8000 gal, tks. WY		11176	Menhaden, crude, bbls, wksgal	:	.53	Double pressed, bgs	:	.121/
Feb. forward, tanks, NY lb	:	.14%	Crude, tanks wks Baltgal	:	.51	Double pressed, bgs, gaponified. To	:	.12 1/2
Mar Apr. forward, tanks, NY 10	:	.14%	Light strained, tanksgal	:	.63	Triple pressed, bgs., distilled In	:	.14
Coast, tanks, Apr. forward Ib	:	.131/2	Light strained, bbls, NYgal	.65 :	.67	Triple pressed, bgs., saponified Ib	:	.14
Coconut Ceylon, 375 lb bbls, NY, lb	.09 1/4:	.09%	Yellow bleached, bbls, NYgal	.68 :	.70	Stearine, oleo, bbls	.101/4:	.104
8000 gal. tanks, NY Ib	.08%:	.09	Blown, bbls. NYgal	.74 :	.76	Lard, bbls	:	.1234
Cochin, 375 lb bbls, NY lb	.101/4:	.101/2	Neatsfoot, 20° c.t. bbls. NY fb	.181/2:	.20	Tallow, edible, tierces	:	.101/
Tanks, NY	:		30° cold test, bbls. NY lb	.151/4:	.151/2	City extra, loose	.08%:	.09
Manila, tanks, Coast 10	.07%:	.08	Prime, bbls, NY	:	.1334	Tallow Oil, acidless tks, NY Ib		.111/
Edible, bbls, NY	.10%:	.11	Oleo Oil, No. 1, bbls NY Ib	.13%:	.14	Bbls , e/1 NY	:	.12%
Cod Newfoundland 50 gal, bbls.gal	.64 :	.65	No. 2. bbls. NY			Teaseed, crude bbls, NY	.1214:	.12%
Tanks, NYgal	.62 :	.63	No. 3, bbls, NY	.111/2:	.11%	Walnut, crude bbls, NY	.121/4:	.121/
Copra, bags 10	.05 :	.05%		.091/3:	.09%	Whale, nat. winter bbls. NY gal	.70 :	.71
Corn, ref. 375 lb bbls. NY lb	:	.131/4	OLIVE, denatured bbls, NYgal	1.10 :	1.12	Blchd. winter bbls. NYgal	.74 :	.77
Crude, tanks mills 1b	.09%:	.10	Edible, bbls., NYgal	1.80 :	2.20	Crude, No. 1, tanks Coast Ib	:	
Bbls. NY tb	.10%:	.11	Foots, bbls, NY	.091/4:	.09 1/2	Crude, No. 2, tanks Coast ID	:	.06 1/
COTTONSEED, crude tks. mills To		.10	Shipment, duty paid Th	.081/2:	.0884	Crude No. 3, tanks Coast Ib	:	***
P. S. Y. 100 bbl. lots NYIb	.11	.11%	Palm Lagos, 1500 b casks b	.07%:	.08	Crude No. 3, taking Competition		
White, 100 bbl. lots NY lb	:	.131/2	Niger, casks	.07%:	.071/2			
Winter yellow, 100 bbls, NY Ib	.121/2:	.1334	Bonny old Calabar, casks Ib	.071/4:	.07%	Fertilizer Mate	erials	5
Degras, Amer. 50 gal, bbls, NY, Ib	:	.04 %						
English, bbls, NY	.04 1/4:	.05	Palm Kernel, 1500 h casks NY h	.091/4:	.09%	Ammon. Sulf. bulk wks 100 fb	:	3.20
Neutral, bbls. NY	.09 :	.11	Peanut, refined bbls, NY lb	.161/2:	.173/2	Double bgs. f.a.s. NY100 b	:	
Grease, choice white bbls. NY Ib	.101/2:	.10%	Crude, mills buyers' tks Ib	.13 :	.131/4	Blood, dried f.o.b. NYunit	:	4.70
Yellow	.081/4:	.081/4	Crude, bbls. NY	.141/2:	.14%	Bone, 3 & 50 ground rawton	:	32.00
Brown	.07 1/8:	.08	Perilla, bbls, NY	:	.17	Raw, Chicagoton	:	28.00
House	.01 /8 .	.081/8	Shipment, c.i.f. NY bbls Ib	.131/4:	.14	Cyanamide wksunit	:	2,25
Bone paphtha	:	.0714	Shipment, c.i.f. NY tks Ib	.131/2:	.14	Fish Scrap, dried wksunit	:	
Herring, Tanks, Coastgal	:					NITRATE SODA, NY100 To	2.60 :	2.62 1/2
Horse, 375 lb bbls, NYlb	:		Poppyseed, bbls. NYgal	:	2.50	Phosphate Rock, f.o.b. mines,		
Lard, prime steam bbls	:	.131/2	Rapeseed, refined bbls, NY gal	.85 :	.86	Florida pebble, 68-78%ton	3.00 :	5.50
Compound, bbls	:	.13	Blown, bbls, NYgal	.95 :	.98	Tennessee, 70-75%ton	3.00 :	3,25
LARD OIL. Edible prime, bbls ib	:	.14%	Red Oil, distilled, bbls	.1114:	.1134	Phosphate Acid, 16% wkston		10.00
Off prime, bbls		.14	Saponified, bbls	.111/2:	.1134	Potassium Muriate, 80%unit		.70
Extra, bbls,	:	.1334				Sulfateunit	:	.95
Extra No. 1. bbls	:	.131/4	Salmon, 8000 gal. tks. Coastgal	:	.46	Steamed Bone Meal, NYton	:	35.00
No. 1 bbls		.13	Sesame, domestic edible bblsgal	:	2.50	Tankage, ground NYunit	4.75 &	,10
No. 2 bbls		.121/2	Sod Oil, bbls. NYgal	:	.45	High grade, f.o.b. Chicago unit	4.75 &	.10
2 0018		.1272	non out must stressessessesses			mign grade, 1.0.0. Chicago units		

THE FAR EAST CALLS

Manufacturers of Drugs, Chemicals or Proprietary Articles who realize the value of foreign trade will answer the call without delay, and encourage enquiries from India, Ceylon, Burma, Siam, China, etc., by using regularly the advertising pages of The Indian and Eastern Druggist, the only trade paper catering exclusively for the East. Specimen copies and advertising rates from

KINNEY & MURRAY

25 Church St., New York City

Jacques Wolf & Co.

Manufacturing Chemists & Importers

PASSAIC, N. J.

ALIZARINE YELLOWS

BLEACHING OIL Kier boil Assistant

HYDROSULPHITE

For stripping and discharge printing

BOIL-OFF OIL

Replacing soap in degumming silk

TEXTILE GUMS For fabric printing

SOLUBLE OILS

MONOPOLE OIL

Reg. Trade Mark No. 70991

GUMS

Arabic, Karaya and Tragacanth

Tannins and Dyestuffs

Naval Stores (Carloads ex-yard N. Y.) Spirits Turpentine, bbls.....gal ... Wood Turpentine, stm. distd. bbls.gal Destructive distilled, bbls...gal Pitch, primebbl 6.00 : 6.50 Rosins. (Sold in 600 lb bbls., gross for net, quotations based on a unit of 280 lb) B280 TD 6.15 6.25 6.25 6.25 6.25 6.25 M280 m Rosin Oil, first run, 50 gal. bbls.gal Second run, bbls.....gal .44 Tar, kiln-burntbbl Retortbbl

Woods

Barwood, chips	.04%	.05
Camwood, chips	.09 :	.13
Divi Divi, pods 100-200 h bags. to	n 32.00 :	34.00
Fustie, sticksto	n 35.00 :	37.00
Chips	.04	.06
Hemlock, barkto	n 16.00 :	18.00
Hypernic, chips	.06%:	.01
LOGWOOD, sticksto	n :	30.00
Chips 150 lb bags	.0214:	.03
Mangrove bark, African to	n :	35.00
Bark, South American to	n 25.00 :	\$0.00

Myrabolans, 150 m bags J1ton			28.00
B1ton		:	24.00
R2ton			17.00
Nutgalls, see Crude Drugs.			
Oak bark, wholeton	20.00		23.00
Groundton			25.00
Quercitron bark, roughton		:	10.00
Groundton	20.00	:	25.00
Sumac, Sicily, 160 lb bagston	57.00		60.00
Virginia, 150 h bagston		:	35.00
Valonia Cups, 28-33% tanton	31.00	:	35.00
Beard, 40% tan, 150 b bgs.ton	48.00	:	50.00
Wattle bark, 150 b bagston	38.00	:	40.00

Extracts

Range of prices includes quality range for large quantity.		
Annatto, fine	.26	29
Archil, double 600 h bbls h	.16	.18
Triple, 600 m bbls	.17	.19
Conc., 600 m bbls		
Chestnut, clarified, 25% tks. wks.ton	2.00 :	2.25
Powd., 60% 100 bls. wks. Ib	.05 1/4 :	.05%
Decolorized, bbls. wks Ib	.09 :	.091/2
Cudbear, English	.21 :	.23
Cutch, Rangoon, 100 m bales Ib	.13 :	.16
Borneo, solid, 100 m bales m	.04%:	.05 1/2
Liquid, 450 m bbls	.10 :	.11
Tablets, 120 lb boxes	.13 :	
Flavine	.90 :	.95
Fustic, solid 50 lb boxes lb	.14 :	.18
Crystals, 100 lb boxes lb	.22 :	.24
Liquid, 51°, 600 m bbls m	.10 :	.14
Gal extract	.16 :	.18
Gambler, 25% liq. 450 h bbls h	.061/4:	.07
Common, 200 D cases D	.0514:	.05%
Singapore cubes, 150 lb bags lb	.07 :	.071/2
HEMATINE, Paste, 500 lb bbls 1b	.111/2:	.131/2
Crystals, 400 lb bbls	.16 :	.20
Hemlock, 25% 600 m bbls. wks. To	.031/8:	.03 1/2
Hypernic, 51°, 600 m bbls m	.15 :	.20
Indigo, Madras bbls	.85 :	.90
Manila, bbls B	:	1.30

Larch, 25%, 600 to bbls., wks to Powd, 100 to bags, wks to	.031/4:	
Logwood, 51°, 450 to bbls to	.07%:	.121/2
Solid, 50 lb boxes	.15 :	.21
Madder, Dutch	.28 :	
Mangrove, 55% 400 h bbls h	.0514:	
Myrobalans, 25% liquid bbls Ib	.04 :	.05
50% solid, 50 lb boxeslb	.04%:	.05
Oak, tanks wks	.041/2:	.04%
23-25% liq. 600 m bbls. wks. m	.05 :	.05%
Osage Orange, 50° liquid Ib	.07	.08
Powd. 100 hs bags	.15 :	.16
Persian Berries	.27 :	.30
QUEBRACHO, 35% liquid ths lb	.03%:	.04
450 m bbls	.04 1/4:	.04%
35% bleaching, 450 lb bbls lb	.04%:	.05%
Solid 65% 100 b baleslb	.04%:	.05
Clarified bales ID	.05%:	.05 1/4
Quercitron, 51° 450 m bbls m	.00 .	19
Powdered, 100 lb boxes lb Spruce, 25% liquid tanks wks lb	.05 .	0114
Powd, 50% 100 lb bags wks. lb	.01 .	0014
Sumac, liquid 450 lb bbls lb	07	.01 14 .02 14 .09
	.01 .	.00
DYERS' SUNDRIES		
Albument, technical, egg 200 h cs. h	:	.80
Blood, domestic, 100 h drs h		.35
British Gum, 140 th bags c/l 100 h		3.39
Bags 1c/1		3.67
Dextrin, corn 140 h bags c/1.100 h		3.09
Bags le/1	:	3.37
Potato 140 m bags c/1100 m	.0934 :	.09%
Bags 1c/1100 To	.60 :	.62
Prussian blue	.031/2:	028/
Spray Yolk 150 lb cs		
STARCH, powd, 140 lb bgs.c/1100 lb	:	2.47
Bags le/l100 b	:	2.75
Pearl, 140 lb bags c/l100 lb	2.37	2.65
Potato, domestic, 140 D bags. D	.0514	.0514
Imported, bags duty paid. Ib	.05 14 .06 14 .05 .03 14	.0714
Tapioca Flour, high grade bags. Ib	.05	.05%
Medium grade, bags Ib	.03%:	.04
Low grade, bags	.03	.0314
Turkey Red Oil, bbls	.09 :	.11
Yolk Oil, bbls	:	.35

THE NEW BRUNSWICK CHEMICAL CO.

Sales Office and Factory, 85-105 Doremus Avenue, Newark, N.J.





Waxes

Compounds

Essential to Dyeing, Finishing and Sizing

TRY

TERPOL HYDRATE

For Penetration, Thin Boiling Smoothness and Elasticity on

Cotton Warps and Yarns

WHERE STARCH IS USED Write for Information

Southern Dyestuffs Company



Executive Offices

25 West 43rd Street Telephone, Murray Hill 0528 Plant, Nitro, W. Va.

> BETA NAPHTHOL (Technical)

> ALPHA NAPTHOL

Selling Agents

W. S. GRAY & CO.
342 Madison Ave., New York City
DDESCOTT & COMPANY

PRESCOTT & COMPANY Montreal, Canada

Crude Dru	gs		BALSAMS Copaiba, Para, 80 lb cs lb South American, 80 lb cs lb	.23 : .28 :	.25 .29	Cantharides, Chinese cases Ib Powd., boxes Ib Cantharides, Russian, cases Ib		:	1.10 1.35 2.10
Accroides Gum, yel.,	.18 :	.20	Fir Canada. cansgal Oregon, pbls, cansgal	1.65 :	1.85	Powdered, boxes	2.25	:	2.30
ACONITE Leaves, bales To	.16 :	.17	Peru, 120 lb cases	2.10 :	.80	Dutch, 110 lb bagslb	.29	*	.29 1/2
Aconite Root, USP, bags	.35 :	.40	Bamboo Brier Root, bags	.06 :	.07	Cardamom bleached cases Ib	.90	:	1.15
Agar Agar. 1, 200 m bales m	1.60 :	1.65	Barberry Bark, tree bales ID	.22 :	.24	Decorticated, cases	.70	:	.72
No. 2, bales	- 42	1:0	Bayberry Bark, bales	.10 :	.12	Green, grinding, bags	.75	:	.77
No. 3, bales	1.45 :	1.50	Wax, bbls	.28 :	.30	Carnauba Wax, Flor. bags ID	.45	:	.48
Agaric, white, cases	:	***	Belladonna Leaves, bales lb	.17 :	.18	No. 1 N Country bags ID	.40		.43
Almonds, bitter bags bxs	.30 :	.35	Root, bags	.13 :	.14	No. 2 N Country bags lb	.23	:	.25
Sweet, bags	.45 :		Bees Wax, white bbls	.36 :	.37	No. 3 Fatty Gray, bags Ib	.20	:	.21
Meal, tins, boxes	.28 :	.30	Yellow, refined bbls	.23 :	.26	No. 3 Chalky, bags	.16%	.:	.17
Aletris Root, bags	.60 :	.62	Crude, bags	.20 :	.22	Cascara Amarga, 150 lb bales lb	.30	:	.32
Alkanet Root, bags	.08 :	.10	Benzoin Gum, Siam, boxes Ib	1.00 :	1.10	Cascara Sagrada, bales	.13 1/2	:	.14
Aloes, Barbadoes, 120 lb bblslb	.70 :	.75	Sumatra, 80 lb boxes	.38 :	.40	Cascarilla Bark, quills bales Ib	.30	3	.35
Cape, 400 lb cases	.07 :	.071/	Berberis Aquifolium Root, bags Ib	.16 :	.17	Siftings, bbls	.20	:	.25
Curacao. 100 b casesb	.06 :	.061/	Beth Root, bags	.18 :	.20	Cassia Buds, 66 lb cases lb	.13	:	.14
Socotrine, whole 100 m cs lb	.30 :	.32	Blackhaw Bark, root, bales Ib	.38 :	.43	China, select, mats cases To	.06	:	.08
Althea Root, cut cases	.13 :	.14	Tree, bales	.21 :	.22	Saigon, assort. bales1b	.24	:	.26
Whole bags	.09 :	.10	Blood Root, bags	.13 :	.15	Cassia Fistula, baskets	.10	:	.11
Ambergris, black boxesoz	:	8.00	Blueflag Root, bags	.08 :	.10	Castor Beans, bags	.03	•	.031/
Grey, boxes	:	28.00	Borage Flowers, bales	.28 :	.30	Castoreum, 1 lb botlb	4.00		4.50
Ammoniae, tears, bags	1.35 :	1.40	Bryonia Root, bags	.10 :	.11	Catechu Gum, bags	.09		.10
Angelica Root, dom, bags ID	.14 :	.15	BUCHU LEAVES, short, 250 D	.10 .		Catnip Herb, bales	.12	:	.15
Angostura Bark, bags	.14 :	.15	bales	:	1.10	Celery Seed, 220 b bags b Ceresin Wax, white bags b	.0834	4:	.09
Anise, Levant bags	.17 :	.173/9	Less, bales	1.12 :	1.15	Yellow, 200 lb bags	.071/		.08
Star, cases	.15 :	.16	Long, bales	:			.01 75	2 .	.00
Spanish, bags To	.25 :	.27	Buckthorn Bark, bales	.07%:	.08	CHAMOMILE FLOWERS, Roman			4 40
Annatto Seed, bags	.05 :	.051/4	Burdock Root, bags	:	.27	balesID	1.30		1.40
	.26 :	.27	Burgundy Pitch, dom, 110 h stands			Hung cases bales	.18		.19
ARABIC GUM, 200 lb caseslb Seconds, 250 lb bagslb	.20 :	.27	Gross for net	:	.05	Charcoal Willow, powd. bbls Ib	.06		.061/2
Sorts, amber, 200 lb bags, bls. lb	.181/2:	.19	Calabar Beans, bags	.13 :	.14	Wood, powd. bbls	.04	:	.05
Powd, USP, 300 lb bbls lb	.21 :	.23	Calamus Root, bleached cases To	.40 :	.45	Chestnut Bark, bags	.07	:	.08%
			Unbleached, bags	.07 :	.08	Herb, bales	.06		
Areca Nuts, 150 to bags	:	.09	Calendula Petals, imp. bales Ib	:	.30	Chicle Gum, bags	.80	:	1.00
Powd., 200 b bbls	:	.12	Calisaya Bark, bales	.12 :	.14	Chiretta, bales	.13	:	.14
Arnica Flowers, bales	.12 :	.13	Camphor, see Chemicals			Cinchona Bark, red quills bales. To	.50	:	.55
Root, bagsIb	.20 :	.22	Canary Seed, Morocco bags Ib	.06 :	.061/2	Broken, bales	.14	:	.15
Arrowroot, Amer. powd. bbls Ib	.10%:	.06	South American, bags	.04%:	.04%	Cinnamon, Ceylon, bales, bond Ib	.20	:	.22
St. Vincent, powd. bbls 15			Candelila Wax, bags	:	.35	Civet, Abyssin horns		:	2.85
Asafetida, USP, 250 m cases m	.32 :	.35	Canella Alba Bark, bales Ib	.45 :	.47	Clover Tops, bags	.09	:	.10
Powd., 50 lb bxs	.59 :		Cannabis, true imp. bags	:	5.75	Cloves, Zanzibar, 135 h balesh	.24	:	.25
BALM GILEAD BUDS, bags To	.43 :	.44	American (no assay) balesIb	.75 :	.90	Amboynas, bales	• • •	:	
Balmony Hedb, bales	:	.14	USP, bales	1.00 :	2.00	Penang, bales	***	:	

We Offer

CUTTLE FISH BONE Bird and Jewelers' Quality

HOREHOUND POMEGRANATE

(Bark of Fruit)

Immediate deliveries

Amecousema American Trading House 25 Rue St. Augustin, Paris (2) France

Cables: ("AMECOUSEMA PARIS"). All codes

GUMS

FOR ALL TRADES

GEORGE H. LINCKS

Gum Specialist

1 Liberty St.

New York

The next time you are in the market for

BROMIDES
POTASH OR SODA

we would appreciate a chance to figure on your requirements.
Fougera products may be depended upon to measure up to the highest standards.

E. FOUGERA & CO., Inc. 90-92 Beekman St., New York, N.Y.

Specializing in

Amidopyrine - Antipyrine - Cacodylates
Camphor
Guaiacol Carbonate - - Salicylates

Cochineal, USP boxes	.40 :	.45	Dogwood Bark, Jamaica bags In	.10 : .11	Grindelia Robusta Herb, bales ID	.09 :	.10
Coca Leaves, Huanuco bags Ib	:	***	Flowers, bales		Guaiae Gum, 80 lb cases lb	.48 :	.50
Truxillo, bags	.40 :	.45	Doggrass Root, USP cut bags In		Guarana, tins, cases	.70 :	.90
Blue, bags	.08 :	.081/4	Bragons Blood, mass cases		HELLEBORE ROOT.		
Colchicum Root, bags	.4.3	.09	ECHINACEA ROOT, bagsID	.33 ; .34	Black, pwd. bbls	:	
Seed, bags	.11 :	.12	Elecampane Root, bags Ib	.09 : .10	Powdered, 250 lb bblslb	.12 :	.14
Colombo Root, whole bags Ib	.03 :	.04	Elder Flowers, bales	.20 : .22	Helonias Root, (unicorn false)	.10 .	
Colocynth, apples, cases, bales 16	.15 :	.20	Elm, select, 5 lb bundles cases lb	.10 : .11	bags	:	.68
Pulp, USP bales	.40 :	.45	Grinding, bags		Hemp Seed, Manchurian bags ID	.03%:	.04
Coltsfoot Leaves, bags	.06 :	.07	Powdered, bbls	.14 : .15	Henbane Leaves, bales	.40 :	.42
Condurango Bark, bales ID	.071/4:	.08	ERGOT, 150-200 b bags Ib	.60 : .65	Henna Leaves, bales	.19 :	.20
Conium Seeds, bags	:	.16	Eucalyptus Leaves, bales	: .05	Powdered	.23 :	.24
Copaiba Balsam Para, see Balsams			Euphorbium Gum, cases	: .20	Honey, Calif., 120 lb caseslb Hops, N. Y. prime baleslb	.101/2:	.11
Copal Gum	.12 :	.15	Powdered, boxes	: .35	Pacific Coast prime bales To	.18 :	.20
Coriander Seed, Bombay bags Ib Morocco, bags Ib	.11 :	.111/2	Fennel Seed, French bags 15	: .17	Horehound Herb, bales	:	.11
Bleached, bags	.15 :	.15%	German, bags	: ,28	INDIA GUM, see Karaya	:	.10
Corn Silk, bales	.05 :	.051/4	Flax Seed, whole 180 lb bblsea	.081/2: .07	Insect Flowers, open whole bales. ID	:	
Cotton Root Bark, bales b Cramp Bark, so-called bales b	.13 :	.14	Foenugreek Seed, 200 lb bags. lb	.07%: .08	Closed whole, bales	***	***
True, bags		.08	Fish Berries, 100-125 b bags b	.031/2: .04	Powdered, pure 200 lb bblslb Flowers and stems, 50 p. c.	.70 :	.75
Cranesbill Root, bags	.10 :	.11	Fringe Tree Bark, bags ID		200 lb bbls lb	.40 :	.42
CUBEB BERRIES, XX bags 1b	.821/4:	.83	GALANGAL ROOT, bags	: .09	Ipecac Root Cartagena bags Ib Powdered, 200 Ib bbls, boxes. Ib		2.00
Powdered, boxes	.85 :	.871/	Gambier Gum, bags	.111/2: .12	Rio Whole, bags	:	1.75
Cumin Seed, Levant bags D	20 :	***	Galbanum Gum, cans	1.20 : 1.35	Powdered, 200 b bbls. boxes. b	:	2.00
Morocco, bags	.30 :	.32	Gamboge Gum, 160 h casesh	1.15 : 1.20	Russian, (Beluga) bxs ctnsD	.65 :	10.00
Cuttlefish Bone, Trieste, straps. D	.19 :	.20	Gelsemium Root, bags	.11 : .11½	JABORANDI LEAVES, balesID	.25 :	.26
Jewelers, large, straps ID	.45 :	.55	Gentian Root, bags	.09 : .091/2	Jalap Root, whole 150 m bags In	.34 :	.35
Small, straps	.35 :	.45	Ginger, African, bags	.12 : .12¼ .28 : .38	Powdered, USP 250 th bbls Th	.35 :	.37
Prench, straps	.19 :	.20	Japan, bags	.121/2: .13	Japan Wax. 224 lb caseslb Job's Tears, white bagslb	.15 :	.15%
Broken, boxes	.07 :	.08	Cochin, ABC & lemon, bags To	.13 : .131/2	Juniper Berries. 125 lb bags lb	.03 :	.0814
Damar Gum, 136 lb cases lb	.32 :	.34	Ginseng Root, cultivated, bags Ib	8.00 : 10.00	KAMALA, boxes	2.75 :	3.00
Damiana Leaves, bales	.11 :	.13	Northwestern Wild, bags Ib Southern Wild, bags Ib		Karaya Gum, powdered bbls lb	.12 :	.20
Deer Tongue Leaves, bales Ib	.071/2:	.08	Golden Seal Root, bags	3.20 : 3.25	Kava Kava Root, bags	.50 :	.55
Digitalis Leaves, bales	.061/4:	.08	Powdered, boxes	3.55 : 3.65	Kola Nuts, 150 lb bags	.041/2:	.05
Dill Stou, Dags	.00%:	.10	Grains of Paradise, bags	.12 : .14	Kousso Flowers, bags	2.25 :	2.50



NAPHTHALENE

BARIUM NITRATE PERMANGANATE OF POTASH CARBON TETRACHLORIDE

Compound Solution Cresol U.S.P. IX

BAIRD & McGUIRE, Inc. Holbrook, Mass. P. O. Box 473

New York Representative

JAYNE & SIDEBOTTOM, INC. 17 Battery Place

We offer for PROMPT delivery
QUICKSILVER
(IN ORIGINAL BOTTLES)

ALL MERCURIAL SALTS
AMMONIUM PERSULPHATE 98% PURE
ROCHELLE SALTS
STRYCHNINE
FINE CHEMICALS, etc.

MAY & BAKER, LTD.

Manufacturing Chemists and Exporters
ATΓ ER SEA, LONDON ENGLAND
Cable Address: BISMUTH, LONDON

Merchants Chem. Co.

Incorporated

7 So. Dearborn St., Chicago

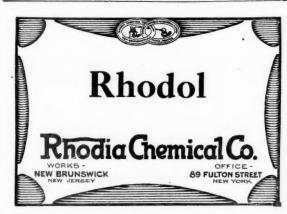
Milwaukee

Minneapolis



Chemicals

LADY SLIPPER ROOT, bags To	.60 :	.62	Musk, pods Cabardine, tinsoz	16.00 : 17.00	Patchouli Leaves, bales	.22 :	.25
Larkspur Seed, bags	.39 :	.41	Tonquin02		Pepper, black Sing, bags Ib	.10%:	.10%
Laurel Leaves, bales		.05	Grain Caboz		White, bags	.13%:	.14
	.041/4:		Tonquin	35.00 : 38.00	Peppers. red Mombasa bags Ib	.30 :	.31
Lavender Flowers, Ordinary ID	.25 :	.32	Synthetic, see Chemicals		Cherries, bags	.16%:	.17
Selected	.35 :	.37	Musk Root, Russian bags Ib	:	Bombay, bags	.14%:	.15
eeches, tubs	7.00 :	7.50	Mustard Seed, Bari brown bags Ib	.071/4: .08	Japan, bags	.29 :	.30
Lemon Peel, bags	.09 :	.10	Bombay, brown	.061/2: .07	Pennyroyal Herb, bales 1b	.08 :	.12
Licorice Root, Russian whole Ib	.08 :	.081/2	California, brown	.07%: .08	Peppermint Leaves, imp. bales Ib	:	.35
Spanish, natural bales Ib	.071/2:	.08	Yellow	: .08	Domestic leaf	.27 :	.29
Powdered, bbls 1b	.09 :	.10	Chinese, yellow	.04 : .041/			
Selected, 2 & 5 lb bundles lb	.171/2:	.22	English, yellow	.08 : .09	Pichi Leaves, bags	.20 :	.23
Cuttings, 125 lb bagslb	.07 1/2:	.08	Dutch, yellow	.08 : .084		.0416:	.04
			Danish, yellow	.07%: .09	Pink Root, true bags	:	1.25
Afe Everlasting Herbs, bales Ib	.05 :	.06	Myrrh Gum, select 200 m cs Ib	.50 : .55	Pitch, Burgundy, see Burgundy Pitch		2,20
Lime Juice, clarified bblsgal	.50 :	.60	Sorts, cases	.45 : .48	Pleurisy Root, bags		.22
Linden Flowers, with leaves, bales ib	.25 :	.26			Plantain Leaves, bales	:	.15
Without Leaves, bales	.45 :	.46	NUTGALLS, Chinese bags 10	.15 : .16		*** :	.15
			Aleppy, bags	.14 : .15	Poke Berries, bags	*** :	.07
Liverwort Leaves, bales	.30 :	.32	Nutmegs, 110s cases	.21 : .23	Pomegranate Bark, of root bags. In	:	.30
Lobelia Herb, bales	:	.15	75s 80s cases	.25 : .2514			.30
Lobelia Seed, bags	.55 :	.60	Nux Vomica Buttons, bags lb	.07 : .071	of Franc, Dags	:	.30
Lovage Root, Imported, bags Ib	:	.25	Powdered, 200 b bbls b	.11 : .113	01 1100		
apulin, boxes	1.40 :	1.50			Tuppy Flowers, icu Dags	.30 :	.35
Domestic	1.30 :	1.40	OAK BARK, red bags	.05 : .06	Poppy Seed, Dutch, bagsfb	.14 :	.14
Lycopodium, 88 lb cs	.45 :	.48	White, bags	.05 : .06	German, bags	.1114:	.12
MACE, Slauw, No. 1 cases Ib	.4134:	.42	Olibanum Gum, sift 280 lb cases. lb	.10 : .11	Turkish, bags	.06 :	.08
Banda, No. 1 cases	.43	.44	Tears, 280 lb cases	.14 : .15	Blue Indian, bags	.08 :	.08
Batavia, cases			No. 1, all white, 280 lb		White Indian, bags	.07 :	.07
	.33 :	.36	cases	.24 : .30	Prickly Ash Bark Southern, bags Ib	.14 :	.14
Malva Flowers, blue bales Ib	.30 :	.35	Opium, gum USP cases	: 6.75	Northern, bags	.14 :	.14
Black, bales	.65 :	.75	Granular, cans	: 7.75	Prickly Ash Berries, bags Ib	.11 :	.13
Manna, large flake cases To	.58 :	.60	Powdered, USP cans	: 7.75	Prince's Pine, bales	.14 :	.15
Small flake, cases	.35 :	.36	Orange Flowers, cases	: 1.00	Pulsatilla Herh hars	.37 :	.40
Sorts, cases	.33 :	.35	Orange Peel, bitter bags Ib	.06 : .064	Pumpkin Seed, bags	.09 :	.12
Mandrake Root, bags	:	.18	Sweet, bags	.06%: .07	QUASSIA CHIPS, bags	.07 :	.08
Mastic Gum, 120 lb cases lb	.45 :	.48	Orris Root Florentine bold bags ID	.07 : .08	Queen of the Meadow Herb, bags. ID	.06 :	.08
Mezereon Bark, bags	.11 :	.12	Verona, bags	.05 : .06	Quince Seed, bags	1.60 :	1.65
Matico Leaves, bales	.18 :	.20	Powdered, 200 lb bbls lb	.08 : .09	RAPE SEED, South Amer, bags, . ID	.06%:	.07
Marjoram Leaves, German bales D	.2214	.23 14	Fingers, cases	.70 : .75	Dutch, bags	.08 44 :	.08
French, bales			Ozokerite Wax, brown hard bags. ID	.22 : .24	Japanese, small, bazz,	.06%:	.07
Millet Seed, dom, yellow bags ID	.14 :	.15	Green, hard bags	.25 : .26	Raspherries, dried boxes	.35	.40
	.03%:	.05	Refined, yellow bags		Red Saunders	.17	.19
Montan, Wax, crude bags	.041/2:	.05		.16 : .24	Rhatany Root, bags	.10	
Bleached		***	PAPRIKA, bags	.27 : .28		.42 :	.43
	.08 :	.09	Hungarian	.19 : .20	RHUBARB, H. D. cases		
Irish, bleached bales	.07 :	.09	Pareira Brava Root, bags		Powdered, 200 ib bbls	.50 :	
Mullein Flowers, tins	.55 :	.60	Parsley Seed, bags	.081/4: .09	Rosemary Leaves, bales	.04 :	.05



Arthur Stallman & Co.

282 Pearl Street, New York City
CRUDE DRUG HEADQUARTERS

Cuttle Bone Chamomile Flowers
Quince Seed Lycopodium
Saffron—American

Orris Root

Coriander Seed

Lavender 32% Ester Lavender 37% Ester

Since '73

M.L.BARRETT & CO. Merchants

Essential Oils Fine Chemicals Synthetics Colors

.....

233 WEST LAKE STREET

CHICAGO, ILL.

Established 1873

Cables: Lazerno

 $\underset{(Absolute)}{\mathbf{PROPIONIC}} \mathbf{ETHER}$

BUTYL PROPIONATE (Absolute)

BUTYRIC ETHER

Samples and quotations on request

GUASTI-FINCH CHEMICAL COMPANY
Manufacturers

East 26th Street

Los Angeles, California

Rosemary Flowers, cases bales Ib	.28 : .30	Snake Root, Canada natural bags. To	.32 : .33	Tragancanth Gum, No. 1, ribbon,	
Rose Petals, pale	.22 : .25	Stdipped, bags	: .55	200 fb cs fb	1.75 : 1.80
Red 1b	: .60	SOAP BARK, whole, 150-200 m		No. 2 to No. 6, cases Ib	1.00 : 1.50
Rue Herb, bales Ib	.30 : .35	bales	.06%: .07	Powdered, 50 lb boxes	1.00 : 1.50
SABADILLA SEED, bags To	.10 : .12	Cut, 125-175 b bags ID	.073/4: .08	Turkish, cases	.75 : .90
Powder, bbls 1b	.13 : .14	Crushed, 200 lb bbls	.081/4: .09	Turmeric Root, Madras bags Ib	.07 : .07%
Saffron Flowers, Amer. bales ID	1.40 : 1.45	Powdered, 200 fb bbls	.13 : .14	Aleppy, bags	.06¼: .06¾ 05¾: .06
Valencia, 1 lb cans	35.00 : 36.00	Spearmint Leaves, American bales. Ib	.23 : .24	Turpentine, Venice, true 80 lb cs. lb	.22 : .25
Sage, Dalmatian bales ID		Spermaceti, blocks cakes cases ID	.36 : .37	Artificial, 80 lb cases	.11 : .12
Greek, bales	.031/4: .04	Spikenard Root, bags	.15 : .16	Spirits, see Naval Stores	
Spanish, bales		Spruce Gum, boxes	1.00 : 1.50	UNICORN ROOT, false, see Helonias	
Sandalwood, chips bags Ib		Squaw Vine, bales		True, see Aletris	
Ground, bags	: .40		.16 : .17	Uva Ursi Leaves, bales Ib	.051/2: .06
	.23 : .25	Squill Root, white bags	.04 : .04%	VALERIAN ROOT, Belgian bags, Ib	.13 : .14
Sandarac Gum, 300 lb bbls lb		Stavesacre Seed, bags	.28 : .29	Vanilla Beans Mex. whole cases. Ib	8.00 : 10.00
Sarsaparilla, Honduras bales To	.49 : .50	Stillingia Root, bags	.09 : .091/4	Cuts, cases	7.00 : 7.25
Mexican, bales	.12 : .14	Stone Root, bags	.09 : .10	Bourbon, cases	2.75 : 3.25
Sassafras Bark, ordinary bales. 1b Select, bales	.22 : .30	Storax, liquid artif		South American, cases Ib	7.00 : 7.25
	.0914: .10	Gen. USP	.70 : .75 .90 : 1.00	Tahiti, yellow label cases Ib	1.80 : 2.00
Savory Leaves, bales	.12 : .13			Green Label cases	1.80 : 2.00
Saw Palmetto Berries, bags D Seammony Resin, boxes D	1.00 : 1.10	St. Ignatius Beans, bags	.22 : .23	Violet Flowers, bags	.65 : .70
Scammony Root, bags	.08 : .07	St. John's Bread, bags	.04 : .06	WAHOO BARK, of root bags To	1.10 : 1.25
Senega Root, bags	.75 : .80	Stramonium Leaves, bales Ib	.061/4: .07	Of Tree, bags	.45 : .48
	.30 : .32	Stramonium Seed, bags	.12 : .13	White Pine Bark, rossed, bags Ib	.06 : .07
SENNA, Alex, 150 lb cases lb Half Leaf. 350 lb bales lb	.14 : .17	Strophanthus Seed, Hispidus D		White Poplar Bark, bags B	.04 : .05
Siftings, 400 b bales b	.09 : .09%	Kombe, bags	.30 : .35	Wild Cherry Bark, thin green Rossed, bales ID	.10 : .12
Powdered, 200 m bbls m	.12 ; .13	Sunflower Seed, domestic bagsIb		Thick Rossed, bales	.10 : .12
Tinnevelly, job. 350 h bales. h	.12 : .14	South American, bags	.07 : .071/2	Thin Natural, bales	.08 : .081/2
Grinding, 350 m bales m	.05 : .08			Thick Natural, bales ID	.0414: .05
Pods, 350 lb bales	.06 : .061/2	TAGALDER BARK, bags TO	.05 : .05%	Willow, bark bags	
Powdered, 200 b bbls b	.08 : .081/2	Tamarinds, bbls	.04%: .04%	White, bags	: .06
Serpentaria Root, bags	.85 : .90	Kegsper keg	3.25 : 3.50		
Shellac, T.N., bags	: .80	Tansy Herb, bales	.14 : .15	Witch Hazel Bark, bags	: .06
Superfine Orange, bags 1b	: .85	Tar. Barbadoes, 50 gal. bbls. gal.	1.60 : 1.75	Worm Seed, American bags Ib	.0814: .09
D. C., bags	: 1.00	Thus Gum, 280 m bbls	.041/2: .08	Levant bags	3.25 : 3.50
V. S. O., cases	: 1.00	Thyme, Spanish bales	: .08	Wormwood Herb, imported bales, fo	
Pwd. reg., 350 m bbls m	: .90	French, bales	.11 : .12	Yacca Gum, red	.04 : .04 1/4
Regular Bleached, 350 lb bbls lb	.90 : .95	Tillia .See Linden		Ground	.0514: .0614
Bone, Dry, 350 m bbls		Tolu Balsam, see Balsams		YELLOW DOCK ROOT, bags ID	.13 : .15
Simaruba Bark, bales	.11 : .12	Tonga Bark, bags	.30 : .31	Yellow Parilla Root, bags ID	.16 : .17
Sideritis Herb, cut bags Ib	: .22	Tonka Beans, Angostura cases Ib	2.15 : 2.25 .80 : .85	Yerba Santa, bags	.10 : .11
Skullcap Leaves, balesIb Sloe Berries, bags	.03 : .04	Para, cases	.80 : .85 .85 : .95	Zedoary Root, bags	.10 : .11
nioe Dellies, Dags	.0001	J Guitami, cases	.0095	1	

"Our Quality is Always Higher Than Our Price"

Otto of Roses

The selection and distillation methods of Botu Pappazoglou & Company are the resultant of several generations of experience and

OTTO OF ROSE D'OR

for many years has set a standard for purity and richness of odor value which others have found it difficult, if not impossible, to equal.

As sole American agents we have handled Otto of Rose d'Or, Pappazoglou, for more than twenty years during which time its quality has made it the invariable choice of discriminating users.

UNGERER & COMPANY

124 W. 19th St., New York Tel. Watkins 2914-2915

CHIRIS

Essential Oils

and

Synthetic Aromatic Chemicals





LONDON

Established in Grasse, France, 1768

Antoine Chiris Company

147-153 WAVERLY PLACE, NEW YORK, N. Y

American Works, Delawanna, N.J.

Canadian Office-489 St. Paul Street, West, Montreal.

Essential Oils

Essential O	ils	Copaiba, USP 50 fb tinsfb Coriander, USP 1 fb botfb		: .45 : 23.00	Petit Grain, S. Am. 25 lb tins. lb French, 1 lb bot lb	1.60	: 1.75 : 7.50
		Croton, USP 25 b time b		: 1.10	Pimento, 25 lb tins	1.75	: 1.90
Almond, Bitter USP 51b bots Ib	3.75 : 4.00	Cubebs, USP 5 lb bot			Pinus Sylvestris. 25 lb tinslb	1.10	: 1.75
Bitter ff PA 5 lb bots lb	3.10 . 4.00		5.75	: 6.00			: 2.75
Artificial. (See Benzaldehyde-	3.75 : 4.00	Cumin, 1 lb bot		: 15.00	Pumilio, USP 25 lb timslb		
		Dill, 1 b botb	4.75	: 5.00	Rose, Fr., 8, 16 & 32 oz pkge.oz	****	: 9.00
Sweet, 56 lb cans	.38 : .40	Erigeron, 20 lb tins	.95	: 1.00	Bulg., 8, 16 & 32 os pkgsor		: 6.00
Peach Kernel, 55 lb tins lb	.25 : .27	EUCALYPTUS, Austl. USP			Artificial, 1 lb bot		: 3.00
Apricot, see Peach Kernel		56 lb cs	.421	6: .45	Rosemary, USP, 271/2 lb tins lb	.45	: .48
Amber, crude 25 lb tins lb	.75 : .80	500 m drums		: .42%	1000 fb drums		: .423
Rectified, 25 lb tins	1.00 : 1.10	Fennel USP, 25 lb tins lb	1.25	: 1.30	Tech., 2714 lb tins	.40	: .45
Angelica Root, 1 D bot D	38.00 : 39.00	Geranium, Algerian, 25 lb tins. lb		: 8.50	Rue, 1 lb bot		: 4.25
Seed, 1 lb bot	36.00 : 38.00	Bourbon, 25 lb tins	F F0		Sandalwood, E Ind USP, 40 fb cases fb	7.10	: 7.25
ANISE, Tech., 66 lb case lb			5.50	: 6.00	W. Indian. (Amyris) 25 lb tins. lb	3.75	: 3.90
	.48 : :50	Turkish, 28 lb tins		: 4.50	Sassafras. USP 50 lb cans lb	.85	: .90
USP 50 lb tins	.55 : .60	Ginger, 1 lb bot	5.25	: 5.50	Artificial.63 To cans.1000 To drs. To	.42	: .45
Bay, 25 lb tins	2.50 : 2.60	Gingergrass, 28 lb tins	2.75	: 8.00	Savin, 5 m tins	3.25	: 3.50
Bergamot, USP, 25th coppers th	2.75 : 3.00	Hemlock, 50 lb cans	***	: 1.45	Spearmint, USP 60 lb caseslb		: 2.50
Artificial, 25 lb cans	2.00 : 2.25	Juniper Berries, USP 25 to tins To	1.10	: 1.25	Spruce, 50 lb tins		: 1.45
Birch Tar, rect. 5 lb bot lb	1.10 : 1.15	Wood, 50 lb tins	.50	: .60		7.50	: 8.00
Crude, 50 lb tinslb	.60 : .65	Lavender, USP, 28 h tins h	2.75	: 3.50	Tansy Amer., 20 h tins		: .27
Bois de Rose, 25 lb tins lb	2.30 : 2.50	Spike, Spanish 50 lb cans lb	.70	: .80	Tar, 50 gal. bblsgal		
Cade, USP, 25 lb tins	.45 : .50	LEMON, Ital. USP, 25 h tins h	.65	: .80	Refined, USP 25 fb tins fb	***	1 00
USP. 5 m botm		American, USP, 25 lb tinslb	.75	: .85	Thyme, red, USP 25 lb tinslb	.90	: 1.00
Cajuput, native 50 lb tinslb	.55 : .60				White, USP 25 m tins m	1.10	: 1.15
	.75 : .80	Lemongrass, native, 50 lb cans lb	.80	: .85	Crude, 110 h drumsh	.85	: .90
Calamus, 5 lb bot	4.25 : 4.75	Limes, express 25 lb tins lb	1.65	: 1.75	Vetivert, Bourbon 1 h bot h	5.50	: 6.00
Camphor, heavy, 1000 lb drums lb	.111/4: .12	Distilled, 25 h tinsh	.48	: .50	Java, 1 lb bot	24.00	: 27.00
Japanese, white, 72 lb cases lb	.15 : .17	Linaloe, Mex. 80 D cases D	2,15	: 2.35	Wine, heavy 1 to bot		: 2.75
White, 1000 b drums b	.14%: .15	Mace, distilled 50 lb tins lb	.95	: 1.05	WINTERGREEN.		
Cananga, Native 25 lb tins lb	2.25 : 2.50	Mirbane, ref., see Ar. Chemicals			Sweet bch, 25 lb tins	2.00	: 3.00
Rectified, 25 To tins	2.50 : 2.75	Mustard, USP, 1 D bot D		: 17.00	Gaultheria, true 25 m tins m	4.00	: 7.00
Caraway, USP, rec. 25 lb tins lb	6.00 : 6.50	Artif., USP, 5 lb bot	3.00	: 3.25	Synthetic, USP, 50 % cases Ib		: .62
Crude, 50 lb tins	:	Neroli, Bigarade, 1/2 and 1 lb bot. lb		:100.00	Wormseed, Balt., USP, 25 h tins. h	3.85	: 4.00
Cardamom, USP, 17b bot 1b	13.00 : 15.00	Petale, 1 lb bot lb	90.00	:115.00	Wormwood, dom., 25 lb tins lb	8.00	: 8.50
Carvol, 5 m bot m	8.50 : 9.00	Artificial, 1 b bot	10.00	: 25.00	Ylang Ylang, Bourbon 10 to tins. To		: 7.00
CASSIA, 75-80 p.c. 66 lb cases, lb	:				Manila, 1 b bot		: 35.00
Redistilled, USP 50 b cans b	2.10 : 2.15	Nutmeg, USP, 25 h tins h	.85	: .90	Artificial, 1 D bot	10.00	: 12.00
Cedar Leaf, 50 m tins m	.85 : 1.00	Orange, bitter 25 lb tims	1.90	: 2.00			. 24.00
Cedar Wood, light 1000 to drums, To	.25 : .26	Sweet, W. Ind., 25 lb ting lb	2.20	: 2.35	OLEORESI	S	
Celery, 1 m bot	9.00 : 9.50	Italian, 25 h cop h	2.40	: 2.50			: 3.00
Cinnamon, Ceylon 1 lb bot lb		American, 25 lb tins lb	2.65	: 2.70	Aspidium, USP 1 bot		
					Capsicum, USP, 5 lb bot lb		: 2.50
Leaf, 5 lb bot	: 2.00	Origanum, 50 lb cans	.25	: .35	Cubeb. USP 17b bot		5.30
CITRONELLA, Ceylon, 1000 lb drs. lb	.60 : .61	Parsley, 1 b bot	5.00	: 5.50	Ginger, 5 lb bot	2.50	: 2.65
50 lb tins	.61 : .62	Patchouli, 5 lb bot	8.00	: 8.50	Malefern, See Aspidium		
Java. 400 lb drumslb	.821/2: .85	Pennyroyal, dom 25 h tinsh	1.95	: 2.25	Mullein (so-called) 1 10 bot 10		: 1.50
50 To tins	.85 : .90	Imported, 25 lb tinslb	1.65	: 1.75	Orris. 1 lb bot		: 18.00
Cloves, USP, 50 fb cans 1b	2.00 : 2.25	PEPPERMINT, nat. 60 lb cases lb	2.90	: 3.00	Pepper, black, USP, 110 bot 10	3.50	: 4.00
6 7b bot	2.10 : 2.35	Redist., USP, 60 lb caseslb	3.15	: 3.25	Vanilla, 1 lb bot	9.00	: 9.50
				. 00			

Essential Oils

and

Aromatic Chemicals

for

PERFUMES, SOAPS,

FLAVORING EXTRACTS

Morana Incorporated

Importers and Manufacturers

GENERAL OFFICES:

118 East 27th St., New York City

CHICAGO: 19 S. LASALLE ST.

Works: Elizabeth, N. J.

OILS ESSENTIAL OILS

AND

Aromatic Chemicals

Manufacturers Importers Exporters

Correspondence Solicited

FRITZSCHE BROTHERS

Inc.

NEW YORK

Aromatic Chemicals

NATURAL DERIVAT	IVES			Butyric Ether, See Ethyl Butyrate			TERPINEOL, CP, 1000 m drums. m .50 : .60
Anethol, 21b bot		2	2.00	Cinnamic Acid, 5 D cans D	2.75	: 3.00	Cans 50 D D .55 : .60
Borneol, 1 D bot				Cinnamic Alcohol, liquid 1 b bot, b		: 16.00	Imported, 25 lb cans lb .70 : .75
			3.50	Crystallizable	20.00	: 21.00	Terpinyl Acetate, 25 lb cans b 1.75 : 2.00
Citronellal, 1 b bot		:	2.25	Cinnamic Aldehyde, 1 D bot D	3.75	: 4.00	The state of the s
CITEAL, 25 D cans		9	3.00	CITRONELLOL, 1 D bot Th	8,00	: 12.00	VANILLIN, USP, 400 oz cansoz .43 : .45 Cans, 16 oz., 80 ozoz .45 : .46
EUCALYPTOL, USP, 25 D cans D	.80	:	.85	COUMARIN, 25 m cans m	4.00	: 4.25	
Eugenol, USP, 25 h cansh	3.50	:	3.75	DIETHYL PHTHALATE, 25 Th caps Th		: .90	Valerianic Ether, See Ethyl Valerate Yara Yara, 1 lb cansoz 2.00 : 2.50
Geraniol, Domestic, 50 h cans h		-		Diphenyloxide, 25 h tins		: .90	1274 1274, 110 CAMS 2.00 : 2.00
			8.25	Ethyl Acetate, pure, 5 h bot h		: .50	PERFUMERS' SUNDRIES
Imported, 5 m bet		: :	3.75	Ethyl Benzoate, 5 D bot D	1.85	: 2.00	
Iso-Eugenol, 1 lb bot		:	4.50	Ethyl Butyrate, 5 h bot It		: 2.25	Almond Meal, 25 b cans b .28 : .30
Linalcol, 5 m bot			4.75	Ethyl Cinnamate, 1 to bot In		: 5.75	Ambergris, black, bxsoz : 8.00
MENTHOL, 60 m cases	8.00	: 8	3.20	Ethyl Formate, 51b bot		: 1.00	Ambergris, gray, bxsoz: 28.00 Balsam Conaiba, Para, 80 lb cases lb .23 : .24
Less cases, 5th cans			8.50	Ethyl Valerate, 5 to bot to Formic Ether, See Ethyl Formate	4.50	: 4.75	Balsam Copaiba, Para, 80 lb cases lb .23 : .24 South American, 80 lb caseslb .28 : .29
Rhodinol, 1 h beth				Geranyl Acetate, 1 b bot 10	5.00	: 5.25	Balsam Peru, 60 lb canslb : 2.25
SAFROL, 60 D cans	15.00	: 1		Heliotropin, 10 lb bot		: 2.75	Balsam Tolu, 90 lb cases D .75 : .80
Thursd Time to B	.55	:	.60	Indol, CP, 1oz. bot		: 9.00	Renzoin Gum. Siam. bxs
Thymol, USP, 10 lb cans lb	4.00	:	4.25	Ionone, 1 to bot	5.50	: 8.00	Castoreum, 1 m bot 10 4.00 : 4.50
				Linalyl Acetate, 11b bot		: 8.75	Chalk, precip. light, 175 m bbls. m .04 1/2: .05
SYNTHETIC AROMA	TICE			Linalyl Benzoate, 1 10 bot 10	13.00	: 14.00	Cherry Laurel Water, 5 gal cans.gal 1.15 : 1.25
				METHYL ANTHRANILATE, 1 10 bot. 10	4.00	: 4.50	
Acetaldehyde, 50 % sol pure, 5 ib bot. ib	1.75	: :	2.00	Methyl Cinnamate, 1 h bot h	4.50	: 5.00	Dabuadum, one botter
Acetophenone CP, 1 m bot m	4.00	: 4	1.25	Methyl Paracresol, 11b bot D	8.00	: 9.00	
Amyl Acetate, pure, 5 gal cans.gal	5.00	: (5.00	METHYL SALICYLATE, USP 500 B			Aunydrous, ocom bass vivi
Amyl Butyrate, 110 bot 10	9.00		2.10	drums		: .60	Musk pods, Cabardine, tinsoz 16.00 : 17.00
Amyl Formate, 1 h bot	1.75			50 m cases			Tonquin, tins02 22.00 : 25.00 Grains, Cabardine, tins02 25.00 : 26.00
AMYL SALICYLATE, 100 m cbys. m	1.10		2.00	Second Hands		: .55	Tonquin, tinsoz 35.00 : 38.00
			1.60	Mirbane, rect. 1000 h drums h	.123		Synthetic, See Aromatic Chemicals
Anisic Aldehyde, 1 m bot m		: 1	4.50	Musk Ambrette, 1 h cansh	15.00	: 16.00	Orris Rt. Flor., powd. bbls b : .10
BENZALDEHYDE, USP, 40 D cbys D	1.40		1.50	Musk Ketone, 1 h cans h	14.00	: 14.50	Verona, bbls
FFC. 40 lb ebys	1.70	: :	1.80	Musk Xylene, 5 h cans	3.25	: 3.50	Rice Starch, 140 m bgs m .09 : .10
Benzole Ether, See Ethyl Benzoate				Nerolin, 1 lb cans		: 2.00	nice Starth, 110 ib sgs. 110 ib
Benzyl Acetate, 100 h cbys h	1.50	: 1	.65	Phenylacetaldehyde, CP, 1 h bot. h		: 11.00	Rose Water, o gar coyer
Benzyl Alcohol, 570 bot ID	1.25	: 1	1.50	50 p.c	4.00	: 6.00	Sandalwood chips, powd, bags 10 .35 : .40
BENZYL BENZOATE, 5 D bot D		-	2.00	Phenylacetic Acid, 1 to bot b	3.00	: 4.00	Saponin, 5 h tins h 1.25 : 1.50
Medicinal FFC				PHENYLETHYLALCOHOL dom.,			Talc Italian, 220 h bgston 42.00 : 55.00
Benzyl Formate, 1 lb bot lb		: :		1 m bot		: 9.00	Talc French, 220 m bagston 32.00 : 45.00
				Imported		: 12.50	Talc, domestic ref., 100 h bagston 20.00 : 30.00
Bromstyrol, 25 fb kegs	4.00	. 4	.25	Phenylpropylalcohol, 1 b bot B	15.00	10.00	l late, domestic ter., room bags. but 20.00 . co.co



OIL BIRCH TAR

We have just secured an initial shipment of finest quality, genuine RUSSIAN OIL BIRCH TAR. We offer in either crude or redistilled qualities, in all size packages, containers inclusive.

Write for our latest attractive prices.

THYMOL CRYSTALS
OIL CASSIA, REDISTILLED U.S.P.
EUCALYPTOL M. M. & R.



MAGNUS MABEE & REYNARD, INC. 257 PEARL ST. NEW YORK CITY



DYES AND INTERMEDIATES

Many makers improve and standardize their product and increase their yields by using

DARCO

Decolorizing Carbon
Sample on request

Darco Sales Corporation 45 East 42nd St. New York, N. Y.

Phone Vanderbilt 1592
"Let DARCO solve your problems"

Imports of Chemicals, Dyestuffs, Drugs, etc.

Imports at New York, Jan. 13 to Jan. 20

ACETATE—5 cs., G. Lueders & Co., Hayre
ACIDS—Arsenious, 215 cs., M. B. Kaisha,
Kobe; 330 cs., Takata & Co., Kobe; 112
cs., Busk & Daniels, Kobe; 29 csks., Order,
St. Nazaire; Cresylie, 22 drs., Brown Bros.
& Co., Liverpool; 18 drs., W. E. Jordan,
Liverpool; Diethylbarbituric, 1 csc., Asia
Drug Co., Hamburg; Oxalic, 1 csk., S. Rosenblatt, Hamburg; 45 csks., R. W. Greeff &
Co., Rotterdam; 5 csks., W. Ross Bro., Hamburg; 21 bbls., Phillip Bauer, Hamburg;
Phosphoric, 150 cs., Superfos Co.. Bremen;
Stearic, 20 cs., M. W. Pearson, Rotterdam;
Tartaric, 4 csks., Order, Rotterdam
AMMONIUM—Phosphate, 240 csks., E. Suter
& Co., Antwerp

AMMONIUM—Phosphate, 240 csks., E. Suter & Co., Antwerp & Co., Antwerp ARGOLS—10 scks., W. R. Grace & Co., Valparaiso; 32 csks., Royal Baking Powder Co., Messina ARSENIC—249 cs., Irving Nat. Bank, Kobe; 283 cs., G. F. Taylor & Co., Kobe; 300 cs., M. G. Kaisha. Yokohama; 125 csks., P. E. Falkingham, Rotterdam; 53 csks., Meteor Prod. Co., Rotterdam BALSAM—10 cs., Ultramares Corp., Cristobal; 10 cs., Dodge & Olcott, Corinto BLOOD ALBUMEN—5 csks., Innes Speiden & Co., Glasgow

BONE PHOSPHATE-500 bgs., Hollinghurst

BONE PHOSPHATE—500 bgs., Hollinghurst & Co., Antwerp CAMPHOR—100 cs., Suzuki & Co., Shanghai; 100 cs., J. D. Lewis, Kobe; 600 cs., Hetherman & Co., Kobe; 200 cs., Vick Chem. Co., Kobe; 2 cs., Takata & Co., Tokyo; 100 cs., Mech. & Metals Nat. Bank, Hongkong; 50 cs., Order, Hongkong; 50 cs., Order, Hongkong CANTHARIDES—6 cs., Order, Hongkong CASEIN—8 bgs., A. Klipstein & Co., Havre; 209 scks., T. M. Duche & Sons, Bordeaux CINCHONINE—5 cs., Mallinckrodt Chem. Wks., Rotterdam; 171 cs., R. W. Greeff & Co., Rotterdam

CLAY—21 csks., J. Goebel & Co., Bremen COCA LEAVES—90 bls., Maywood Chem. Wks., South Amer. Ports
COLORS—6 cs., Favor Ruhl & Co., Havre; 5 csks., Ciba Co., Havre; 2 cs., Textile Alliance Co., Havre; 4 cs., W. F. Sykes & Co., Ladenburg, Thaiman Co. Genoa; 6 bbls., Textile Alliance Co., Genoa; 3 bbls., Order, Genoa; 8 csks., Carbic Color & Chem. Co., Rotterdam; 8 csks., Carbic Color & Chem. Co., Rotterdam; 10 csks., Kuttroff, Pickhardt Co., Rotterdam; 20 csks., H. A. Metz & Co., Rotterdam; 17 csks., Textile Alliance, Lnc., Rotterdam; 18 csks., H. R. Jahn, Rotterdam; 3 csks., Amer. Exch. Nat. Bank, Rotterdam; 3 csks., Grasselli Chem. Co., Rotterdam; 9 csks., W. Van Doorn, Rotterdam; 2 cs., B. F. Drakenfield, Liverpool; 24 csks., Order. Liverpool; 20 pkgs., Order. Naples; 44 csks., Ciba Co., Havre; 6 bbls., H. Backermann, Havre; 4 cs., Carbic Color & COPRA—3,446 bgs., Balfour Williamson Co.,

COPRA-3,446 bgs., Balfour Williamson Co.,

CYANIDE PRECIPITATES—17 bxs., South Amer. Develop. Co., Guayaquil DEXTRINE—50 bls., Order. Rotterdam DRIED BLOOD—592 bgs., N. Y. Trust Co.,

EPSOM SALTS-5,200 bgs., Hansa Co., Ham-

burgt — 8 cs., Lunham & Moore, Rotterdam ERGOT—8 cs., Lunham & Moore, Rotterdam EXTRACT—Cutch, 1,000 bgs., Order, Singapore: Logwood, 120 csks., Order, Kingston; 167 bbls., Logwood Mfg. Corp., Cape Hattien; Mangrove Bark, 1,000 bgs., Order, Singapore;

Quebracho, 1,022 bgs., Fleischmann Co., Buenos Aires; 511 bgs., Chase Nat. Bank, Buenos Aires; 2,036 bgs., Fourth Atlantic Nat. Bank, Buenos Aires FLOWERS—Lavender, 20 bgs., Ward Line, Barcelona

FLOWERS—Lavender, 20 bgs., Ward Line, Barcelona GELATIN—42 cs., P. C. Zuhlke, Rotterdam; 20 cs., Amer. Exp. Co., Rotterdam GAMBIER—279 cs., Order, Singapore GLAUBERS SALT—500 bbls., Innes Speiden Co., Hamburg; 212 csks., Globe Shgs. Co., Hamburg; 40 bbls., J. Bendin Co., Bremen GLYCERIN—25 drs., Marx & Rawolle, Havana GUM—283 cs., Corn Exch. Bank, Hamburg; 69 bgs., Order, Bremerhaven; 15 cs., Dodge & Olcott, Havre; 101 cs., W. C. Miller, Havre; Arabic, 16 cs., A. De Ronde & Co., Antwerp; Chicle, 17 bls., H. Triest & Co., Vera Cruz; 21 bls., Gomez & Sloan, Vera Cruz; 25 bgs., J. Mendina Co., Vera Cruz; 34 bgs., J. A. Medina Co., Vera Cruz; 109 bgs., F. R. Henderson & Co., Manzanillo; Copal, 380 bgs., Innes & Co., Antwerp; Damar, 30 bgs., Smith & Schipper, Singapore
HELIOTROPIN—12 cs., Order, Hamburg

werp; Damar, 30 bgs., Smith & Schipper, Singapore HELIOTROPIN-12 cs., Order, Hamburg; HERBS-21 bls., Peek & Velsor, Hamburg; 14 bls., Order, Hamburg; 270 bls., Interocean Fwdg. Co., Libau; 21 bls., Order, Hamburg; 100 bls., Order, Bremen: Horehound, 18 bls., J. L. Hopkins, Marseilles: 35 bls., Peek & Velsor, Marseilles: Marjoram, 17 bls., A. Stallman & Co., Hamburg; 33 bls., Van Loan & Co., Hamburg; 33 bls., Van Blackburn Trdg. Co., Hamburg HEXAMETHYLENETETRAMINE—15 cs., Blackburn Trdg. Co., Hamburg HYPOSULFITE—150 csks., Pomeroy & Fischer, Marseilles
IRON OXIDE—10 csks., Order, Liverpoot; Bbls., J. M. Rabassa, Malaga; 137 bbls., Reichard Coulston, Malaga; 140 bbls., C. K. Williams & Co., Malaga; 228 bbls., C. J.

Immediate Delivery From Stock

Bicarbonate Potash U.S.P.

Crystals and Powder

Carbonate Potash C.P. Red Prussiate Potash

PELEPHONE-BARCLAY-1455

PRODUCTS CO.



m Importers Exporters & Manufacturer's Agents .

DODGE BLDG 53 PARK PLACE NEW YORK CITY

The Superfos Company Inc 25 Spruce Street

Lithopone 30% Red Seal

Sodium Sulphide 60-62%

Broken and Fused

Sodium Sulphide Crystals

Osborn & Co., Malaga; 84 csks., Reichard Coulston Co., Liverpool LEAVES—511 bls., Chem. Nat. Bank, Rotterdam; Agrostis, 23 bls., A. Herman & Co., Marseilles; Patchouli, 37 bls., Brown Bros. & Co., Penang; Rosemary, 14 bgs., Ward Line, Barcelona Licorus Cotania, Parmer.

& Co., Penang; Rosemary, 14 bgs., Ward Line, Barcelona Licorice—12 cs., Order, Catania; Powder, 16 pkgs., Order, Marseilles LIME—Borate, 6,51 bgs., Pacific Coast Borax Co., Mejillones; Tartrate, 507 bgs., Harshaw Fuller & Goodwin, Valencia LITHOPONE—200 csks., Superfos Co., Rotterdam; 200 csks., Superfos Co., Rotterdam; 200 csks., Superfos Co., Hamburg: 6 cs., Peek & Velsor, Hamburg Henvillo—10 cs., Orbis Prod. Trdg. Co., Kobe; 25 cs., S. W. Bridges Co., Yokohama; 18 cs., Order, Yokohama; 15 cs., Chase Nat. Bank, Kobe

META CRESOL—3 drs., W. Jordan & Bro., Liverpool METHANOL—16 drs., Amer. Trdg. Co., Kobe MYROBALANS—145 pkts., Nat. City Bank, Calcutta; 2,270 pkts., Nat. City Bank, Cal-cutta; 8,296 pkts., Amer. Exch. Bank, Cal-cutta; 2,274 pkts., Order, Calcutta; 3,189 pkts., Order. Calcutta NAPHTHALENE—1,422 bgs., Teipel & Co., Rotterdam

cutta; 2.274 pkts., Order, Calcutta; 3,189 pkts., Order, Calcutta

NAPHTHALENE—1,422 bgs., Teipel & Co., Rotterdam

OILS—3,540 cs., Order, Lagos; 207 bbls., Order, Caytheon; Caconut, 1,154 tons. Philippine, Nat. Bank. Manila; China Nut, 1,000 bbls., L. C. Gillespie & Sons. Hankow; Oilve, 100 cs., P. Angelina & Co., Genoa; 425 cs., East River Nat. Bank, Genoa; 500 cs., Brown Bros. & Co., Genoa; 250 cs., P. Pastene Co., Genoa; 150 cs., California Bank, Genoa; 5,438 pkgs., Order, Genoa; 80 bxs., J. Victori & Co., Barcelona; 40 csks., C. Lo Guidice, Palermo; 62 cs., 3 csks., O. Marano, Palermo; 271 pkgs., Columbo Co., Palermo; 182 pkgs., Order, Palermo; 380 bbls., Ionian Bank, Piracus; 538 bbls., Order, Piracus; 200 cs., J. Munroe & Co., Genoa; 100 cs., F. Luongo, Genoa; 80 cs., Falcon Pkg. Co., Marseilles; 100 cs., Irving Nat. Bank, Malaga; 141 bbls., Bank of Arhens. Gandia; 200 bbls., Lazard Freres, Barcelona; 100 bbls., Order, Barcelona; 200 pkgs., Order, Seville; Sulfur, 447 bbls., Banca Comm. Italiana, Marseilles; 150 bbls., Banca Comm. Italiana, Catania; Palm, 190 csks., Leamn Co., Warri; 153 csks., Order, Warri; 38 csks., Grace Bros. & Co., Lagos; 191 csks., Niger Co., Liverpool; 130 csks., Order, Varri; 38 csks., Grace Bros. & Co., Lagos; 191 csks., Niger Co., Liverpool; 166 csks., Order, Liverpool; 200 csks., Nat. City Bank, Hankow; 291 cs., East Asiatic Co., Hancow; 291 cs., East Asiatic Co., Hankow; 291 cs., East Asiatic Co., Hankow; 291 cs., East Asiatic Co., Harker; 1 cse., Dodge & Oleot. Bremer.

kow; 248 esks., Viele Blackwell & Buck, Shanghai Cl.S., ESSENTIAL—2 cs., Orbis Prod. Trdg. Co., Havre; 3 cs., Roure Bertrand Co. Havre; 1 cse., Dodge & Olcott, Bremerhaven; 5 cs., Sun Tai Jan, Hongkong; 2 drs., A. Joensson & Co., Colombo; 1 cse., Dodge & Olcott, Rotterdam; 200 bbls., Bank of British West Africa, Shanghai; 11 cs., Polocks Frutal Wks., Rotterdam; 2 bbls., I. W. Lyon & Co., Valencia; 520 cs., Order, Messina; 152 cs., J. B. Horner Co., Canneto Lipari; 9 csks., 5 drs., 4 cs., Order, Marseilles; 11 csks., Order, Malaga; 100 bbls., Strohmeyer & Arpe, Seville; 250 bgs., Bank of Manhattan, Seville; 8 cs., Morana Co., Havre; 19 cs., Roure Bertrand, Havre; 180 cs., Order, Messina; 50 cs., Order, Messina; 30 cs., A. Chiris & Co., Messina; 20 cs., Order, Messina; Camphor, 2 cs., Takata & Co., Tokyo; 100 drs., Dodge & Olcott, Kobe; Cassia, 100 cs., Schultz & Ruckgaber, Hongkong; Geranium, 15 csks., 1 cse., Order, Marseilles; Juniper Berry, 1 drum, Fritzsche

Bros., Rotterdam; Lavender, 33 cs., Belgian Trdg Co., Havre; Lemon, 100 cs., Heidelbach Ickelheimer Co., Messina; 200 cs., East River Nat. Bank, Messina; 100 cs., A. Chiris & Co., Messina; 50 cs., Order, Messina; Lime, 4 pkgs., Huth, Gillespie & Co., Dominica; Mustard Artificial, 2 cs., A. Chiris & Co., Rotterdam; 2 cs., G. Lueders & Co., Rotterdam; 8 cs., Magnus Mabee & Reynard, Rotterdam; 0 range, 1 cse., Belgian Trdg. Co., Havre; 50 cs., Heidelbach Ickelheimer Co., Messina; 80 cs., Order, Messina; 40 cs., A. Chiris & Co., London OPIUM—40 cs., Order, Constantinople; 16 cs., Order, Constantinople; 16 cs., Order, Constantinople; 16 cs., Order, Constantinople; 2 cs., P. R.

drs., G. Lueders & Co., London
OPIUM-40 cs., Order, Constantinople; 16 cs.,
Order, Constantinople
PHENYLACETICALDEHYDE—2 cs., P. R.
Drever, Rotterdam
PIASSAVA—3,201 bdls., African & Eastern
Trdg Co., Bremen
PLUMBAGO—754 pkgs., H. W. Peabody &
Co., Colombo; 141 hgs., Order, Colombo
POTASSIUM SALTS—Bicarbonate, 82 drs.,
Meteor Products Co., Rotterdam; Bromide,
10 cs., Meadows Wye & Co., Bremen;
Caustic, 159 drs., E. Souto & Co., Hamburg;
200 drs., Roessler & Hasslacher, Hamburg;
Chlorate, 300 pkgs., Order, Barcelona; 20
bbls., Order, Antwerp; Cyanide, 120 cs.
Intern. Accept. Bank, Glasgow; Hydrate, 97
bbls., Innes Speiden & Co., Hamburg;
2,500 bgs., A. Vogel, Hamburg;
2,500 bgs., A. Vogel, Bremen; Nitrate, 170
csks., Kuttroff Pickhardt Co., Rotterdam;
Permanganate, 10 drs., Pfaltz & Bauer,
Hamburg; Prussiate, 17 csks., A. J. Marcus,
Hamburg; 13 bbls., Meteor Prod. Co., Hamburg;
19 csks., S. Rosenblatt, Hamburg; Sulfate,
2,000 bgs., A. Vogel, Hamburg; Sulfate,
3,000 bgs., A. Vogel,
3,000 bgs.,
4,000 bgs.,
4,000 bgs.,
4,000 bgs.,
4,000 bgs.,
4,

Rotterdam; 20 es., Amer. Exp. Co., Rotterdam; 50 es., W. Van Doorn & Co., Rotterdam; 50 es., W. Van Doorn & Co., Rotterdam; 50 es., M. McLaughlin Gormley & King, Havre; 17 bgs., Order, Hamburg; 50 bls., Order, Vera Cruz; 18 bls., A. Joensson Co., Havre; 90 bls., First Nat. Bank, Havre; 192 bls., Order, Hamburg; Bardane, 40 bls., A. Chiris Co., Antwerp: Broom, 455 bls., Delauney & Co., Vera Cruz; 28 bls., Compared to the Co., Marseilles; Licorice, 48 bgs., McAndrews & Forbes Co., Messina; 75 cs., First Nat. Bank, Messina; 100 bgs., Order, Catania; Orris, 72 bgs., 1 cse., S. B. Penick & Co., Leghorn; Rhubarb, 20 cs., Importers Comm. Co., Shanghai; 3 cs., Order. Shanghai; ROSE PETALS—5 cs., Peck & Velsor, Havre SARSAPARILLA—25 bls., D. L. Bretzfelder, Tampico; 20 bls., R. Fabian Co., Tampico SAFFRON—2 cs., Order. Vera Cruz SAL AMMONIAC—168 csks., Roessler & Hasslacher Chem. Co., Hamburg; 39 bbls., H. Hinrichs Chem. Co., Hamburg; 39 bbls., H. Hinrichs Chem. Co., Hamburg; 30 bbls., A. Demerara

SACCHARIN—I cse., Monsanto Chem. Wks., Demerara
SEEDS—30 bgs., Anderson Hillier Co., Hamburg: 30 bls., A. Chiris & Co., Antwerp: Caraway, 300 bgs., Netherland Corp., Rotterdam: 200 bgs., Levy & Lewis. Rotterdam: 500 bgs., Jaburg Bros., Rotterdam: 20.000 bgs., F. Matarazzo & Co., Santos; Flax, 88.241 bgs., Order, Buenos Aires: Millet, 110 bgs., Order, Leghorn: Mustard. 280 bgs., Catz Amer. Co., Rotterdam: 309 bgs., Catz Amer. Co., Rotterdam: 250 bgs., Catz Amer. Co., Rotterdam: 150 bgs., Catz Amer. Co., Rotterdam: 150 bgs., Order.

Rotterdam; 200 bgs., Metals Nat. Bank, Catania; Poppy, 100 bgs., J. Wertheimer & Sons, Rotterdam; 200 bgs., Catz Amer. Co., Hamburg; 28 bgs., Continental Shpg. Co., Danzig; 100 bgs., Abbett & Co., Rotterdam; 100 bgs., Archibald & Lewis, Rotterdam; 200 bgs., F. H. Leggett & Co., Rotterdam; 200 bgs., F. H. Leggett & Co., Rotterdam; 200 bgs., F. H. Leggett & Co., Rotterdam; 100 bgs., The state of the state o

bgs., G. Segal Co., Hankow; 700 bgs., Order, Hankow SHELLAC—150 cs., Rogers Pyatt Shellac Co., Hamburg; 44 cs., F. Henjes, Jr. Co., Rotterdam; 100 bgs., Goschen & Cunliffe, Calcutta; 591 bgs., Order, Calcutta; 150 cs., Order, Southamptons; 250 bgs., Mech. & Metals Nat. Bank, Calcutta; 650 bgs., Chase Nat. Bank, Calcutta; 300 bgs., N. Y. Trust Co., Calcutta; 400 bgs., Brit. Bank of W. A., Calcutta; 100 cs., Order, Hamburg; Button Lac. 30 cs., Order, Scuthampton; 111 cs., India Trdg. Co., Calcutta; Go., Calcutta; Garnet, 128 bgs., Kasebier Chatfield Shellac Co., Bremen; Orange, 363 bgs., India Trdg. Co., Calcutta, Refuse, 450 bgs., Bank of Manhattan Co., Calcutta, Surperson, Bank of Manhattan Co., Calcutta, Surperson, Bank of Manhattan Co., Calcutta

SILVER—Sulfide, 289 pkgs., Amer. Smelt. & Ref. Co., Arica; 1 csc., G. Amsinck & Co., Cristobal

SALT-27 csks., A. V. Berner &

Cristobal
SILVER SALT—27 csks., A. V. Berner & Co., Liverpool
SODIUM SALTS—Cyanide, 433 cs., Meteor Products Co., Havre; 235 cs., Nat. City Bank, Havre; 305 cs., Order, Marseilles; 133 cs., Roessler & Hasslacher Chem. Co., Hamburg: Nitrate, 13-413 ss., W. R. Grace & Co., Iquique; Sulfite, 7 csks., Equit. Trust Co., Rotterdam; Prusslate, 43 csks., H. Kohnstamm & Co., Liverpool; 19 csks., Order, Liverpool; Sulfate, 130 drs., E. M. Sergeant & Co., Antwerp: Perborate, 100 kegs, Brown Bros. & Co., Rotterdam; Perchlorate, 335 bbls., Chem. Electr. Med. Prod. & Trdg. Co., Antwerp: Fluoride, 200 bgs., Farmers Loan & Trust Co., Rotterdam; Sulfhydrate, 39 drs., C. S. Grant & Co., Hamburg; Hyposulfite, 224 bgs., Johnson & Sons, Hamburg; Chlorate, 20 bbls., Order, Antwerp; Prusslate, 51 csks., Order, Liverpool

STARCH-56 csks., L. A. Salomon & Co., Rotterdam NITRATE-37 csks., Irving STRONTIUM NITRATE-37 csks., F. Boehm, Nat. Bank, Rotterdam; 76 csks., F. Boehm, Rotterdam ALC-200 bgs., Hammill & Gillespie, St.

TALC-200 bgs., Hammill & Gillespie, St. Nazaire
TAPIOCA—Pearl, 140 bgs., Interntl. Bkg. Corp.. Singapore
TARTAR-65 csks. W. Neuberg, Rotterdam; 10 csks., Order, Rotterdam; 100 scks., Tartar Chem Wks., Marseilles
VANILLA BEANS-23 cs., N. Y. Trust Co., Havre: 1 cse., H. Triest, Vera Cruz: 17 cs., Thurston & Braidich, Vera Cruz: 24 cs., Irving Nat. Bank, Marseilles; 23 cs., Thurston & Braidich, Vera Cruz: 24 cs., Irving Nat. Bank, Marseilles; 23 cs., Thurston & Braidich, Vera Cruz: 24 cs., Irving Nat. Bank, Marseilles; 23 cs., Thurston & Braidich, Marseilles; 23 cs., Thurston & Braidich, Marseilles; Cs., Lazard Freres, Havre: 50 cs., Amer. Exch. Nat. Bank. Havre: 20 cs., Tice & Lynch. Havre: Bees, 10 csks., Order, Santos: 12 bgs., R. Montval. Valparaiso; 176 bgs., Banco Nacional Ultramarino, Lisbon; 16 bgs., R. Desvernine, Santiago
ZINC—Dust, 100 cs., M. G. Kaisha, Yokohama



E. M. Sergeant Company 133 Cedar Street, New York City

Sodium Sulfide Barium Chloride

Red Oil

Sodium Hyposulfite Copperas

VANILLA IMPORTED AT SAN FRANCISCO

Imports at San Francisco for the second week of January included the following: On the steamer Ventura, from Sydney, to order 338 packages kauri gum, to Dr. Nelson 2 cases eumenthal jujubes; from Pago Pago, to order 148 bags copra and 67 bags cocoa beans, and to Wightman & Crane 1,990 bags copra.

On the steamer Tahiti, from Raratonga, to Atkins, Kroll & Co. 422 sacks copra, to Wightman & Crane 835 sacks copra; from Papeete, to G. A. Moore & Co. 8 cases vanilla beans, to Wightman & Crane 3,425 sacks copra, to order 2,933 sacks copra, to Kidder, Peabody & Co. 1,424 sacks copra, to Atkins, Kroll & Co. 2,294 sacks copra, to C. H. Durell & Co. 3 cases vanilla beans, to the O'Connor Harrison Co. 16 cases vanilla beans, to Williams, Dimond & Co. 17 cases vanilla beans, to order 2,759 sacks copra, to Henry Gray & Co. 657 sacks copra, and to Buck & Stoddard 1,760 sacks copra.

On the steamer Nankoh Maru, from Otaru, to order 3,125 bags rape seed, and to Bank of California National

Association 1,250 bags rape seed.

œ.

ty k, 33 n-ce & st. ... 1000 er-d. 2000 er-&

o.,

er.

0.,

ing

St.

kg. m;

17 24

cs.,

88

der, ; 4 gs., 16

ko-

4

On the steamer Arakan, from Batavia, to S. L. Jones & Co. 47 bales cassia, to the Bank of California National Association 300 bags pepper, to order 100 cases gum damar, to Pacific Orient Co. 183 bags pepper berries, to M. M. Newhall & Co. 98 bags tapioca seed, to H. F. Blum & Co. 365 bags pepper, to order 288 bags tapioca pearl and 116 bags tapioca seed; from Macassar, to the Pacific Orient Co. 50 cases mace, to the Hongkong, Shanghai Banking Corp., 40 cases gum copal; from Balik Papan, to Shell Oil Company 3,200 bags white paraffine wax.

NOT BUYING AMERICAN PHOSPHATE

Importers and dealers in chemical fertilizers in the Lisbon district (Portugal) state that during the past year importation of American phosphate rock has been discontinued and that practically all shipments of this product are now effected from French North Africa, writes American Consul Vogenitz, of Lisbon. The reason given for this action is that the cost in Lisbon of Tunisian phosphate is considerably less than one-half of the cost of American phosphate and that the rock is softer and can be ground in from one-third to one-fourth the time required for grinding the American rock.

DEMAND FOR FERTILIZERS IN ITALY

(Special Correspondence to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)
Turin, Italy, Jan. 12.—The demand for fertilizers has

Turin, Italy, Jan. 12.—The demand for fertilizers has been fair, and good orders were booked for bone superphosphates and calcium cyanamid. Present quotations per 100 kilos are as follows: Mineral superphosphates, lire 29 to 30; bone superphosphates, lire 51 to 53; Thomas slag, lire 40 to 42; nitrate of soda, lire 125 to 130; nitrate of ammonia, lire 108 to 110; calcium cyanamid, lire 108 to 112.

TRIESTE PRICES OF HEAVY CHEMICALS

(Special Correspondence to Drug & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Trieste, Italy, Jan. 12.—Quotations for chemicals are as follows per 100 kilos: Alum, lire 200; bichromate of potash, lire 1,300; refined borax, lire 355; hypochlorite of lime, lire 145; English chloride of ammonia, lire 350; soda crystals, lire 68; soda ash, lire 100; caustic soda, lire 320; sulfate of copper, lire 300; sulfate of iron, lire 75; sulfate of magnesia, lire 100.

Books of Trade Interest

ORIGIN AND HISTORY OF ALL THE PHARMACOPOEIAL VEGETABLE DRUGS, chemicals and preparations, with bibliography. Volume I: Vegetable Drugs. By John Uri Lloyd. 8x6 inches, 449 pages, cloth. Cincinnati. The Caxton Press. This work, which has been prepared under the auspices and published by the American Drug Manufacturers' Association, constitutes a notable addition to scientific and commercial pharmaceutical literature, and if the distinguished author had made no other contribution to the drug industry, this book alone would be sufficient to accord him a foremost place as a research worker in his chosen field. The material here gathered together represents years of persistent and intelligent effort. The book is a veritable history of all botanical drugs that have been recognized in the various revisions of the United States Pharmacopoeia from its first publication in 1820 down to the present

The plan followed in the book is logical and scientific. Each drug is introduced in alphabetical order in accordance with its pharmacopoeial name with a statement as to its status in each revision of the U. S. P., this statement being followed by an article which gives such information as the geographic distribution of the plant, the various popular designations of the drug, its therapeutic repute from the earliest times to the present, and an outline of the various stages it passed through on its road to professional recognition, including the research that has crystallized in our present pharmaceutical and medical knowledge of the drug.

This book should prove of great value to everybody engaged in manufacturing pharmacy. A thorough knowledge of the origin and history of any drug is a prime requisite to any one attempting to solve drug problems. As products of their environment the very clue to the meaning of most drugs lies in a knowledge of their surroundings and natural properties, and this book brings to hand a vast amount of material in this field of the world's activities. As showing the magnitude of the work, nearly eight hundred authors are credited in the section devoted to bibliography, the list embracing the citations of about one thousand titles. The index is thoroughly comprehensive and the bookwork most commendable.

TECHNICAL PROCEDURE IN EXPORTING AND IMPORTING. By Morris S. Rosenthal, Manager of the Export Department, Stein Hall & Co., Inc. 8vo., 312 pages. Illustrated. McGraw-Hill Book Co., New York.

The author begins his work with a discussion of the sales contract, then takes up an export shipment from the factory and follows it to destination. The routing by railroad and steamship are explained in detail. Chapters are devoted to packing the goods, customs regulations, marine insurance, financing the shipment, bill of lading, tariff and credit. The book is a complete and practical treatise on exporting and importing as exemplified in the business of a leading firm.

LUBRICATION AND LUBRICANTS. By J. H. Hyde. Duodecimo, 114 pages. Isaac Pitman & Sons, New York.

A compact work for the use of engineers and chemists. The subject is presented in brief form with the assumption that the reader is acquainted with engineering and chemical terms in common use, and able to follow the description of experimental work without detailed explanation. The theory of lubrication, and the mechanical testing of lubricators are explained in early chapters, followed by physical and chemical testing and examples of lubrication. A useful pocket edition.

Wants & Offers

Rate—All classifications, \$1.00 an issue for 20 words or less, additional words, 5c each, per issue.

Payment—Must accompany order, add 10c if replies are to be forwarded.

Address "Wants & Offers" DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS 3 Park Place, New York.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

FOR LEASE OR SALE—Chemical factory in New Jersey, situated 20 miles from New York; in city of 50,000. Twelve buildings in excellent condition, aggregating 26,000 square feet of ground floor space on one and one quarter acres of property with railroad siding. Ample supply of male and female labor at favorable rates. Will lease part of property if desired. Inquire of R. S. Bicknell, 146 Nassau St. Telephone, Beekman 9544.

A. P. K. R. S. Somasundara Nadar, Tuticorin, South India. Dealer in Tinnevelly Senna, Red Pepper, Nux Vomica, etc. For terms apply direct.

LABORATORY—A LARGE ORGANIZATION ENGAGED IN EXPERIMENTAL WORK DESIRES TO EITHER PURCHASE OR LEASE A CHEMICAL OR DEVELOPMENT LABORATORY LOCATED WITHIN 45 MINUTES OF LOWER NEW YORK. ADDRESS 'E. L." P. O. BOX 822, CITY HALL STATION, NEW YORK CITY.

EXPORT TO MEXICO—Spaniard, 35, married, ex-member American Chamber of Commerce, Valparaiso, Chile, will shortly open office in Mexico City as manufacturers' representative and would like to act as agent for manufacturer of heavy chemicals and drugs. Have traveled for several years through Cuba and South America. Address, Spaniard, Box 292, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

FOR RENT—Fine, light office, over 400 square feet, modern office building, downtown; \$1,000 per year. Charles B. Chrystal Co., Inc., 11 Cliff St., New York City.

HELP WANTED

WANTED exceptionally well trained young chemist, with good school record, to take charge of laboratory in moderate size manufacturing plant in Buffalo, N. Y. Work is of an organic nature with control standards employing physical and colloidal chemistry. Must be energetic, serious-minded and highly systematic. Working conditions are pleasant and a good future is offered. Reply to 276, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS, stating salary expected, age, height, weight, previous experience, degree, school obtained, references. All correspondence treated confidential.

WANTED—Registered drug men who are desirous of making connections with a growing chain of stores who have some exceptional opportunities. Box 265, DRUG & CHEMICAL

WANTED—CHEMIST OR OPERATOR EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF PHOSPHORUS TRICHLORIDE AND OXY-CHLORIDE. In answering please write fully your experience and state salary desired. Here is a good opportunity for right party. A. B. 283, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

HELP WANTED

SALESMAN to sell a line of lacquers, enamels and celluloid colors. Give references. Address Box 284, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

SALESMAN traveling, who knows the essential oil, baker supply, and bottling trade. Must know these lines thoroughly. Answer stating age, experience, and other particulars. Box 270. DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

WANTED by large industrial corporation organic research chemist with M.A. or Ph.D. degree. No practical experience required. Box 285, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

WELL-KNOWN concern manufacturing and selling sizing and finishing compounds, will engage one or two men experienced in this line, preferably those having some mill acquaintance. Address your reply to Room 1007, 7 East 42nd Street, New York.

SITUATIONS WANTED

ORGANIC CHEMIST, with wide experience along pharmaceutical and biological products, cosmetic preparations, fine organic chemicals, as operator and research chemist, desires a position of responsibility. Box 263, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

SITUATION wanted by progressive and thoroughly trained wholesale drug man 38 years of age willing to go anywhere. Box 273, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

WANTED

Odd and Surplus Lots

Chemicals. Dyes, Drugs, Oils. Gums We Purchase Outright

Dye, Drug & Chemical Co. 105 JOHN STREET, NEW YORK Beekman 7563

NAPHTHALENE Ball - Flake - Crystals

The Chatfield Manufacturing Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio, U.S.A.

Eastern Representative:

CHAS. L. HUISKING, Inc., 5 Platt Street, New York City Phone: John 6186

Chicago Stock:

CLARENCE MORGAN & CO., 355 W. Ontario St., Chicago, III. Phone: Superior 8870-71-72

ACIDS

Muriatic Mixed Sulphuric

CONTACT PROCESS CO.

BUFFALO, N.Y.

STEEL TANKS

New and slightly used steel tanks in all sizes and kinds. Pressure tanks, mixing tanks, storage tanks, pump tanks, heating tanks, etc. Write for Bulletin No. 7, giving sizes and descriptions.

NASHVILLE INDUSTRIAL CORP. Jacksonville, Tennessee

Wants and Offers—The Marketplace of the - - Drug and Chemical Industries

SITUATIONS WANTED

CHEMIST, with research, plant, and analytical experience open for engagement in any of above capacities. Box 277, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER, 10 years American & European experience; executive with knowledge of business methods, explosives, heavy chemicals, dye intermediates. Address Box 281. DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

YOUNG competent chemist, one year's experience with large soap manufacturer, four years with large vegetable oil refinery, age twenty-five, B.S in chemistry, desirous of position offering opportunity of plant work. Address Box 291, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

GRADUATE Chemist (Cornell 1915). Executive. Thirty and married. Had seven years varied experience. Last five superintendent of plant. Desires position preferably on sales force and to act as consultant on plant problems. Address Box 290, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS

OFFER wanted for 20% Arseno Pyrite Ore carload lots F.O.B. Los Angeles, Calif. Wagner, Henkels & Daue, Liberty Trust Bldg., Phila., Pa.

OFFER—Ten tons Mexican Damiana Leaves loc per pound net cash on net weights ex dock Los Angeles. B. W. Osborn Company, 226 Higgins Bldg., Los Angeles, Calif.

OFFER quantity of Zinc Yellow, approximately 5,000 pounds. Submit offer to Box 274, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

DRUGS & CHEMICALS

FOR SALE—Sodium Salicylate, Sodium Bromide, Acetyl Salicylic Acid, all 5 grain tablets in bottles, standard makes, very low prices. Address Box 287, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

OFFER great quantities Spike Oil, Rosemary Oil, Uva-Ursi Leaves, Aniseed and other Spanish articles. Escribano Sons Company, Murcia, Spain.

FOR SALE: Calcium Sulphite (CaSO₃) in barrels, prime, 10c fb., Calcium Borate, barrels, 10c fb. Parex Mfg. Co., 30 Church St., N. Y. C.

OFFER WANTED for Strontium Carbonate and Sulfate Ores, Carload lots F.O.B. California. Wagner, Henkels & Daue, Liberty Trust Bldg., Phila., Pa.

FOR SALE: Methyl Violet Base, 1,000 lbs.— 75c per lb. Spirit Nigrosene, Blue Shade, 1,400 lbs., 35c per lb., both in stock, New York. Box No. 282, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

LUBRICANTS. CASTORBLEND OILS. Pure Vegetable Castor Oil blended with high grade petroleum lubricants combines their advantage ous qualities. For sale by Castor Oil Products Co., P. O. Box 758, Houstor, Texas.

OFFER, tank car lots Mixed Acid-79% Sulfuric, 24% Nitric. Cars only. Box 280 DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

PLANT EQUIPMENT

WANT, No. 1 Meade Mill or similar type. State condition and price. Box No. 278, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

PLANT EQUIPMENT

FOR SALE: 1-12 in. Ross Disintegrator Jacketed Pebble mills, 2 Phase motors and laboratory apparatus. Box No. 279, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

FOR SALE—4 Cypress Stave Tanks with agitators, and all gears and shafting complete-capacity 2,372 gallons each. Set up, never used—absolutely new. Were purchased for making Arsenate of Lead. Address Box 286, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

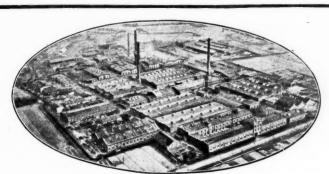
FOR SALE—A low voltage Connecticut Dynamo & Motor Co., 6 to 12 volt, 5,000 to 2,500 ampere, double commutator, used but one month, in guaranteed first class condition. Fields separately excited 110 volt DC. With this, copper buss bars, bent, shaped and bored for splice connections, of ample capacity for entire output plus 25% overload. Surplus equipment, and a good buy. Box 289, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.

MISCELLANEOUS

ASK THE Bureau of Employment of the Chemists' Club (Agency) 52 East 41st Street, New York City. If you need a chemist (man or woman) for the laboratory or works. If you wish a position for the practice of your profession. No charge to employers Moderate fee to applicants. Prof. Herbert R. Moody, Chairman Club Committee.

FOR SALE—Complete bound Sets Journal Soc. Chemical Industry, Journal Chemical Soc.— London, The Analyst-London, Chemical News, "Berichte" Vol. 1-4 (1868-71). Trans. Amer. Electro Chem. Soc. and others. Box 288, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS.





View taken from an airplane! in 1921

Founded in 1861

E. DE HAËN

ANTIMONY SALTS-65%

BARIUM SULFOCYANIDE

CHROMIUM FLUORIDE

MANGANESE ACETATE

MANGANESE OXIDE—HYDRATED

MAGNESIUM FLUOSILICATE

Sole Agents for the U.S.A.

Pfaltz Bauer, Inc.





Victor Chemical Works

Chicago

St. Louis

New York

Nashville

Manufacturers

of

PHOSPHATE OF SODA TRI SODIUM PHOSPHATE

EPSOM SALTS

Technical

U. S. P.

Ammonium Phosphate Baking Powder Chemicals

ACIDS-

Oxalic-

Formic-

(99.5% Pure)

(All strengths)

Phosphoric



COLUMBIA BRAND

Columbia Chemical Division,
Pittsburg Plate Glass Co., Barberton, Ohio

Caustic Soda

All Tests

Soda Ash

Dense-Light Granular if Desired

Sole Selling Agents

The Isaac Winkler & Bro. Co.

MEW YORK

FIRST NAT'L BANK BLDG.,

CINCINNATI



We Specialize in

ALKALIES

Soda Ash Caustic Soda Bicarbonate Soda

W. F. GEORGE CHEMICALS, INC.

Offic

42 Broadway, New York
Tel., Broad 5428

Warehouses New York Newark

Buyers' Guide

For full particulars as to products and addresses see Index of Advertisers on the page following.

HEAVY CHEMICALS

J. T. Baker Chemical Co.
Battelle & Renwick
Bowker Chemical Co.
Church & Dwight
The Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Co.
Commercial Solvents Corpn.
Contact Process Co.
Chas. Cooper & Co.
Chas. Cooper & Co.
Darco Sales Corp.
Diamond Alkali Co.
The Dow Chemical Co.
E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co.
Ellis Jackson & Co.
B. G. Ferjusson, Jr.
General Chemical Co.
Grasselli Chemical Co.
Grasselli Chemical Co.
R. W. F George Chemicals, Inc.
Wm. S. Gray & Co.
R. W. Greeff & Co.
Edward Hill's Son & Co.
Industrial Chemical Co.
Innis Speiden & Co.

International Salt Co.
Merchants Chemical Co.
Meteor Products Co.
Meteor Products Co.
Mathieson Alkali Works
The Miner-Edgar Co.
Monsanto Chemical Works
Clarence Morgan & Co.
Nichols Copper Co.
Pfaltz & Bauer
The Selden Co.
Roessler & Hasslacher Chem.
Semet Solvay Co.
E. M. Sergeant Co.
Solvay Process Co.
Stein Hall & Co.
Superfos Company
Thorkildsen-Mather Co.
U. S. Industrial Alcohol Co.
Victor Chemical Works
The Warner Chemical Co.
Wilckes-Martin-Wilckes Co.
Isaac Winkler & Bro. Co.
Jacques Wolf & Co.

FINE CHEMICALS

FINE CI
Baird & McGuire
J. T. Baker Chemical Co.
Bowker Chemical Co.
Carbide & Carbon Chem. Corp.
Chicago Starch Co.
Antoine Chiris Co.
Commercial Solvents Corp.
Charles Cooper & Co.
Darco Sales Corp.
J. E. Dockendorff & Co.
The Dow Chemical Co.
Electro Bleaching Gas Co.
El. G. Feinberg
E. Fougera & Co.
Grasselli Chemical Co.
Guasti-Finch Chem.
Co.
William S. Gray & Co.
R. W. Greeff & Co.
Albert H. Higbie
Hoffman-La Roche Chem. Wks.
Industrial Chemical Co.

Iose Lopez
Magnus, Mabee & Reynard, Inc.
Mallinckrodt Chemical Works
May & Baker
Meteor Products Co.
H. A. Metz & Co.
The Miner-Edgar Co.
Monsanto Chemical Works
Carence Morgan & Co.
N. Y. Quinine & Chem. Works
Perth Amboy Chem. Wks.
Pfaltz & Bauer
Powers-Weightman-Rosengarten
Roessler & Hasslacher Chem. Co.
Rhodia Chem. Co.
Chas. V. Sparhawk
Stein Hall & Co.
Superfos Company
Thorkildsen-Mather Co.
Ungerer & Co.
U. S. Industrial Chemical Co.
Victor Chemical Works
Wilckes-Martin-Wilckes Co.

DYESTUFFS

Calco Chemical Co.
Dow Chemical Co.
Dye Products & Chem. Co.
Essex Aniline Works
E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co.
Gary Chem. Co.
Gary Chem. Co.
Grasselli Chemical Co.
Heller & Merz Co.

H. A. Metz & Co.
National Aniline & Chemical
Co.
New Brunswick Chem. Co.
New Brunswick Chemical
Works
Pharma-Chemical Corp.
Southern Dyestuffs Co.
Stein Hall & Co.
Jacques Wolf & Co.

COAL TAR PRODUCTS

Abbott Laboratories
Baird & McGuire
The Barrett Co.
Calco Chemical Co.
Chatfield Mfg. Co.
Commonwealth Chemical Corp.
Essex Aniline Works
E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co.
Heller & Merz Co.

Jordan Coal Tar Products Co.
H. A. Metz & Company
Monsanto Chemical Works
National Aniline & Chemical
Co.
Newport Chemical Works
Protexol Corp.
Southern Dyestuffs Co.

Antoine Chiris Co. FATTY OILS
New Brunswick Chem. Co. Jacques Wolf & Co.

M. L. Barrett & Co. W. J. Bush & Co. Antoine Chiris Co. Delphi Products, Inc. J. E. Dockendorff & Co. Fritzsche Bros.

ESSENTIAL OILS

Magnus, Mabee & Reynard, Inc.
Morana, Incorporated
Clarence Morgan & Co.
Pfaltz & Bauer, Inc.
Chas. V. Sparhawk
Ungerer & Co.

CRUDE DRUGS
M. L. Barrett & Co.
W. J. Bush & Co.
E. Fougera & Co.
Hoffman-La Roche
Chem. Wks.
H. R. Lathrop & Co.
Jose Lopey.
Magnus, Mabee & Reynard, Inc.
Morana, Incorporated
Pfaltz & Bauer
Arthur Stallman & Co.

Buffalo Foundry & Machine Co.
The Chemical Age
Chemical Trade Journal

EQUIPMENT
Nashville Industrial Corp.
La Revue des Produits Chimiques
The Yakugyo Shuho

THE NEWPORT OUALITY

Coal Tar Products

We have stocks of the following products at Passaic, N. J., ready for immediate shipment:

Alpha Naphthylamine
Ortho Nitro Toluol
Ortho Toluidine
Para Toluidine
Sodium Naphthionate
N W Acid
R Salt
Cleves Acid
Para Nitro Toluol
Tolidine Base
Meta Phenylene Diamine
Meta Toluylene Diamine



Newport Chemical Works, Inc.
Passaic, New Jersey

ETHYL ACETATE

Quality

"Heads and Tails" are unknown to us. Our continuous process insures a constant percentage of ester, a close boiling range, and complete freedom from residual odor.

Rely on our quality.



U.S. INDUSTRIAL CHEMICAL CO.

Sales Offices:

BALTIMORE DETROIT
South Baltimore, Md. Union Trust Bldg. BOSTON 99 Broad Street

NEW ORLEANS 1008 Maison Blanche Bldg.

CHICAGO NEW YORK First Nat'l Bank Bldg. 27 William Street

CINCINNATI NEWARK
4609 Eastern Avenue 238 Wilson Avenue

U.S. Industrial Alcohol Co.

Executive Offices:

27 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK

Branch Sales Offices and Distributing

Warehouses

NEW YORK BALTIMORE PHILADELPHIA BOSTON

CHICAGO ST. LOUIS KANSAS CITY

PITTSBURGH CLEVELAND DETROIT NEW ORLEANS CINCINNATI

PEORIA

ST. PAUL

Index To Advertisers

Abbott Laboratories	177
Amecousema American Trading House	. 241
Baird & McGuire	243
J. T. Baker Chemical Co	. 233
The Barrett Co	. 136
M. L. Barrett Co.	243
Battelle & Renwick	
Bowker Chemical Co	250
Buffalo Foundry & Machine Co	200
W. J. Bush & Co4th co	over
Calco Chemical Co.	132
Carbide & Carbon Chemical Corp.	_
The Chatfield Mfg. Co.	250
The Chemical Age	255
The Chemical Age Chemical Trade Journal Chicago Starch Co. Antoine Chiris Co. Church & Dwight The Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Co. Commercial Solvents Corp. Contact Process Co. Charles Cooper & Co Darco Sales Corp. Delphi Products, Inc. Diamond Alkali Co. J. E. Dockendorff & Co. The Dow Chemical Co. E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., Lithopone, Pigments & Heavy Chemical Div. Intermediates Department Dye, Drug & Chemical Co. Dye Products & Chemical Co. Eastman Kodak Co. Elisi Jackson & Co. Electro Bleaching Gas Co. Ellis Jackson & Co. Ellis Jackson & Co. Essex Anline Works B. G. Feinberg Alex C. Fergusson, Jr.	127
Antoine Chiris Co.	244
Church & Dwight	184
Commercial Solvents Corp	190
Contact Process Co	250
Charles Cooper & Co	22
Delphi Products Inc.	240
Diamond Alkali Co	236
J. E. Dockendorff & Co.	235
The Dow Chemical Co.	195
Lithopone, Pigments & Heavy Chemical Div	198
Intermediates Department	234
Dye, Drug & Chemical Co	250
Fastman Kodak Co.	49
Electro Bleaching Gas Co.	223
Ellis Jackson & Co.	135
Essex Aniline Works	175
Alex C Fergusson Ir	114
E. Fougera & Co.	241
Fritzsche Bros	245
Gary Chemical Co	255
W. F. George Chemicals, Inc.	252
Grasselli Chemical Co	226
Dyestuffs Dept.	191
Ellis Jackson & Co. Essex Aniline Works B. G. Feinberg Alex C. Fergusson, Jr. E. Fougera & Co. Fritzsche Bros Gary Chemical Co. General Chemical Co. W. F. George Chemicals, Inc. Grasselli Chemical Co. Dyestuffs Dept. William S. Gray & Co. Guasti-Finch Chemical Co. Heller & Merz Co. Edward Hill's Son & Co. Edward Hill's Son & Co. Innis Speiden & Co. Innis Speiden & Co. International Salt Co. Jordan Coal Tar Products Co. H. R. Lathrop & Co. George H. Lincks. Inse Lopez	220
Guasti-Finch Chemical Co.	243
Heller & Merz Co	_
Edward Hill's Son & Co	228
The Indian & Eastern Druggist	111
Industrial Chem. Co	238
Innis Speiden & Co	232
International Salt Co	255
H. R. Lathrop & Co.	177
George H. Lincks	241
H. R. Lathrop & Co. George H. Lincks. Jose Lopez Magnus, Mabee & Reynard, Inc. Mallinckrodt Chemical Works Mathieson Alkali Works May & Baker Merchants Chemical Co. Meteor Products Co. H. A. Metz & Co.	246
Mallinghrodt Chemical Works	ver
Mathieson Alkali WorksIst co	ver
May & Baker	242
Merchants Chemical Co	242
H. A. Metz & Co.	196
The Miner-Edgar Co	230
Merchants Chemical Co. Meteor Products Co. H. A. Metz & Co. The Miner-Edgar Co. Monsanto Chemical Works Morana, Incorporated Clarence Morgan & Co. Nashville Industrial Corpn. National Aniline & Chemical Co. New Brunswick Chemical Co. Newport Chemical Works New York Quinine & Chemical Works New York Quinine & Chemical Works Nichols Copper Co.	245
Clarance Morgan & Co.	182
Nashville Industrial Corpn	250
National Aniline & Chemical Co4th co	243
New Brunswick Chemical Co.	253
New York Ouinine & Chemical Works	225
Perth Amboy Chemical Works	127
Pharma-Chemical Colp	251
Powers-Weightman-Rosengarten Co	225
Rhodia Chem. Co.	243
The Roessler & Hassiacher Chem. Co.	234
Semet-Solvay Co.	252
E. M. Sergeant Co	248
Solvay Process Co	240
Charles V. Sparhawk	183
Arthur Stallman & Co	243
Superfos Co	ver
Thorkildsen-Mather Co.	244
I S Industrial Chemical Co	254
U. S. Industrial Alcohol Co	-
Tistas Chamical Works	254
Victor Chemical Co	254 252 232
Wildres Martin Wilckes Co.	254 252 232 235
Wilckes-Martin-Wilckes Co. Wilckes-Martin-Wilckes Co.	254 252 232 232 225 237
Perth Amboy Chemical Works Pharma-Chemical Corp. Pfaltz & Bauer Powers-Weightman-Rosengarten Co. Rhodia Chem. Co. The Selden Co. Semet-Solvay Co. E. M. Sergeant Co. Solvay Process Co. Southern Dyestuffs Co. Charles V. Sparhawk Arthur Stallman & Co. Superfos Co Thorkildsen-Mather Co. U. S. Industrial Chemical Co. U. S. Industrial Alcohol Co. Victor Chemical Works The Warner Chemical Co. Wilckes-Martin-Wilckes Co. Wilckes-Martin-Wilckes Co. Wing & Evans Isaac Winkler & Bro. Co. Isaac Winkler & Bro. Co.	254 252 232 225 237 237 25 1 239

TRI- SODIUM PHOSPHATE
LIQUID PHOSPHORIC ACID PASTE

Get our Prices

BOWKER

CHEMICAL

COMPAN

49 CHAMBERS STREET

7 1 13 13 16 18 16 10 17 12 - 10 15 77444188600516555 844051819557514141555752611 27931 - 12931

NEW YORK

First Tyrolese Pine Oil Distillery UNTERWEGER BROTHERS

Thal-Assling, Tyrol, Austria

Oil Pine Pumilio U. S. P.

Oil Savin U. S. P.

Oil Juniper, twice rectified U.S.P. Tyrolat U.S.P.

DELPHI PRODUCTS

Chicago

Main 4762

New York Beekman 1514

The CHEMICAL AGE of London is more often quoted than any other similar paper in ENGLISH, AMERICAN and Foreign

Daily Newspapers

Weekly Bulletins

Technical and Trade Weeklies

Official Publications

The honor paid to The Chemical Age by these regular and frequent references serve to strengthen and enhance its reputation as the recognized authoritative publication covering the whole field of science, technology and chemistry.

Published every Saturday at 8 Bouverie Street, Fleet Street. Specimen copy gladly sent free.

TOLUOL INTERMEDIATES

Ortho Nitrotoluene Para Nitrotoluene Dinitrotoluene

Mixed Toluidine Ortho Toluidine Para Toluidine



GARY CHEMICAL CO. 738 BROADWAY GARY INDIANA Cresylic Acid

Pale and Dark

SHINGLE OILS
Genuine Distilled

CREOSOTE OILS

Jordan Coal Tar Products Co.
(Incorporated)

13 Cliff Street, New York

Telephone Beekman 1758

Oil Almonds Bitter

"S. P. A."

of exceptional fine quality Write for sample and price

W. J. BUSH & CO., Inc.

370 SEVENTH AVE., NEW YORK, N. Y.

Also at: 394 St. Paul St. W., Montreal

Beechwood Creosote Creosote U. S. P. Creosote Carbonate

Guaiacol Pure **Guaiacol Carbonate**

Correspondence Solicited

MALLINCKRODT CHEMICAL WORKS

St. Louis

New York



"National" Medicinal Products

Methylene Blue U.S.P.

Conforming in every particular to the requirements of the Pharmacopea.

Phenylhydrazine Base

Vacuum distilled.

Scarlet Red (Extra) Medicinal

Pure-Low ash content-High melting point.

Phenylhydrazine Hydrochloride

Technical and White Crystals.

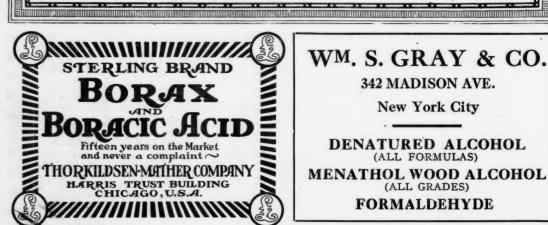
Special Absolute Pure Methyl Alcohol—Acetone Free

Quotations on Request

National Aniline and Chemical Co., Inc.

Pharmaceutical Division

40 Rector Street, New York



WM. S. GRAY & CO.

342 MADISON AVE.

New York City

DENATURED ALCOHOL

(ALL FORMULAS) MENATHOL WOOD ALCOHOL

(ALL GRADES)

FORMALDEHYDE

